

TEXT OF PROPOSED REGULATIONS

CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS TITLE 8. INDUSTRIAL REALATIONS

SECTION 1512 OF THE CONSTRUCTION SAFETY ORDERS AND SECTION 3400 OF THE GENERAL INDUSTRY SAFETY ORDERS

This document uses strikeout and underline to specify text changes. If using assistive technology, please adjust your settings to recognize underline, strikeout and ellipsis.

Legend:

*Text in single underline is proposed new text.

*Text in ~~single-strikeout~~ is deleted text.

Subchapter 4. Construction Safety Orders Article 3. General

Amend Section 1512 as follows:

§1512. Emergency Medical Services and First Aid.

(a) Provision of Services. Where more than one employer is involved in a single construction project on a given construction site, each employer is responsible to ensure the availability of emergency medical services for its employees. The employers on the project may agree to ensure employee access to emergency medical services for the combined work force present at the job site. Such an emergency medical service program shall be adequate to service the combined work force present, but only one emergency medical program need be established at such site.

(b) Appropriately Trained Person. Each employer shall ensure the availability of a suitable number of appropriately trained persons to render first aid. Where more than one employer is involved in a single construction project on a given construction site, the employers may form a pool of appropriately trained persons. However, such pool shall be large enough to service the combined work forces of such employers.

EXCEPTION: Engineering contractors or service providers on a job site not engaged in construction activity (e.g., operation of tools, equipment or machinery directly associated with construction) that are in compliance with the requirements of ~~§~~section 3400(b) of the General Industry Safety Orders.

(c) First-Aid Kit.

(1) Every employer working on or furnishing personnel on a construction project, on line crews and on other short duration or transient jobs shall provide at least one first-aid kit in a weatherproof container.

(2) The employer contents of the first-aid kit shall be inspected regularly shall check the contents of each first-aid kit when it is put into service to ensure that the any expended items are promptly replaced.

(3) The contents of the first-aid kit shall be arranged to be quickly found and remain sanitary. First-aid dressings shall be sterile in individually sealed packages for each item.

(4) The location of each first-aid kit shall be communicated to employees, and to the extent practicable, shall be clearly indicated, using signage, labeling, or other means, to ensure reasonable visibility in the jobsite.

(5) Based upon the location(s) of employees and the types and severity of occupational hazards at the jobsite, the employer shall evaluate the need for, and shall provide, a sufficient number of first-aid kits. First-aid kits shall be readily available for use by employees.

(6) The minimum types and quantities of materials in first-aid kits first-aid supplies shall either:

(A) Bbe determined by an employer-authorized, licensed physician or other licensed health care professional (PLHCP), as defined in section 5144, or;

(B) Sshall meet the requirements of Table 1 of this section, which conforms with the requirements for Class A first-aid kits specified within the American National Standards Institute (ANSI)/International Safety Equipment Association (ISEA) Z308.1-2021, American National Standard for Minimum Requirements for Workplace First-Aid Kits and Supplies, in accordance with the following Table:

<i>Supplies for First Aid</i>	<i>Type of Supply Required by Number of Employees</i>			
Dressings in adequate quantities consisting of:	1-5	6-15	16-200	over 200
1. Adhesive dressings	X	X	X	X
2. Adhesive tape rolls, 1-inch wide	X	X	X	X
3. Eye dressing packet	X	X	X	X
4. 1-inch gauze bandage roll or compress		X	X	X
5. 2-inch gauze bandage roll or compress	X	X	X	X
6. 4-inch gauze bandage roll or compress		X	X	X
7. Sterile gauze pads, 2-inch square	X	X	X	X
8. Sterile gauze pads, 4-inch square	X	X	X	X
9. Sterile surgical pads suitable for pressure dressings			X	X
10. Triangular bandages	X	X	X	X
11. Safety pins	X	X	X	X
12. Tweezers and scissors	X	X	X	X
* Additional equipment in adequate quantities consisting of:				
13. Cotton-tipped applicators			X	X
14. Forceps			X	X
15. Emesis basin			X	X
16. Flashlight			X	X
17. Magnifying glass			X	X
18. Portable oxygen and its breathing equipment				X
19. Tongue depressors				X
Appropriate record forms	X	X	X	X
Up-to-date 'standard' or 'advanced' first aid textbook, manual or equivalent	X	X	X	X

*To be readily available but not necessarily within the first-aid kit.

Table 1: Minimum Requirements for First-Aid Kits

<u>First-Aid Supply (Minimum Size or Volume)</u>	<u>Minimum Quantity</u>
<u>Adhesive bandage, 1 x 3 in. (2.5 x 7.5 cm)</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>Adhesive tape, 2.5 yd (2.3 m) total</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Antibiotic application, 1/57 oz (0.5 g)</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>Antiseptic, 1/57 oz (0.5 g)</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>Breathing barrier*</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Burn dressing (gel soaked), 4 x 4 in. (10 x 10 cm)</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Burn treatment, 1/32 oz (0.9 g)</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>Cold pack**, 4 x 5 in. (10 x 12.5 cm)</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Eye covering w/means of attachment, 2.9 sq. in. (19 sq. cm)</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>Eye/skin wash, 1 fluid oz (29.6 ml) total</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>First-aid guide***</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Foil blanket, 52 x 84 in. (132 x 213 cm)</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Hand sanitizer, 1/32 oz (0.9 g)</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>Medical exam gloves</u>	<u>2 pair</u>
<u>Roller bandage, 2 in. x 4 yd (5 cm x 3.66 m)</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Scissors****</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Sterile pad, 3 x 3 in. (7.5 x 7.5 cm)</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>Trauma pad, 5 x 9 in. (12.7 x 22.9 cm)</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>Triangular bandage, 40 x 40 x 56 in. (101 x 101 x 142 cm)</u>	<u>1</u>

* In accordance with ANSI/ISEA Z308.1-2021, the breathing barrier shall be a single use, disposable medical device listed with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and have a current 510(k) designation under U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 21, Part 807 for the purpose of delivering ventilations by a responder to a non-breathing victim (e.g., rescue breaths or CPR ventilations). The device shall provide protection from direct contact with bodily fluids by means of its construction, as approved by the FDA. Each barrier shall be packaged in an easily opened container, clearly labeled with the name of the device, together with comprehensive instructions and/or illustrations for use.

** In accordance with ANSI/ISEA Z308.1-2021, each cold pack shall reach a temperature between 20 and 40°F (-6 and 4°C) within 10 seconds of activation and shall maintain this temperature for a period of at least 10 minutes. Cold packs shall activate under normal hand pressure and shall not leak under normal conditions of use.

*** Topics included in the first-aid guide shall consist of those listed in Appendix A of this section, which complies with Appendix A in ANSI/ISEA Z308.1-2021, or shall be determined by the PLHCP. First-aid guides developed by the employer-authorized PLHCP shall be provided in a language understood by employees. Employers are not required to train employees on the contents of the first-aid guide. First-aid training

requirements are described in subsection (b).

**** In accordance with ANSI/ISEA Z308.1-2021, scissors shall be autoclavable, at least 3.5 in. long (8.9 cm), capable of cutting through clothing, feature a blunt end to protect a person from accidental injury, and of medical professional quality.

~~(2) Other supplies and equipment, when provided, shall be in accordance with the documented recommendations of an employer-authorized, licensed physician upon consideration of the extent and type of emergency care to be given based upon the anticipated incidence and nature of injuries and illnesses and availability of transportation to medical care.~~

~~(3) Drugs, antiseptics, eye irrigation solutions, inhalants, medicines, or proprietary preparations shall not be included in first-aid kits unless specifically approved, in writing, by an employer-authorized, licensed physician.~~

(7) Where the hazard assessment or the employer-authorized PLHCP identifies any unique, reasonably anticipated, and potentially serious workplace hazards, the employer shall provide additional, specialized first-aid items suitable for those hazards.

(8) Whenever first-aid materials for the treatment of chemical injuries are included in first-aid kits, the requirements of subsection 5194(h)(2)(E) for training on emergency procedures apply.

(i) Written Plan. The employer shall have a written plan to provide emergency medical services. The plan shall specify the means of implementing all applicable requirements in this section. When employers form a combined emergency medical services program with appropriately trained persons, one written plan will be considered acceptable to comply with the intent of this subsection.

~~NOTE: The provisions of Section 1512 are not intended to exclude immediate treatment of minor injuries which do not require the services of a physician.~~

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 142.3, Labor Code. Reference: Section 142.3, Labor Code.

APPENDIX A

CONTENTS OF THE FIRST-AID GUIDE (ANSI/ISEA Z308.1-2021)

<u>Emergency steps of assessing the scene and person, calling 9-1-1 or location emergency number</u>
<u>Establishing responsiveness</u>
<u>Establishing and maintaining an open and clear airway</u>
<u>Performing rescue breathing</u>
<u>Treating airway obstruction in a conscious victim</u>
<u>Performing CPR</u>
<u>Using an AED</u>
<u>Recognizing the signs and symptoms of shock and providing first aid for shock from illness or injury</u>
<u>Assessing and treating a victim who has an unexplained change in level of consciousness or sudden illness</u>
<u>Methods of controlling bleeding, including direct pressure and tourniquet</u>
<u>Poisoning</u>
<u>Responding to medical emergencies</u> <u>Chest pain</u> <u>Stroke</u> <u>Breathing problems</u> <u>Anaphylactic shock and allergic reaction</u> <u>Hypoglycemia in diabetics taking insulin</u> <u>Seizures</u> <u>Reduced level of consciousness</u> <u>Impaled object</u>
<u>Wounds</u> <u>Assessment of and first aid for wounds, including abrasions, cuts, lacerations, punctures, avulsions, amputations and crush injuries</u> <u>Principles of wound care, including infection precautions</u> <u>Principles of body substance isolation, universal precautions and use of PPE</u>
<u>Burns</u> <u>Assessment of the severity of a burn, including extent (size) and depth</u> <u>Recognizing whether a burn is thermal, electrical or chemical, or caused by sun exposure and the appropriate first aid</u>

<u>Temperature extremes</u> <u>Exposure to cold, including frostbite and hypothermia</u> <u>Exposure to heat, including heat cramps, heat exhaustion and heat stroke</u>
<u>Musculoskeletal injuries</u> <u>Fractures</u> <u>Sprains, strains, contusions and cramps</u> <u>Head, neck, back and spinal injuries</u>
<u>Eye injuries</u>
<u>Mouth and teeth injuries</u> <u>Oral injuries, lip and tongue injuries, broken and missing teeth</u>
<u>Bites and stings</u> <u>Human and animal bites</u> <u>Bites and stings from insects; instruction in first aid treatment for anaphylaxis</u>

Subchapter 7. General Industry Safety Orders
Group 2. Safe Practices and Personal Protection
Article 10. Personal Safety Devices and Safeguards

Amend Section 3400 as follows:

§3400. Emergency Medical Services and First Aid.

(a) Employers shall ensure the ready availability of medical personnel for advice and consultation on matters of industrial health or injury.

(b) In the absence of an infirmary, clinic, or hospital, in near proximity to the workplace, which is used for the treatment of all injured employees, a person or persons shall be adequately trained to render first aid. Training shall be equal to that of the American Red Cross or the Mine Safety and Health Administration.

(c) Employers shall evaluate the need for first-aid materials and shall ensure that there are adequate quantities and types of first-aid materials, approved by the consulting physician, readily available for employees at or on every worksite job. Such materials shall be kept in a sanitary and usable condition. A frequent inspection shall be made of all first-aid materials, which shall be replenished as necessary.

(1) Based upon the location(s) of employees and the types and severity of occupational hazards at the worksite, the employer shall evaluate the need for, and shall provide, a

sufficient number of first-aid kits. First-aid kits shall be readily available for use by employees.

(2) The location of each first-aid kit shall be communicated to employees, and to the extent practicable, shall be clearly indicated, using signage, labeling, or other means, to ensure reasonable visibility in the workplace.

(3) The minimum types and quantities of materials in first-aid kits shall either:

(A) Comply with the requirements of Table 1 of this section, which conforms with the minimum requirements for Class A first-aid kits specified within the American National Standards Institute (ANSI)/International Safety Equipment Association (ISEA) Z308.1-2021 American National Standard for Minimum Requirements for Workplace First-Aid Kits and Supplies, or;

(B) Shall be determined by an employer-authorized physician or other licensed health care professional (PLHCP), as defined in section 5144.

Table 1: Minimum Requirements for First-Aid Kits

<u>First-Aid Supplies (Minimum Size or Volume)</u>	<u>Minimum Quantity</u>
<u>Adhesive bandage, 1 x 3 in. (2.5 x 7.5 cm)</u>	<u>16</u>
<u>Adhesive tape, 2.5 yd (2.3 m) total</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Antibiotic application, 1/57 oz (0.5 g)</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>Antiseptic, 1/57 oz (0.5 g)</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>Breathing barrier*</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Burn dressing (gel soaked), 4 x 4 in. (10 x 10 cm)</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Burn treatment, 1/32 oz (0.9 g)</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>Cold pack**, 4 x 5 in. (10 x 12.5 cm)</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Eye covering w/means of attachment, 2.9 sq. in. (19 sq. cm)</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>Eye/skin wash, 1 fluid oz (29.6 ml) total</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>First-aid guide***</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Foil blanket, 52 x 84 in. (132 x 213 cm)</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Hand sanitizer, 1/32 oz (0.9 g)</u>	<u>10</u>
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*** Topics included in the first-aid guide shall consist of those listed in Appendix A of this standard, which complies with Appendix A of ANSI/ISEA Z308.1-2021, or shall be determined by the PLHCP. First-aid guides developed by the employer-authorized PLHCP shall be provided in a language understood by employees. Employers are not required to train employees on the contents of the first-aid guide. First-aid training requirements are described in subsection (b).

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(4) Where the hazard assessment or the employer-authorized PLHCP identifies any unique, reasonably anticipated, and potentially serious workplace hazards, the employer shall provide additional, specialized first-aid items suitable for those hazards.

(5) Whenever first-aid materials for the treatment of chemical injuries are included in first-aid kits, the requirements of subsection 5194(h)(2)(E) for training on emergency procedures apply.

(f) Effective provisions shall be made in advance for prompt medical treatment in the event of serious injury or illness. This shall be accomplished by one or a combination of the following that will avoid unnecessary delay in treatment:

(1) A communication system for contacting a ~~doctor~~ PLHCP or emergency medical service, such as access to 911 or equivalent telephone system. The communication system or employees using the system shall have the ability to direct emergency services to the location of the injured or ill employee.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 142.3, Labor Code. Reference: Section 142.3, Labor Code

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