

Case Number:	CM15-0015839		
Date Assigned:	02/03/2015	Date of Injury:	02/18/2008
Decision Date:	03/25/2015	UR Denial Date:	12/31/2014
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	01/27/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:

State(s) of Licensure: Maryland, Texas, Virginia

Certification(s)/Specialty: Internal Medicine, Allergy and Immunology, Rheumatology

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 70-year-old male who sustained an industrial injury on 02/18/2008. He complains of low back pain and right knee pain. Diagnoses include status post lumbar fusion, status-post arthroscopy of the right knee with debridement of medial and lateral meniscus on 12/08/2014, lumbar sprain/strain, lumbosacral or thoracic neuritis or radiculitis, lower back pain, and chronic pain syndrome. Treatment to date has included medications, physical therapy, home exercise program, Transcutaneous Electrical Nerve Stimulation (TENS Unit), ice circulation machine, and injections. A physician progress note dated 12/15/2014 documents the injured worker has soreness about his right knee; he is also having significant pain in his lower back. He report he has noticed about 70-80% improvement in his symptoms, and his medications help with the pain. Treatment requested is for 1 prescription of Cyclobenzaprine 7.5mg, # 60. On 12/31/2014 Utilization Review non-certified the request for Cyclobenzaprine 7.5mg, # 60 and cited was California Medical Treatment Utilization Schedule (MTUS)-Chronic Pain Medical Treatment Guidelines.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Cyclobenzaprine 7.5mg #60: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Cyclobenzaprine.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Cyclobenzaprine, Medications for chronic pain, Antispasmodics Page(s): 41-42, 60-61, 64-66. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines, Pain, Cyclobenzaprine (Flexeril®)

Decision rationale: MTUS Chronic Pain Medical Treatment states for Cyclobenzaprine, "Recommended as an option, using a short course of therapy. The effect is greatest in the first 4 days of treatment, suggesting that shorter courses may be better. (Browning, 2001) Treatment should be brief." The medical documents indicate that patient is far in excess of the initial treatment window and period. Additionally, MTUS outlines that "Relief of pain with the use of medications is generally temporary, and measures of the lasting benefit from this modality should include evaluating the effect of pain relief in relationship to improvements in function and increased activity. Before prescribing any medication for pain the following should occur: (1) determine the aim of use of the medication; (2) determine the potential benefits and adverse effects; (3) determine the patient's preference. Only one medication should be given at a time, and interventions that are active and passive should remain unchanged at the time of the medication change. A trial should be given for each individual medication. Analgesic medications should show effects within 1 to 3 days, and the analgesic effect of antidepressants should occur within 1 week. A record of pain and function with the medication should be recorded. (Mens, 2005) Uptodate "flexeril" also recommends "Do not use longer than 2-3 weeks". Medical documents do not fully detail the components outlined in the guidelines above and do not establish the need for long term/chronic usage of cyclobenzaprine. As such, the request for cyclobenzaprine 7.5mg #60 is not medically necessary.