# WORKERS' COMPENSATION APPEALS BOARD STATE OF CALIFORNIA

#### MIGUEL ANGEL DUENAS, Applicant

VS.

### L.A. DESSERTS INC dba THE IVY RESTURANT; EMPLOYERS INSURANCE COMPANY; ZENITH INSURANCE COMPANY, *Defendants*

Adjudication Numbers: ADJ8668714, ADJ8668277, ADJ8668276 Los Angeles District Office

# OPINION AND DECISION AFTER RECONSIDERATION

We previously granted reconsideration in order to study the factual and legal issues in this case. <sup>1</sup> This is our Opinion and Decision After Reconsideration.

We have considered the allegations of the Petition for Reconsideration and Removal and the contents of the report of the workers' compensation administrative law judge (WCJ) with respect thereto. Based on our review of the record and based upon the WCJ's analysis of the merits of the petitioner's arguments in the WCJ's report, we will vacate our order granting reconsideration, dismiss the petition as one for reconsideration, and deny the petition as one for removal.<sup>2</sup>

A petition for reconsideration may properly be taken only from a "final" order, decision, or award. (Lab. Code, §§ 5900(a), 5902, 5903.) A "final" order has been defined as one that either "determines any substantive right or liability of those involved in the case" (Rymer v. Hagler (1989) 211 Cal.App.3d 1171, 1180; Safeway Stores, Inc. v. Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd. (Pointer) (1980) 104 Cal.App.3d 528, 534-535 [45 Cal.Comp.Cases 410]; Kaiser Foundation Hospitals v.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Commissioner Sweeney, who was on the panel that issued this decision, no longer serves on the Appeals Board. Another panelist was appointed in her place. To the extent that we failed to list all three case numbers on this decision, we have now corrected that clerical error. (*Toccalino v. Worker's Comp. Appeals Bd.* (1982) 128 Cal.App.3d 543, 558 [47 Cal.Comp.Cases 145].)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> We have also considered the Answer filed by applicant and the supplemental pleadings filed by defendant. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 8, § 10964.)

Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd. (Kramer) (1978) 82 Cal.App.3d 39, 45 [43 Cal.Comp.Cases 661]) or determines a "threshold" issue that is fundamental to the claim for benefits. (Maranian v. Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd. (2000) 81 Cal.App.4th 1068, 1070, 1075 [65 Cal.Comp.Cases 650].) Interlocutory procedural or evidentiary decisions, entered in the midst of the workers' compensation proceedings, are not considered "final" orders. (Id. at p. 1075 ["interim orders, which do not decide a threshold issue, such as intermediate procedural or evidentiary decisions, are not 'final' "]; Rymer, supra, at p. 1180 ["[t]he term ['final'] does not include intermediate procedural orders or discovery orders"]; Kramer, supra, at p. 45 ["[t]he term ['final'] does not include intermediate procedural orders regarding evidence, discovery, trial setting, venue, or similar issues.

Here, the WCJ's decision solely resolves an intermediate procedural or evidentiary issue or issues. The decision does not determine any substantive right or liability and does not determine a threshold issue. Accordingly, it is not a "final" decision, and the petition will be dismissed to the extent it seeks reconsideration.

We now consider the petition as one for removal. Removal is an extraordinary remedy rarely exercised by the Appeals Board. (*Cortez v. Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd.* (2006) 136 Cal.App.4th 596, 599, fn. 5 [71 Cal.Comp.Cases 155]; *Kleemann v. Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd.* (2005) 127 Cal.App.4th 274, 280, fn. 2 [70 Cal.Comp.Cases 133].) The Appeals Board will grant removal only if the petitioner shows that substantial prejudice or irreparable harm will result if removal is not granted. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 8, § 10955(a); see also *Cortez, supra*; *Kleemann, supra*.) Also, the petitioner must demonstrate that reconsideration will not be an adequate remedy if a final decision adverse to the petitioner ultimately issues. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 8, § 10955(a).) Here, based on the discussion as set forth by the WCJ in his report, we are not persuaded that substantial prejudice or irreparable harm will result if removal is denied and/or that reconsideration will not be an adequate remedy if the matter ultimately proceeds to a final decision adverse to petitioner.

Therefore, we vacate our order granting reconsideration, dismiss the petition for reconsideration, and deny the petition for removal.

For the foregoing reasons,

**IT IS ORDERED** as the Decision After Reconsideration of the Workers' Compensation Appeals Board that the Opinion and Order Granting Petition for Reconsideration issued by the Workers' Compensation Appeals Board on November 30, 2022, is **VACATED**.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that the Petition for Reconsideration of the Order issued by the WCJ on September 16, 2022, is **DISMISSED**.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Petition for Removal of the Order issued by the WCJ on September 16, 2022, is **DENIED**.

#### WORKERS' COMPENSATION APPEALS BOARD

#### /s/ ANNE SCHMITZ, DEPUTY COMMISSIONER

I CONCUR,

#### /s/ JOSEPH V. CAPURRO, COMMISSONER

## /s/ KATHERINE WILLIAMS DODD, COMMISSIONER



DATED AND FILED AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

July 3, 2023

SERVICE MADE ON THE ABOVE DATE ON THE PERSONS LISTED BELOW AT THEIR ADDRESSES SHOWN ON THE CURRENT OFFICIAL ADDRESS RECORD.

MIGUEL ANGEL DUENAS
LAW OFFICES OF RAMIN R. YOUNESSI
WENDEROFF LAW GROUP, APC (PRIOR COUNSEL FOR ZENITH)
MICHAEL SULLIVAN & ASSOCIATES LLP (PRESENT COUNSEL FOR ZENITH)
TOBIN LUCKS, LLP (COUNSEL FOR EMPLOYERS)

AS/mc

I certify that I affixed the official seal of the Workers' Compensation Appeals Board to this original decision on this date. *mc*