QME
COMPETENCY EXAMINATION FOR ACUPUNCTURISTS

INFORMATION BOOKLET

Prepared for the Division of Workers’ Compensation Medical Unit

BY

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CODE OF ETHICAL CONDUCT

The standards presented below are intended to guide Qualified Medical Evaluators in their relationships with the individuals they serve: injured workers; employers; claims administrators and workers' representatives; colleagues in the health professions; the public; and all levels of government, including the judiciary. They are listed here for reference purposes because of the importance of ethical conduct in all aspects of the workers' compensation system.

In the delivery of QME services, one should:

1. Accord the highest priority to the health and safety of individuals in both the workplace and the environment;

2. Practice on a scientific basis with integrity and strive to acquire and maintain adequate knowledge and expertise upon which to render professional service;

3. Relate honestly and ethically in all professional relationships;

4. Keep confidential all individual medical information, releasing such information only when required by law or overriding public health considerations, or to other physicians according to accepted medical practice, or to others at the request of the individual;

5. Recognize that employers may be entitled to counsel about an individual's medical work fitness, but not to diagnoses or specific details, except in compliance with laws and regulations. In the case of a workers’ compensation claim in California the employer is entitled to the diagnosis of the mental or physical condition for which workers’ compensation is claimed and the treatment for this condition, as well as medical information necessary for the employer to modify the employee's work duties (Lab. Code § 3762(c));

6. Communicate to individuals and/or groups any significant observations and recommendations concerning their health or safety.

With the exception of the text above shown in italics, the remaining text was taken from the Standards Adopted on October 25, 1993, by the Board of Directors of the American College of Occupational and Environmental Medicine.
PURPOSE OF THE INFORMATION BOOKLET

The purpose of this booklet is to help candidates prepare for the State of California Certification Examination prior to appointment as a Qualified Medical Evaluator (QME). Adequate preparation for the examination can increase your mastery of the QME test objectives and the probability of passing. Included in this manual is a description of test objectives and the tasks performed by a QME. Also included are sample questions from the four QME competency areas and a list of essential terms. It is intended that this Information Booklet and the list of required references will assist you in your study for the examination.

Background

The primary purpose of this examination is to demonstrate the competence of a physician in evaluating medical issues in the workers' compensation system and to evaluate competency with respect to current California Workers' Compensation System terminology, laws, rules, regulations, and medical-legal procedures. The examination is designed to ensure that there is a commonly understood body of knowledge and common language for QMEs which will increase the probability of ratable and impartial medical/legal evaluations of injured workers in California.
OVERVIEW OF THE QME OCCUPATIONAL ANALYSIS SURVEY

In order to ensure that the QME examination was relevant to the actual tasks of a QME, CPS HR\(^1\) staff met with more than 45 California QME subject matter experts (SMEs) in December 2001 to determine and define the major responsibility areas, related tasks, and relevant knowledge and skills relating to the work of QMEs. Based on legislative changes in effect January 1, 2005, an update to this analysis was performed on February 1, 2006, by the Division of Workers’ Compensation.

Based on the survey findings the test questions are now organized into four categories:

I. **Clinical Assessment/Evaluation and Medical Treatment**

II. **Disability Issues as relevant to the practice of the QME* / QIW / Vouchers / P&S**

III. **Causation and Apportionment**

IV. **Basic Laws and Regulations and Report Writing Elements**

*Relevant to the practice of Acupuncturist QMEs

These four areas are further described in Tables I-IV.

The QME survey results indicated all four competency areas are rated as important and expected at the time of appointment or certification. Some test questions may cover more than one of these competency areas. For Acupuncturist QMEs, it was determined that certain concepts under Disability Issues (Apportionment and Disability Evaluation of Permanent and Stationary (P&S) status) were inappropriate to measure and are excluded from the Acupuncture QME test.

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\(^1\) Since 1994, CPS HR Consulting (CPS HR) has developed a test item bank of over 1,300 relevant examination questions. CPS HR is a joint-powers government agency headquartered in Sacramento. CPS HR has been providing occupational test development and administration, as well as personnel consulting services, to state and local government entities for more than 60 years.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Table I. Clinical Assessment/Evaluation and Medical Treatment</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tasks</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Obtain history of injury/illness</td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Perform an appropriate clinical examination</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Formulate/confirm diagnosis</td>
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<td>4. Identify and document present subjective complaints or symptoms</td>
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<tr>
<td>5. Take history of previous and subsequent injuries and treatment</td>
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<td>6. Take appropriate personal history based upon the type of injury</td>
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<tr>
<td>7. Assess activities of daily living</td>
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<tr>
<td>8. Obtain appropriate general medical history (injury/illness specific)</td>
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<td>9. Perform relevant diagnostic testing when indicated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Take history of related medical treatment that may impact the occupational illness/injury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Obtain comprehensive occupational history</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Obtain/review description of job duties/activities</td>
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<tr>
<td>13. Review medical records and other documents as necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Determine need for future medical treatment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Evaluate the role of each physician and non-physician in providing treatment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Knowledge and Skills</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Knowledge of the appropriate clinical examination and relevant diagnostic testing (e.g., MTUS, AMA Guides, Packard Thurber); skill in formulating and confirming a diagnosis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Skill in obtaining a complete medical history</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Skill in obtaining the history of the mechanics of injury and/or exposure that caused the disability or need for medical treatment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Skill in obtaining and developing a chronology/timeline of incident/injury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Skill in reviewing and integrating relevant records</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Skill in obtaining current and prior employment history</td>
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<tr>
<td>7. Skill in obtaining the activities of daily living</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Knowledge of the reasonable and necessary treatment to cure or relieve the effects of the injury or illness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Knowledge of reasonable and necessary treatment of non-industrial underlying conditions required to treat the industrial injury or illness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Knowledge of physician and non-physician health provider’s appropriate scope of practice and the definition of ‘physician’ in the Labor Code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Knowledge of Administrative Director’s Guidelines, the presumption applied to treatment consistent with the MTUS, and utilization schedule (e.g., MTUS and other pertinent guidelines) and the utilization review process</td>
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Table II. Disability Issues/QIW/Vouchers/P&S

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tasks</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Determine when the injury or injuries became P&amp;S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Determine the physical limitations for an alternate or modified work</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Evaluate multiple injuries</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Review and interpret the job description or job analysis</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Knowledge and Skills</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Knowledge of the definition and application of P&amp;S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Knowledge of the difference between temporary and permanent, total and partial disability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Skill in determining when the injured worker has reached P&amp;S status with respect to each injury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Knowledge of the difference between impairment and disability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Knowledge of when the AMA Guides are applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Knowledge of the general principles of the AMA (American Medical Association) Guides</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Skill in articulating reasoning process in reaching conclusions</td>
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Table III. Causation and Apportionment

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<th>Tasks</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Determine whether the employee’s permanent/temporary disability or need for medical treatment was caused, aggravated, or accelerated by an incident or conditions related to the employment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Identify statutorily presumptive injuries (e.g., heart disease in police officers)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Identify if there are specific or cumulative injuries</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Knowledge and Skills</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Skill in determining if there was one or more injuries by obtaining a complete history and reviewing reports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Skill in determining if the mechanism of injury is consistent with the diagnosis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Skill in determining if the mechanics of injury and/or exposure caused the disability or need for medical treatment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Knowledge of the difference between an aggravation and an exacerbation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Knowledge of non-industrial and industrial risk factors and their relationship to cumulative/repetitive injury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Knowledge of the risks of employment and the concept of injury arising out of and occurring in course of employment (AOE/COE)</td>
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### Table VI. Basic Laws and Regulations and Report Writing Elements

#### Tasks

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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Produce medical-legal reports that constitute substantial evidence in Workers’ Compensation cases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Comply with DWC ethics regulations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Comply with DWC medical-legal evaluation protocols or AMA Guides</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Comply with face-to-face time requirements of a written report according to DWC regulations</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Comply with applicable regulations and statutes relating to the medical-legal process</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Comply with timeframe guidelines for service of report</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Maintain medical-legal report records</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Determine when and which QME forms are to be filed and served</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Understand the role of the treating physician including their reporting requirements and the report’s impact on the medical-legal process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Understand the QME selection process; comply with regulations related to additional medical evaluations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Comply with ex parte communication laws and regulations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Identify all information received and reviewed in preparation of report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Ensure all requirements of Labor Code sections 4620-4628 and 139.3 (e.g., responsibilities of physicians signing medical-legal reports) are met</td>
</tr>
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#### Knowledge and Skills

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Knowledge of the issues the QME may need to address in the report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Knowledge that the standard of proof for medical opinions in workers’ compensation cases is a reasonable medical probability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Basic knowledge of the California Workers’ Compensation system and procedures</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Knowledge of the role of the primary treating physician</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Knowledge of acceptable behavior of QMEs in conducting the examination</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Knowledge of actions that may constitute potential conflicts of interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Knowledge of reporting requirements for treating physicians</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Knowledge of the appropriate circumstances for requesting panel QMEs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Knowledge of how the parties acquire and determine qualified medical evaluations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Skill in discussing in medical-legal report all applicable items under CCR 10606 (e.g., history, patient’s complaints, reasons for opinion)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Knowledge of required elements of Labor Code sections 139.3 and 4620-4628 and the associated recording requirements, including that the physician must write the report under penalty of perjury</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: QME candidates must learn regulations that are time specific. Some questions may look the same but have different "best answers" because of different time specifications relevant to the date of injury.
TYPES OF TEST ITEMS

The items may be one of three basic formats: the direct question, the internal blank, and the incomplete sentence.

Direct Question Format

The employee who has designated a personal physician may change personal physicians how often prior to an injury?

a. never  
**b. at any time**  
c. within 30 days  
d. within 45 days

Internal Blank Format

All QMEs are required to take___________of QME continuing education courses in order to be re-appointed as a QME.

a. 10 hours per year  
b. 16 hours every two years  
c. **12 hours within the previous two years**  
d. 24 hours per year

Incomplete Sentence Format

A medical-legal cost is defined as a cost for

a. medical care rendered in an uncontested case.  
b. services provided to the employer for documentation and review.  
c. services provided by the adjudication unit for medical-legal expenses.  
d. **specified services incurred to prove or disprove a contested case.**
Some items may assess the ability to understand a complex provision of the Labor Code or other document, or to correctly identify or complete important QME forms, which are included in Appendix C of this information booklet. Other items may assess the ability to read and understand a case history or scenario, the basis for which might be drawn in general terms from any medical specialty (e.g., psychology or podiatry). However, specialty knowledge will not be needed to provide the best answer to a test question. All questions measure general workers’ compensation concepts rather than knowledge of a particular medical specialty.

Test item writers were also trained to write test questions at three basic cognitive levels:

I. **Items that require Recalling, Recognizing, Identifying**

   These items may ask for nomenclature, facts, procedures, or principles and are either "what" or "how" type of items.

II. **Items that require Defining, Comparing, Associating or Classifying**

   These items may ask for operating principles or analysis and are "why" type of items.

III. **Items that require Explaining, Predicting, Interpreting**

   These items may ask for prediction, complete theory or evaluation and are "what will happen" or "evaluation" items.

There is a suggested reference list in Appendix B of this information booklet. The trained QME test item writers are instructed to write questions about California Workers' Compensation System's terminology, laws, and regulations. In addition, they are asked to write general questions about disability evaluation, medical opinion, and medical-legal reports that are not specific to any one physician group. Many questions on the test are California-specific and may include test content on new regulations that are on the reference list.

Item writers are cautioned to avoid writing questions that measure trivial knowledge and skills (e.g., questions that require that candidates memorize Labor Code section numbers, QME Form numbers).
Example of item measuring trivial Knowledge and Skills

1. The definition of a medical-legal cost is found in which California Labor Code section?

   a. 139
   b. 3208.3
   c. 4061
   d. 4622

Example of item measuring important or critical Knowledge and Skills

1. The Labor Code defines a medical-legal cost as a cost for

   a. medical care rendered in an uncontested case.
   b. services provided to the employer for documentation and review.
   c. services provided by the adjudication unit for medical-legal expenses.
   d. specified services incurred to prove or disprove a contested case.
QME EXAMINATION CONTENT

The QME Certification Examination measures the four QME competency areas previously mentioned and shown below in Table I.

Table I.

QME EXAMINATION COMPETENCY AREAS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Competency Area</th>
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<tr>
<td>I. Clinical Assessment/Evaluation and Medical Treatment</td>
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</tr>
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<td>IV. Basic Laws and Regulations and Report Writing Elements</td>
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</table>

Due to the need for strict security, multiple forms of the QME competency test contain different sets of test questions. Although the test questions may vary, they are written to match the test specifications in this booklet.

QME EXAMINATION REVIEW PROCEDURES

Pre-Test Review Process

A panel of QME Subject Matter Experts reviews possible test questions to eliminate those that are trivial, overly specialized, or at an improper difficulty level. After the pre-test review panel meets, CPS HR consultants assemble the acceptable test items into an examination.

Post-Test Review Process

Testing specialists review the statistical performance of each test item to ensure it is functioning within appropriate psychometric standards. A panel of testing specialists and subject matter experts reviews any questionable items as well as any candidate comments received by the time of the panel meetings.
Setting the Pass Rate for Exams

The level of difficulty of each question is rated by panels of subject matter experts using the Angoff method. In this process, subject matter experts provide a rating of what percentage of minimally competent test takers would answer each test item correctly. Ratings are averaged across raters to determine an average Angoff rating for each item to be included on the test. The passing score is the average Angoff value of all items on the test.

SPECIFIC STRATEGIES FOR QME EXAMINATION PREPARATION

Following are suggestions to help you study for your California QME Competency Examination.

☑️ Understand the test specifications.
Review the four QME competency areas listed in Table I. These areas form the basis for questions from the Physician's Guide and/or any other listed reference material.

☑️ Read the reference material.
Candidates should review the other relevant reference material listed in Appendix B of this booklet. Physicians should refer to these references in the list, in addition to this manual, to prepare for the test. It is recommended that the physician spend some time studying the material, especially new material that has evolved from the 2004 and 2012 workers’ compensation reforms. Read and understand the Physician's Guide, relevant sections of which will be covered in the test. Although you will need to master other chapters to write QME reports, pay particular attention to chapters 1, 2, and 18 of the AMA Guides when studying for the test.

☑️ Do not memorize trivial information.
QME item writers have been asked not to ask trivial questions from the sources (such as dates, Labor Code section numbers, or QME form numbers). A list of common acronyms and form numbers and names is available during the exam.

☑️ Understand workers' compensation terminology and concepts that are both general and California-specific.
Candidates should assess their understanding of relevant terms found in the glossary in the Physician's Guide. Also, refer to the QME test specifications to identify important workers' compensation terminology.
QME tests do not measure specialty practice knowledge.
Candidates will not be asked any questions that assess specific knowledge of medical treatment (e.g., psychology, orthopedics). However, candidates should be familiar with the existence of the DWC evaluation guidelines and AMA Guides.

Understand relevant California Labor Code sections and regulations that are listed in this booklet.
The laws and regulations listed in Appendix A, page 29, and relevant information from the Physician's Guide or recently enacted legislation.

Focus on learning basic concepts rather than on trying to memorize test questions someone has guessed may be on the test.
It is not a good strategy to spend time memorizing large groups of test questions; test items will be drawn from a computerized item bank of over 1,300 questions (enabling CPS HR to generate different test forms for each test). Time will be best spent mastering the relevant Labor Code sections, rules, regulations and other concepts in the general workers' compensation field.

Consider whether a review course will be of help.
Most courses will help a candidate gain more knowledge of the medical-legal report process, and workers' compensation terminology, new laws, and regulations. Courses that are designed for continuing education credit and approved by the DWC may or may not specifically assist candidates to prepare for this examination, depending on how closely an instructor focuses on the body of knowledge in the QME test specifications derived from the validation survey. Candidates should be cautious of any courses that imply coverage of the content of any QME written test (other than what is included in this booklet), or which guarantee students will pass the test. CPS HR will not use subject matter experts who teach review courses or training courses in the test item writing or review process.

Some examinees are anxious about taking tests and may benefit from simulating the test-taking situation with a practice examination.
Candidates for whom this is true should focus on gaining practice in test taking under timed conditions rather than on memorizing questions and answers. After practice, candidates should assess their level of knowledge and list the principles and/or information of which additional review is needed to assure mastery of the relevant knowledge, skills, and terms.
GENERAL HINTS FOR TAKING THE WRITTEN TEST

Remember, the basic format for this test is the *multiple-choice with four distinct alternatives, using the "best of the four answers" approach*. Test item writers and pre- and post-test reviewers are instructed that there should be one *best* answer that is clearly correct based upon the assigned references.

- **The questions are not designed to be trick questions and only one answer will be scored as correct.**
  CPS HR and the DWC go to great lengths to ensure the quality of the exam. However, the post-test review of test item statistics and candidate comments might suggest that there could be two correct responses for a test item. If the post-test review panel concurs, both of the indicated answers would be scored correctly, or the item may be deleted from scoring.

- **Candidate scores on this test will be based only on the number of items answered correctly.**
  It is a good idea to guess on answers to questions when unsure of the correct answer because there is *no additional penalty for guessing*. If you are unsure of a test item during the exam, click the "Flag for Review" button on the screen to return to it later if time permits. Do not get distracted during the test itself so that valuable time is not lost.

- **Read each question carefully, making sure that you understand it before answering it.**
  Interpret words according to their generally accepted meanings.

- **Watch the time carefully during the test. The total test time will not exceed three hours.**
  The time is set so that the majority of candidates will finish the test. Establish time markers (e.g., you need to finish 1/4 of the test items in 1/4 of the time). You can monitor the time remaining during the exam on the exam screen. Mobile phones, stopwatches, smart watches, watches with audible timers, desk timers, and desk clocks are not permitted for any purposes.
INFORMATION ABOUT THE TEST ADMINISTRATION PROCESS

Ask questions if there is something you do not understand about the process, but be aware that the proctor cannot answer questions about test content or interpret words. **You may not bring an interpreter to the test.**

The examination is administered by CPS HR’s partner, *Pearson VUE*, at one of their several convenient test centers. After candidates submit a completed original Application for Appointment as Qualified Medical Evaluator (QME Form 100) and a completed Registration Form (QME Form 102), candidates will be eligible to schedule themselves for their exam via the Internet. Candidates will receive an **Authorization to Test** notification via email from Pearson VUE on behalf of CPS HR that includes instructions for scheduling an exam appointment. Candidates will be instructed to create an online account and select a preferred date, time, and location to test. After scheduling the examination, candidates will receive a confirmation email with appointment details.

Once the exam reservation has been confirmed by Pearson VUE, candidates may cancel or reschedule until **48 hours in advance** of their exam date and time. Candidates who are not present for their scheduled time or do not cancel or reschedule **at least 48 hours** prior to their exam date and time will be considered No Shows and will forfeit their exam fee. Please note that candidates may use the automated system 24 hours a day to cancel and reschedule their appointment.

Candidates will be asked to read and acknowledge the DWC’s Exam Security Agreement during the registration process. Candidates must agree to the security requirements to be allowed to test. During the check-in process at the test site, candidates will also be required to review and acknowledge Pearson VUE’s Candidate Rules Agreement.

*Note:* Candidates requiring a special accommodation **MUST** make the request during the application process.

Click [here](#) to watch a video on what to expect in a Pearson VUE test center.
CPS HR EXAM PROTOCOL FOR QUALIFIED MEDICAL EVALUATORS

The examination will be given by computer at a Pearson VUE testing center. You do not need any computer experience or typing skills to take your examination. Before you start the examination, you will receive an introduction to the testing system.

Candidates should plan to arrive **30 minutes prior** to their scheduled appointment time. This will give candidates the adequate time to complete the necessary sign-in process. If candidates arrive more than 30 minutes late to the appointment, candidates may be refused admission and exam fees may be forfeited.

Personal items are not allowed in the testing room. Candidates must store all personal items in the lockers at the testing center or return them to their vehicles. A candidate who refuses to store personal items will be unable to test and lose their exam fee. All electronic devices must be turned off before storing them in the designated secure area. Below is a general list of personal items **NOT** allowed in the testing room.

- Mobile phones, hand-held computers, watches, or other electronic devices
- Wallets, purses, briefcases, or bags
- Hats (and other non-religious head coverings), coats, jackets, scarves, or eyeglass cases
- Pens or pencils
- Firearms or other weapons

Only comfort aids that do not require pre-approval will be allowed in the testing room after visual inspection by the Test Center staff. Click [here](#) to review the list of pre-approved comfort aids allowed in the testing room.

Candidates are required to present two forms of original (no photocopies), valid (unexpired) IDs; one form as a primary ID (government-issued with name, photo, and signature) and one form as a secondary ID (with at least name and signature, or name and recent recognizable photo). The first and last name used to register **must match exactly** the first and last name on the ID that is presented on test day. All required IDs must be issued by the country in which candidates are testing. If candidates do not have a qualifying primary ID issued from the country they are testing in, an International Travel Passport from their country of citizenship is required, along with a secondary ID.
EXAMINATION PROTEST AND APPEAL PROCESS

Informal Item Protests

Do not get bogged down during the test process for a problem with one test item. If you feel that an item is problematic, type a comment in the indicated area of the exam screen stating your concern.

CPS HR uses extensive quality control measures to ensure a reliable test, including pre- and post-test panel reviews by subject matter experts in your field, in addition to state-of-the-art computerized scoring and item analysis techniques. Submitted comments will be reviewed by CPS HR during the post-test review. When there are multiple complaints on an item or a single complaint seems significant or corroborated with various test item statistics, this information is specifically called to the attention of the experts during the post-test review panel. This panel has the authority to take action before the scoring key is finalized and notices sent to candidates. On occasion, a review panel may find it necessary to double key or delete a small portion of test items on even the most reliable test. Typically, no more than 3-5 percent of the test items are considered problematic enough for deletions.

Formal Appeal Process

Per state regulations, formal appeals will only be accepted immediately after a candidate has completed the examination and until 10 calendar days after the date of the examination results letter. Appeals will only be accepted for the current examination period. Grounds for appeal are:

A. Significant procedural error in the examination process
B. Discrimination
C. Bias or Fraud

Any appeals should be submitted in writing to the Administrative Director of the DWC-MU and should state the reasons for the appeal. Appeals received by the DWC-MU will be logged and referred to the DWC Appeals Committee in order to respond to the appellant within 30 days from receipt. If the appeal is not granted, DWC will assist the candidate in getting on the next test schedule.
ACUPUNCTURE QME CERTIFICATION SAMPLE TEST QUESTIONS

Sample questions in this section are intended only as examples of the various item types and difficulty levels that may be included for the seven competency areas.

1. Which information is not essential to determine industrial aggravation of a chronic pre-existing medical condition?
   a. An understanding of industrial risk factors for the condition.
   b. An understanding of the natural history of the condition.
   c. A chronological listing of all diagnostic data.
   d. A chronological history of symptoms and functional limitations.

2. When reviewing medical records, the QME should
   a. assume the information in the record is correct.
   b. review and summarize all medical information present.
   c. review and summarize only information regarding the specific injury.
   d. review all the records and summarize all information relevant to disputed issues.

3. The employer must pay for medical treatment of any non-industrial condition that prevents
   a. full evaluation of disability and impairment factors.
   b. full implementation of necessary medical care for the industrial injury.
   c. the injured worker from career advancement opportunities.
   d. the injured worker from qualifying for vocational rehabilitation.

4. The Labor Code allows a QME to perform which action?
   a. advertise one's services in a legal journal
   b. establish a referral service for injured workers
   c. refer to an outside diagnostic center and accept part of the fee
   d. offer tickets to sporting events to an attorney for referral of patients
5. In a cumulative injury or occupational illness, the DOI is the date that the employee
   a. first noticed pain.
   b. first started the activity that lead to the injury.
   c. first realized that there was a work related disability.
   d. submitted the claim form.

6. Under the Labor Code, which situation listed would be defined as a compensable
   injury?
   a. intentionally self-inflicted wounds
   b. an injury during a carjacking on the way to work
   c. any work-related aggravation of a pre-existing physical or mental condition
   d. any fight or altercation in which the employee is the "initial physical
      aggressor"

7. When examining an injured worker with a low back injury who was found to be
   permanent and stationary on October 12, 2004, the examination must include
   a. ankle girth.
   b. sensation with a pinwheel.
   c. a test of maximal strength in lifting from floor to waist height.
   d. the distance that the finger tips miss the floor on forward flexion.

8. If no extension has been requested, the QME has_______days from the date of the
   QME examination, performed in the year 2012 to serve the report.
   a. 15
   b. 30
   c. 45
   d. 60

9. When taking the history of the injury, the QME should ask
   a. how the patient gets to work.
   b. how much the employee has lost in wages.
   c. the employee’s family members’ work history.
   d. what occurred immediately following the injury.
10. All medical-legal reports submitted by a QME are required to contain
   a. the physician's updated curriculum vitae.
   b. photocopies of pertinent medical records.
   c. workplace and job assessment of the patient.
   d. a statement that the QME has not violated the Labor Code pertaining to an illegal referral.

11. To present your findings on a clinical examination for an injury in 2005, it is correct to use the
   a. current medical insurance guidelines.
   c. AMA Guidelines for the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment.
   d. Evaluation of Industrial Disability by Packard Thurber.

12. The primary role of the QME is to provide
   a. permanent disability ratings.
   b. consultation with the treating physician.
   c. medical opinions that are used to resolve work-related injury disputes.
   d. current medical treatment for injured workers paid for by the employer.

13. Face to face time includes the time the
   a. patient spends with the historian.
   b. patient spends in filling out the pre-evaluation report.
   c. physician spends in performing blood tests and taking x-rays.
   d. physician spends in taking the history and performing the physical examination.

14. Medical-legal report writing should include
   a. a specific or differential diagnosis.
   b. a summary of all non-industrial symptoms.
   c. a theory on the pathogenesis of the illness or injury.
   d. the factors that rule out the cause of the illness or injury.
15. It is mandatory to include in your report
   a. a declaration of at least one page.
   b. an abbreviation of the declaration.
   c. the declaration in its entirety.
   d. the important portions of the declaration.

16. A QME or an AME evaluation is performed if the employer or the employee
   a. accepts the cost of all prior evaluations.
   b. accepts the treating physician’s disability evaluation.
   c. disagrees on the projected cost of medical treatment.
   d. disagrees with the treating physician’s disability evaluation.
## Answer Key to Sample Questions

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LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix

(A) California Labor Code and Regulation References

(B) Suggested References for QME Competency Examination

Forms Commonly Used by Physicians in Workers' Compensation
APPENDIX A

CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE AND REGULATION REFERENCES

What You Need to Know about the California Labor Codes and other QME Regulations

Labor Code sections relevant to QMEs (Labor Code sections 139.2, 139.3, 139.31, 4060–4068, 4610.5)

Codes or regulations described in the Physician's Guide

Time frames for disability evaluations depending upon when the injury occurred and when the first report was written.

Knowledge of the following current laws and regulations is required:

- Regulations related to QME Advertising (8 Cal. Code of Regs. §§ 150-159)
- Use of Self-referrals (Labor Code §§ 139.3, 139.31, 8 Cal. Code of Regs. § 29)
- Use of QME ethics standards (8 Cal. Code of Regs. §§ 40-41.7)
- Use of regulations concerning the timely service and retention of Reports (8 Cal. Code of Regs. §§ 36-38, 39.5)
- Use of AMA Guides (Labor Code § 4660, 8 Cal. Code of Regs. § 35.5)
- Use of pertinent treatment guidelines (MTUS) (8 Cal. Code of Regs. §§ 9792.20 – 9792.26)
What You Do NOT Need to Know about the California Labor Codes and Regulations

You do not need to memorize California Labor Code section numbers. Information about the Labor Codes will not be included unless related to test specifications or discussed in the Physician's Guide.

The following regulations will not be covered in your QME examination:

QME Specialty Evaluation Guidelines (e.g., psychiatric, neuromusculo-skeletal, cardiology, pulmonary and immunologic testing)

New regulations recently released by the State unless they are listed on the reference list or included with the version of Matthew Bender on the reference list.
APPENDIX B

SUGGESTED LIST OF REFERENCES

Workers’ Compensation Laws of California. 2013 Edition. Matthew Bender & Co., Inc. (To place an order: 1-800-223-1940; approximately $77.00, product # 840). Especially sections: 139.2, 139.3, 139.31, 4060, 4061, 4062, 4600, 4628 or any referenced previously in Appendix B.

Information is available through the DWC’s website: www.dwc.ca.gov

Workers’ Compensation Laws are also available through DWC’s website available at no charge online at:
http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displayexpandedbranch.xhtml?tocCode=LAB&division=4.&title=&part=&chapter=&article

QME Regulations effective January 2013
Title 8 of the California Code of Regulations, Sections 1 through 159 Available at no charge online at: http://www.dir.ca.gov/samples/search/querydwc.htm

Medical Treatment Utilization Schedule (MTUS)
Title 8 of the California Code of Regulations, Sections 9792.20 – 9792.26, (including the appendices for chronic pain medical treatment guidelines, postsurgical treatment guidelines) Available at no charge online at: http://www.dir.ca.gov/t8/ch4_5sb1a5_5_2.html

AMA Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment, Fifth Ed. AMA Press, American Medical Association
515 N. State Street Chicago, IL 60610
1-800-621-8335


California Department of Industrial Relations, Division of Workers’ Compensation
http://www.dir.ca.gov/dwc/MedicalUnit/toc.pdf

Occupational Medicine Practice Guidelines
Second Ed. OEM Press
American College of Occupational and Environmental Medicine
8 West Street
Beverly Farms, Massachusetts 01915 1-800-533-8046
1-978-921-7300
www.oempress.com
Since the California Labor Code currently places limits on acupuncturists with respect to actual disability evaluation, some material in the Physician's Guide and other references may not be relevant, especially information about apportionment, temporary and permanent disability, and objective and subjective factors of disability. Acupuncturists should understand basic terminology even for disability evaluation concepts and understand concepts about pain. Some relevant responsibilities will be measured dealing with Evaluating Permanent and Stationary Status, and Treatment and Future Medical Care with Justification.
APPENDIX C

Forms Commonly Used by Physicians in Workers' Compensation

**DIRECTIONS:** The following forms are listed for your reference.

**QME FORMS** (revised as of February 2009)
- Application for Appointment as Qualified Medical Evaluator (DWC Form 100)
- Registration for QME Competency Examination (Form 102)
- Denial of Time Extension (DWC Form 113)
- Injured Worker Information (DWC Form 12203A)
- Notice of Late QME Report – No Extension Required (DWC Form 116)
- QME Notice of Unavailability (DWC Form 109)
- QME Appointment Notification Form (DWC Form 110)
- Qualified Medical Evaluator’s Findings Summary (DWC Form 111)
- QME and AME Time Frame Extension Request (DWC Form 112)
- QME Fee Assessment (DWC Form 103)
- Request for Qualified Medical Evaluator Unrepresented (DWC Form 105)
- Request for Qualified Medical Evaluator Represented (DWC Form 106)

**DWC FORMS**
- Employee’s Claim for Workers’ Compensation Benefits (DWC Form 1)
- Employer’s Report of Occupational Injury or Illness (DWC Form 5020)
- Employee’s Permanent Disability Questionnaire (DEU Form 100)
- Doctor’s First Report of Occupational Injury or Illness (DWC Form 5021)
- Request for Summary Rating Determination (DEU Form 101)
- Treating Physician’s Report of Disability Status (DWC Form RU-90)

**WCAB FORMS**
- Proof of Service
- Declaration of Readiness (DOR)
This information booklet was originally prepared in May 1994 and is periodically revised by CPS HR Consulting (CPS HR) through a contract between the California Division of Workers’ Compensation and CPS HR Consulting, a governmental agency located in Sacramento, California.

This manual may be reprinted without permission.

Please acknowledge CPS HR and the Division of Workers’ Compensation.

Send test appeals to:

Attn: Administrative Director
Division of Workers' Compensation-Medical Unit
P.O. Box 71010
Oakland, CA 94612

Applications for the QME test are processed by:

DWC Medical Unit
State of California
Division of Workers’ Compensation
P.O. BOX 71010
Oakland, CA 94612
Phone: (800) 794-6900

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