

Case Number:	CM15-0077054		
Date Assigned:	04/28/2015	Date of Injury:	08/04/2010
Decision Date:	05/26/2015	UR Denial Date:	04/14/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	04/22/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:

State(s) of Licensure: North Carolina

Certification(s)/Specialty: Family Practice

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 51 year old male, who sustained an industrial injury on 8/4/2010. He reported right foot injury. The injured worker was diagnosed as having plantar fasciitis, neuropathy of heel, and edema. Treatment to date has included medications, TENS, and injections. The request is for trial of H-wave unit. Several pages of the medical records are handwritten and difficult to decipher. On 10/29/2014, he complained of continued heel and arch pain of the right foot. The treatment plan included: Terocin and Lidocaine patches, and Lidocaine injection. The records indicate TENS unit did not work for him.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Trial of H-wave unit 30 days lumbar spine: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Page(s): 117.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines H wave Page(s): 117.

Decision rationale: The California chronic pain medical treatment guidelines section on H-wave stimulation therapy states: H-wave stimulation (HWT) Not recommended as an isolated intervention, but a one-month home-based trial of H Wave stimulation may be considered as a noninvasive conservative option for diabetic neuropathic pain (Julka, 1998) (Kumar, 1997) (Kumar, 1998), or chronic soft tissue inflammation if used as an adjunct to a program of evidence-based functional restoration, and only following failure of initially recommended conservative care, including recommended physical therapy (i.e., exercise) and medications, plus transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation (TENS). In a recent retrospective study suggesting effectiveness of the H-wave device, the patient selection criteria included a physician documented diagnosis of chronic soft-tissue injury or neuropathic pain in an upper or lower extremity or the spine that was unresponsive to conventional therapy, including physical therapy, medications, and TENS. (Blum, 2006) (Blum 2, 2006) There is no evidence that H-Wave is more effective as an initial treatment when compared to TENS for analgesic effects. A randomized controlled trial comparing analgesic effects of H wave therapy and TENS on pain threshold found that there were no differences between the different modalities or HWT frequencies. (McDowell 2, 1999) [Note: This may be a different device than the H-Wave approved for use in the US.] The request is for a one month trial of H wave therapy but there is no indication of use being an adjunct to a program of evidence based functional restoration. Therefore the request is not medically necessary.