MAXIMUS Federal Services

Case Number:	CM15-0061223		
Date Assigned:	04/07/2015	Date of Injury:	08/05/2002
Decision Date:	05/06/2015	UR Denial Date:	03/20/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	03/31/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:
State(s) of Licensure: California
Certification(s)/Specialty: Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 52-year-old male, who sustained an industrial injury on 08/05/2002. On provider visit dated 03/06/2015 the injured worker has reported neck pain and low back pain. On examination of the lumbar spine revealed tenderness to palpation and a decreased range of motion. The diagnoses have included lumbosacral sprain with radicular symptoms and lumbar spine multilevel disc herniation's at L1-L2, L2-L3, L3-L4, L4-L5 and L5-S1. Treatment to date has included MRI in 2013, acupuncture, physical therapy, chiropractic treatment, injections, epidurals, laboratory studies and medication. The provider requested MRI of lumbar spine.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

MRI of the Lumbar Spine: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS ACOEM Chapter 12 Low Back Complaints Page(s): Chapter 12- Low Back Complaints, Imaging, pages 303-304.

Decision rationale: Per ACOEM Treatment Guidelines for the Lower Back Disorders, Criteria for ordering imaging studies include Emergence of a red flag; Physiologic evidence of tissue insult or neurologic dysfunction; Failure to progress in a strengthening program intended to avoid surgery; Clarification of the anatomy prior to an invasive procedure, none identified here. Physiologic evidence may be in the form of definitive neurologic findings on physical examination and electrodiagnostic studies. Unequivocal findings that identify specific nerve compromise on the neurologic examination are sufficient evidence to warrant imaging studies if symptoms persist; however, review of submitted medical reports for this chronic injury have not adequately demonstrated the indication for repeating the MRI of the Lumbar spine nor document any specific changed clinical findings of neurological deficits, progressive deterioration, or acute red-flag findings to support repeating this imaging study. The patient exhibits continued chronic low back pain with unchanged clinical findings. When the neurologic examination is less clear, further physiologic evidence of nerve dysfunction can be obtained before ordering an imaging study. The MRI of the Lumbar Spine is not medically necessary and appropriate.