

Case Number:	CM15-0040352		
Date Assigned:	04/09/2015	Date of Injury:	09/01/2011
Decision Date:	05/29/2015	UR Denial Date:	01/30/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	03/03/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:

State(s) of Licensure: California

Certification(s)/Specialty: Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 64-year-old female, with a reported date of injury of 09/01/2011. The diagnoses include cervical sprain and lumbar sprain/strain. Treatments to date have included physical therapy, Soma, chiropractic treatment, acupuncture, x-rays of the neck, ThermaCare heat pads, and Fiorinal. The medical report dated 01/22/2015 indicates that the injured worker complained of intermittent pain in the neck with associated spasms, with radiating pain to her head and left shoulder. She rated the neck pain 8 out of 10. The injured worker also complained of intermittent pain in the low back, which was rated 8 out of 10. It was noted that the injured worker received physical therapy approximately four to five months prior and was currently experiencing gradual worsening of symptoms again. The physical examination showed spasm in the cervical and lumbar paraspinal muscles, tenderness to palpation of the cervical and lumbar paraspinal muscles, restricted cervical and lumbar range of motion, and negative bilateral sitting straight leg raise test. The treating physician requested physical therapy for the neck and low back.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Physical Therapy 3 x 4 weeks for the Neck and Low Back: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Physical Medicine Page(s): 98-99.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Physical Therapy Page(s): 98-99.

Decision rationale: Physical therapy is considered medically necessary when the services require the judgment, knowledge, and skills of a qualified physical therapist due to the complexity and sophistication of the therapy and the physical condition of the patient. However, there is no clear measurable evidence of progress with the PT treatment already rendered including milestones of increased ROM, strength, and functional capacity. Review of submitted physician reports show no evidence of functional benefit, unchanged chronic symptom complaints, clinical findings, and functional status. There is no evidence documenting functional baseline with clear goals to be reached and the patient striving to reach those goals. The Chronic Pain Guidelines allow for 9-10 visits of physical therapy with fading of treatment to an independent self-directed home program. It appears the employee has received significant therapy sessions without demonstrated evidence of functional improvement to allow for additional therapy treatments. There is no report of acute flare-up, new injuries, or change in symptom or clinical findings to support for formal PT in a patient that has been instructed on a home exercise program for this chronic injury. Submitted reports have not adequately demonstrated the indication to support further physical therapy when prior treatment rendered has not resulted in any functional benefit. The Physical Therapy 3 x 4 weeks for the Neck and Low Back is not medically necessary and appropriate.