

Case Number:	CM15-0128640		
Date Assigned:	07/16/2015	Date of Injury:	04/11/1991
Decision Date:	08/11/2015	UR Denial Date:	06/11/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	07/06/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:

State(s) of Licensure: Iowa, Illinois, Hawaii

Certification(s)/Specialty: Preventive Medicine, Occupational Medicine, Public Health & General Preventive Medicine

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 67 year old male patient who sustained an industrial injury on 06/11/2015. A pain management follow up visit dated 08/07/2012 reported the patient with subjective complaint of chronic pain. The impression found the patient with failed cervical spine surgery; cervical radiculopathy, cervical spondylolisthesis, neuropathic pain, Opioid dependence, and chronic pain syndrome. The plan of care noted the patient starting Meloxicam again and was prescribed: Gabapentin, Avinza, and Lortab. A recent primary treating office visit dated 06/01/2015 reported treating diagnoses of failed neck syndrome, cervicgia with cervical spondylosis, cervical spondylolisthesis, and myofascial pain, insomnia without apnea, opioid dependence, chronic pain syndrome, left knee pain, and anxiety/depression. There was no change in the subjective or objective data.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

2 Prescriptions of Norco 10/325 MG #150 (2nd Prescription to be Filled 6/29/15): Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Opioids.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Opioids Page(s): 74-96. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) Neck and Upper Back (Acute and Chronic), Opioids, Pain.

Decision rationale: ODG does not recommend the use of opioids for neck pain except for short use for severe cases, not to exceed 2 weeks. The patient has exceeded the 2 week recommended treatment length for opioid usage. MTUS does not discourage use of opioids past 2 weeks, but does state that ongoing review and documentation of pain relief, functional status, appropriate medication use, and side effects. Pain assessment should include: current pain; the least reported pain over the period since last assessment; average pain; intensity of pain after taking the opioid; how long it takes for pain relief; and how long pain relief lasts. Satisfactory response to treatment may be indicated by the patient's decreased pain, increased level of function, or improved quality of life. The treating physician does not fully document the least reported pain over the period since last assessment, intensity of pain after taking opioid, pain relief, increased level of function, or improved quality of life. As such, the request for 2 Prescriptions of Norco 10/325 MG #150 (2nd Prescription to be Filled 6/29/15) is not medically necessary.

2 Prescriptions of Norco 10/325 MG #90 (2nd Prescription to be Filled 6/29/15): Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Opioids.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Opioids Page(s): 74-96. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) Neck and Upper Back (Acute and Chronic), Opioids, Pain.

Decision rationale: ODG does not recommend the use of opioids for neck pain except for short use for severe cases, not to exceed 2 weeks. The patient has exceeded the 2 week recommended treatment length for opioid usage. MTUS does not discourage use of opioids past 2 weeks, but does state that ongoing review and documentation of pain relief, functional status, appropriate medication use, and side effects. Pain assessment should include: current pain; the least reported pain over the period since last assessment; average pain; intensity of pain after taking the opioid; how long it takes for pain relief; and how long pain relief lasts. Satisfactory response to treatment may be indicated by the patient's decreased pain, increased level of function, or improved quality of life. The treating physician does not fully document the least reported pain over the period since last assessment, intensity of pain after taking opioid, pain relief, increased level of function, or improved quality of life. As such, the request for 2 Prescriptions of Norco 10/325 MG #150 (2nd Prescription to be Filled 6/29/15) is not medically necessary.