

Case Number:	CM14-0154910		
Date Assigned:	09/24/2014	Date of Injury:	07/01/2012
Decision Date:	10/31/2014	UR Denial Date:	09/13/2014
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	09/22/2014

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. The expert reviewer is Board Certified in Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation and is licensed to practice in California. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/services. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

This 68 year-old patient sustained an injury on 7/1/12 from a trip and fall while employed by [REDACTED]. The patient suffered a femoral neck fracture, treated non-operatively with continued hip pain. Request(s) under consideration include 18 Physical Therapy Sessions three times a week for six weeks (3x6) for the Left Hip. MR Arthrogram of hip showed linear full-thickness tear of anterior/posterior labrum. Report of 2/11/14 from a provider noted the patient may need hip arthroscopy and was sent for specialist evaluation on 4/10/14. The patient had continued groin pain radiating into lateral hip. Exam showed antalgic gait. Diagnoses include left hip degenerative labral tear and early osteoarthritis. It was noted surgical intervention may be appropriate; however, placing her in traction may aggravate her healing fracture. Report of 7/8/14 from the provider noted surgical intervention for left hip arthroscopy and debridement; however, record indicated surgical request was denied. Report of 8/21/14 from the provider noted PT request for left hip to assist with pain symptoms. The request(s) for 18 Physical Therapy Sessions three times a week for six weeks (3x6) for the Left Hip was non-certified on 9/13/14 citing guidelines criteria and lack of medical necessity.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

18 Physical Therapy Sessions three times a week for six weeks (3x6) for the Left Hip:
Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not base their decision on the MTUS. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines - Treatment Workers Compensation, Hip & Pelvis (Acute & Chronic)

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Physical Therapy Page(s): 98-99.

Decision rationale: Records indicate the patient has completed an extensive course of PT for her hip complaints; however, without functional improvement. Physical therapy is considered medically necessary when the services require the judgment, knowledge, and skills of a qualified physical therapist due to the complexity and sophistication of the therapy and the physical condition of the patient. However, there is no clear measurable evidence of progress with the PT treatment already rendered including milestones of increased ROM (range of motion), strength, and functional capacity. Review of submitted physician reports show no evidence of functional benefit, unchanged chronic symptom complaints, clinical findings, and work status. There is no evidence documenting functional baseline with clear goals to be reached and the patient striving to reach those goals. The Chronic Pain Guidelines allow for 9-10 visits of physical therapy with fading of treatment to an independent self-directed home program. It appears the employee has received significant therapy sessions without demonstrated evidence of functional improvement to allow for additional therapy treatments. There is no report of acute flare-up, new injuries, or change in symptom or clinical findings to support for formal PT in a patient that has been instructed on a home exercise program for this chronic injury. Submitted reports have not adequately demonstrated the indication to support further physical therapy when prior treatment rendered has not resulted in any functional benefit. The 18 Physical Therapy Sessions three times a week for six weeks (3x6) for the Left Hip is not medically necessary and appropriate.