

<b>Case Number:</b>	CM14-0199510		
<b>Date Assigned:</b>	12/09/2014	<b>Date of Injury:</b>	02/25/1999
<b>Decision Date:</b>	06/19/2015	<b>UR Denial Date:</b>	11/19/2014
<b>Priority:</b>	Standard	<b>Application Received:</b>	11/26/2014

### HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:

State(s) of Licensure: California

Certification(s)/Specialty: Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation

### CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 61 year old female with an industrial injury dated 2/25/1999. The injured worker's diagnoses include lumbosacral disc injury, lumbosacral radiculopathy, failed back pain syndrome and arachnoiditis. Treatment consisted of diagnostic studies, prescribed medications, and periodic follow up visits. In a progress note dated 11/05/2014, the injured worker reported continued pain and discomfort. Objective findings revealed lumbosacral tenderness to palpitation with painful range of motion and myofascial tightness. Treatment plan consisted of medication management. The treating physician prescribed urine drug screen, random now under review.

### IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

**Urine drug screen, random:** Upheld

**Claims Administrator guideline:** Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines opioids, steps to avoid misuse/addiction Page(s): 94-95.

**MAXIMUS guideline:** Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Drug Testing, page 43.

**Decision rationale:** Per MTUS Guidelines, urine drug screening is recommended as an option before a therapeutic trial of opioids and for on-going management to differentiate issues of abuse, addiction, misuse, or poor pain control; none of which applies to this patient who has been prescribed long-term opioid this chronic injury. Presented medical reports from the provider have unchanged chronic severe pain symptoms with unchanged clinical findings of restricted range and tenderness without acute new deficits or red-flag condition changes. Treatment plan remains unchanged with continued medication refills without change in dosing or prescription for chronic pain. There is no report of aberrant behaviors, illicit drug use, and report of acute injury or change in clinical findings or risk factors to support frequent UDS. Documented abuse, misuse, poor pain control, history of unexpected positive results for a non-prescribed scheduled drug or illicit drug or history of negative results for prescribed medications may warrant UDS and place the patient in a higher risk level; however, none are provided. The Urine drug screen, random is not medically necessary and appropriate.