

<b>Case Number:</b>	CM15-0123234		
<b>Date Assigned:</b>	07/09/2015	<b>Date of Injury:</b>	11/11/2014
<b>Decision Date:</b>	08/05/2015	<b>UR Denial Date:</b>	06/19/2015
<b>Priority:</b>	Standard	<b>Application Received:</b>	06/25/2015

### HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:

State(s) of Licensure: California

Certification(s)/Specialty: Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation

### CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 52-year-old female who sustained an industrial injury on 11/11/14. She reported neck and upper back pain. Her diagnoses include sprain/strain cervical spine, sprain/strain thoracic spine, muscle spasms, and myalgia. Treatments to date include physical therapy and thermotherapy. Diagnostic tests include radiographic imaging. Currently, the injured worker complains of painful, tight upper back and neck with spasms; it is slightly better. Physical therapy reevaluation reports she has been doing better; pain levels have been decreasing and her mobility is increasing. Treating physicians' plan of care includes extension of physical therapy 2 times a week for 3 weeks for the cervical spine, thoracic spine and bilateral shoulders. The injured worker is under work restrictions. Date of Utilization Review: 06/19/15.

### IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

**Additional physical therapy 2 times a week for 3 weeks for the cervical spine, thoracic spine and bilateral shoulders: Upheld**

**Claims Administrator guideline:** Decision based on MTUS ACOEM Chapter 2 General Approach to Initial Assessment and Documentation Page(s): 114, Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Page(s): 98-99. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG), Neck and Upper Back.

**MAXIMUS guideline:** Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Physical Therapy, pages 98-99.

**Decision rationale:** Review indicates the patient has completed at least 20 formal PT sessions. Physical therapy is considered medically necessary when the services require the judgment, knowledge, and skills of a qualified physical therapist due to the complexity and sophistication of the therapy and the physical condition of the patient. However, there is no clear measurable evidence of progress with the PT treatment already rendered including milestones of increased ROM, strength, and functional capacity. Review of submitted physician reports show no evidence of functional benefit, unchanged chronic symptom complaints, clinical findings, and functional status. There is no evidence documenting functional baseline with clear goals to be reached and the patient striving to reach those goals. The Chronic Pain Guidelines allow for visits of physical therapy with fading of treatment to an independent self-directed home program. It appears the employee has received significant therapy sessions without demonstrated evidence of functional improvement to allow for additional therapy treatments. There is no report of acute flare-up, new injuries, or change in symptom or clinical findings to support for formal PT in a patient that has been instructed on a home exercise program for this chronic injury of 2014. Submitted reports have not adequately demonstrated the indication to support further physical therapy when prior treatment rendered has not resulted in any functional benefit. The Additional physical therapy 2 times a week for 3 weeks for the cervical spine, thoracic spine and bilateral shoulders is not medically necessary and appropriate.