MAXIMUS Federal Services

Case Number:	CM15-0104974		
Date Assigned:	06/09/2015	Date of Injury:	07/09/2014
Decision Date:	07/14/2015	UR Denial Date:	04/30/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	06/01/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:
State(s) of Licensure: North Carolina
Certification(s)/Specialty: Family Practice

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 41 year old male, who sustained an industrial injury on 7/9/14. He has reported initial complaints of low back injury after a slip and fall at work. The diagnoses have included cervical intervertebral disc disorder with myelopathy, lumbar intervertebral disc disorder with myelopathy, and rotator cuff syndrome. Treatment to date has included medications, chiropractic, physical therapy, orthopedic consult and other modalities. Currently, as per the physician progress note dated 4/24/15, the injured worker complains of lumbar, sacroiliac, sacral, cervical, thoracic, buttocks, hip and leg pain rated 7/10 on pain scale, 8/10 at its worst and 4/10 at its best. The injured worker states that the physical therapy, pain medications and topical compounds are beneficial. The objective findings reveal tenderness at the lumbar, pelvic, sacroiliac, and sacral, buttocks, pelvic, bilateral legs, knees, calves, ankles and feet. There is decreased lumbar and cervical range of motion in all planes, positive Kemps test. There were no previous diagnostic tests noted and no previous physical therapy notes. The current medications were not listed. The physician requested treatment included FCL (Flurbiprofen 20%, Baclofen 2%, Dexamethasone 2%, Menthol 2%, Camphor 2% Capsaicin 0.0375%, Hyaluronic acid 0.020% 160gm for pain.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

FCL (Flurbiprofen 20%, Baclofen 2%, Dexamethasone 2%, Menthol 2%, Camphor 2% Capsaicin 0.0375%, Hyaluronic acid 0.20%) 180gm: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines topical analgesics Page(s): 111-113.

Decision rationale: The California chronic pain medical treatment guidelines section on topical analgesics states: Recommended as an option as indicated below. Largely experimental in use with few randomized controlled trials to determine efficacy or safety. Primarily recommended for neuropathic pain when trials of antidepressants and anticonvulsants have failed. (Namaka, 2004) These agents are applied locally to painful areas with advantages that include lack of systemic side effects, absence of drug interactions, and no need to titrate. (Colombo, 2006) Many agents are compounded as monotherapy or in combination for pain control (including NSAIDs, opioids, capsaicin, local anesthetics, antidepressants, glutamate receptor antagonists, adrenergic receptor agonist, adenosine, cannabinoids, cholinergic receptor agonists, agonists, prostanoids, bradykinin, adenosine triphosphate, biogenic amines, and nerve growth factor). (Argoff, 2006) There is little to no research to support the use of many of these agents. Any compounded product that contains at least one drug (or drug class) that is not recommended is not recommended. The requested medication contains ingredients, which are not indicated per the California MTUS for topical analgesic use. Therefore, the request is not medically necessary.