

Case Number:	CM15-0077251		
Date Assigned:	04/28/2015	Date of Injury:	06/22/2011
Decision Date:	05/28/2015	UR Denial Date:	04/04/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	04/22/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:

State(s) of Licensure: Iowa, Illinois, Hawaii

Certification(s)/Specialty: Preventive Medicine, Occupational Medicine, Public Health & General Preventive Medicine

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 46 year old female, who sustained an industrial injury on 06/22/2011. The injured worker is currently diagnosed as having history of herniated disc at L4-5 with left sided L5 radiculopathy status post discectomy. Treatment and diagnostics to date has included lumbar spine MRI, lumbar surgery, injections, physical therapy, and medications. In a progress note dated 12/22/2014, the injured worker presented with complaints of lower back pain with pain radiating down the left lower extremity. The treating physician reported requesting authorization for Percocet.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Percocet 10/325mg #90: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Opioids Page(s): 74-96. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) Low Back - Lumbar & Thoracic (Acute & Chronic), Opioids.

Decision rationale: Percocet (oxycodone with acetaminophen) is a short-acting opioid. Chronic pain guidelines and ODG do not recommend opioid "except for short use for severe cases, not to exceed 2 weeks" and "Routine long-term opioid therapy is not recommended, and ODG recommends consideration of a one-month limit on opioids for new chronic non-malignant pain patients in most cases, as there is little research to support use. The research available does not support overall general effectiveness and indicates numerous adverse effects with long-term use. The latter includes the risk of ongoing psychological dependence with difficulty weaning". Medical documents indicate that the patient has been on Percocet for several months, in excess of the recommended 2-week limit. Additionally, indications for when opioids should be discontinued include "If there is no overall improvement in function, unless there are extenuating circumstances". The treating physician does not document extenuating circumstances as to why the patient should continue on this medication. As such, the request for Percocet 10/325mg #90 is not medically necessary.