

Case Number:	CM15-0114109		
Date Assigned:	06/22/2015	Date of Injury:	10/22/2007
Decision Date:	07/21/2015	UR Denial Date:	05/18/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	06/12/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:

State(s) of Licensure: California

Certification(s)/Specialty: Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 68 year old female, who sustained an industrial injury on 10/22/2007. She reported tripping over a computer cable causing her to fall and bounce on the floor several times landing on her back. The injured worker was diagnosed as having musculoligamentous strain of the lumbosacral spine. Treatment and diagnostic studies to date has included home exercise program, medication regimen, and physical therapy of an unknown quantity, chiropractic therapy, and acupuncture. In a progress note dated 03/16/2015 the treating physician reports low back pain that radiates to the left buttock. The examination from 04/30/2015 reveals mild tenderness and mild spasm to the lumbar spine. The documentation provided noted that prior physical therapy of an unknown quantity was performed, but did not contain documentation of functional improvement from the prior physical therapy. The treating physician requested physical therapy for the lumbar spine two times weekly for four weeks, but the documentation did not indicate the specific reason for the requested therapy.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Physical therapy for the lumbar spine, twice weekly for four weeks: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Physical Medicine Guidelines.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Physical Therapy, pages 98-99.

Decision rationale: Physical therapy is considered medically necessary when the services require the judgment, knowledge, and skills of a qualified physical therapist due to the complexity and sophistication of the therapy and the physical condition of the patient. However, there is no clear measurable evidence of progress with the PT treatment already rendered including milestones of increased ROM, strength, and functional capacity. Review of submitted physician reports show no evidence of functional benefit, unchanged chronic symptom complaints, clinical findings, and functional status. There is no evidence documenting functional baseline with clear goals to be reached and the patient striving to reach those goals. The Chronic Pain Guidelines allow for visits of physical therapy with fading of treatment to an independent self-directed home program. It appears the employee has received significant therapy sessions without demonstrated evidence of functional improvement to allow for additional therapy treatments. There is no report of acute flare-up, new injuries, or change in symptom or clinical findings to support for formal PT in a patient that has been instructed on a home exercise program for this chronic injury of 2007. Submitted reports have not adequately demonstrated the indication to support further physical therapy when prior treatment rendered has not resulted in any functional benefit. The Physical therapy for the lumbar spine, twice weekly for four weeks is not medically necessary and appropriate.