

Case Number:	CM14-0163624		
Date Assigned:	10/08/2014	Date of Injury:	11/30/2009
Decision Date:	11/13/2014	UR Denial Date:	10/01/2014
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	10/06/2014

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. The expert reviewer is Board Certified in Neurology, has a subspecialty in Neuromuscular Medicine and is licensed to practice in New Jersey. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/services. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The patient is a 47-year-old woman who sustained a work-related injury on November 30, 2009. Subsequently she developed chronic back pain. She was treated with lumbar radiofrequency ablation on July 2012 and facet injection and epidural injection on May 1, 2014. According to a progress report dated on August 8, 2014, the patient physical examination demonstrated lumbar tenderness with reduced range of motion, cramping in the knees and calves. The patient was diagnosed with lumbar degenerative disc disease. The provider requested authorization for lumbar epidural steroid injection.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Lumbar ESI (epidural steroid injection): Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS ACOEM Chapter 12 Low Back Complaints Page(s): 309.

Decision rationale: According to MTUS guidelines, epidural steroid injection is optional for radicular pain to avoid surgery. It may offer short term benefit, however there is no significant long term benefit or reduction for the need of surgery. Furthermore, the patient file does not

document that the patient is candidate for surgery. In addition, there is no evidence that the patient has been unresponsive to conservative treatments. Furthermore, there is no recent clinical and objective documentation of radiculopathy.. MTUS guidelines does not recommend epidural injections for back pain without radiculopathy. There is no documentation of efficacy of previous epidural injection. Therefore, lumbar epidural steroid injection is not medically necessary.