

Case Number:	CM15-0129832		
Date Assigned:	07/22/2015	Date of Injury:	12/30/2013
Decision Date:	08/19/2015	UR Denial Date:	06/19/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	07/06/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:
 State(s) of Licensure: California, Indiana, Oregon
 Certification(s)/Specialty: Orthopedic Surgery

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

This 53 year old woman sustained an industrial injury on 12/30/2013. The mechanism of injury is not detailed. Evaluations include a right shoulder MR arthrogram dated 5/21/2015. Diagnoses include myoligamentous sprain/strain, status post right shoulder arthroscopy with debridement and rotator cuff repair, and recurrent rotator cuff tear. Treatment has included oral medications and physical therapy. Physician notes dated 5/26/2015 show complaints of right shoulder pain and weakness. Recommendations include further surgical intervention with post-operative physical therapy and Percocet, continue activity as tolerated, and follow up in four weeks.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Right shoulder Arthroscopy with revision rotator cuff repair: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS ACOEM Chapter 9 Shoulder Complaints.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not base their decision on the MTUS. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) shoulder and Other Medical Treatment Guidelines Goutallier, Daniel, et al. "Influence of cuff muscle fatty degeneration on anatomic and functional outcomes after simple suture of full-thickness tears." Journal of shoulder and elbow surgery 12.6 (2003): 550-554.

Decision rationale: According to the CA MTUS/ACOEM Shoulder Chapter, page 209-210, surgical considerations for the shoulder include failure of four months of activity modification and existence of a surgical lesion. In addition, the guidelines recommend surgery consideration for a clear clinical and imaging evidence of a lesion shown to benefit from surgical repair. The ODG Shoulder section, surgery for rotator cuff repair, recommends 3-6 months of conservative care with a painful arc on exam from 90-130 degrees and night pain. There also must be weak or absent abduction with tenderness and impingement signs on exam. Finally, there must be evidence of temporary relief from anesthetic pain injection and imaging evidence of deficit in rotator cuff. The results of revision rotator cuff repair are inferior to those of primary repair. While pain relief may be achieved in most patients, selection criteria should include patients with an intact deltoid origin, good-quality rotator cuff tissue, preoperative elevation above the horizontal, and only one prior procedure. Fatty infiltration in any of the muscles of the rotator cuff lowers the success of the repair in any of the muscles (Goutallier, 2003). In this case, there has already been a revision and the rotator cuff has high-grade fat atrophy on the MRI. Based on this, the request is not medically necessary.

Associates Surgical Services: surgical assistant: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not base their decision on the MTUS. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) shoulder.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

Associates Surgical Services: CBC, CMP: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not base their decision on the MTUS. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) shoulder.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

Associates Surgical Services: EKG: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not base their decision on the MTUS. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) shoulder.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

Post operative physical therapy 2 times 12: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not base their decision on the MTUS. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) shoulder.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

DME; Post operative cold therapy unit times 7 days: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not base their decision on the MTUS. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) shoulder.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

Associates Surgical Services: ARC Brace: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not base their decision on the MTUS. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) shoulder.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.