

INDEPENDENT BILLING REVIEW FINAL DETERMINATION

October 29, 2015

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

IBR Case Number:	CB15-0001794	Date of Injury:	02/22/1990
Claim Number:	[REDACTED]	Application Received:	10/05/2015
Claims Administrator:	[REDACTED]		
Date(s) of service:	12/04/2014 – 12/18/2014		
Provider Name:	[REDACTED]		
Employee Name:	[REDACTED]		
Disputed Codes:	99214, 99214-25		

Dear [REDACTED]:

MAXIMUS Federal Services has completed the Independent Bill Review (“IBR”) of the above workers’ compensation case. This letter provides you with the IBR Final Determination and explains how the determination was made.

Final Determination: OVERTURN. MAXIMUS Federal Services has determined that additional reimbursement is warranted. The Claims Administrator’s determination is reversed and the Claim Administrator owes the Provider additional reimbursement of \$195.00 for the review cost and \$8.46 in additional reimbursement for a total of \$203.46. A detailed explanation of the decision is provided later in this letter.

The Claim Administrator is required to reimburse the Provider a total of **\$203.46** within 45 days of the date on this letter per section 4603.2 (2a) of the California Labor Code. The determination of MAXIMUS Federal Services and its expert reviewer is deemed to be the Final Determination of the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers’ Compensation. This determination is binding on all parties. In certain limited circumstances, you can appeal the Final Determination. Appeals must be filed with the Workers’ Compensation Appeals Board within 20 days from the date of this letter. For more information on appealing the final determination, please see California Labor Code Section 4603.6(f).

Sincerely,

Paul Manchester, M.D., M.P.H.
Medical Director

Cc: [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

DOCUMENTS REVIEWED

Pertinent documents reviewed to reach the determination:

- The Independent Bill Review Application
- The original billing itemization
- Supporting documents submitted with the original billing
- Explanation of Review in response to the original bill
- Request for Second Bill Review and documentation
- Supporting documents submitted with the request for second review
- The final explanation of the second review
- OMFS

HOW THE IBR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services Chief Coding Specialist reviewed the case file and researched pertinent coding and billing standards to reach a determination. In some cases a physician reviewer was employed to review the clinical aspects of the care to help make a determination. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/services.

ANALYSIS AND FINDING

Based on review of the case file the following is noted:

- **ISSUE IN DISPUTE: Provider seeking remuneration for 99214 Evaluation and Management services performed at Hospital Outpatient facility on 12/04/2014, 12/11/2014, & 12/18/2014.**
- The Claims Administrator denied charge as “not payable under OPSS.”
- UB-04, Hospital Outpatient Bill Type.
- EOR’s reflect \$0.00 payment for charges.
- **CCR § 9789.32(B) (iii)** The fees for any physician and non-physician practitioner **professional services** billed by the hospital shall be calculated in accordance with the OMFS RBRVS, using the OMFS RBRVS **total facility relative value units**.
- The determination of an Evaluation and Management service for Established Patients require **two** of **three** key **components** in the following areas (AMA CPT 1995/1997):
 - 1) **History:** Chief Complaint, History of Present Illness, Review of Systems (Inventory of Body Systems), Past Family and Social History.
 - 2) **Examination:** “The 1995 documentation guidelines state that the medical record for a general multi-system examination should include findings about eight or more organ systems.”
 - 3) **Medical Decision Making Medical** decision making refers to the complexity of establishing a diagnosis and/or selecting a management option, which is determined by considering the following factors:
 - a. The number of possible diagnoses and/or the number of management options that must be considered;
 - b. The amount and/or complexity of medical records, diagnostic tests, and/or other information that must be obtained, reviewed, and analyzed; and
 - c. The risk of significant complications, morbidity, and/or mortality as well as comorbidities associated with the patient’s presenting problem(s), the diagnostic procedure(s), and/or the possible management options.
- To determine the level of service in a given **component** of an E&M, the data must “**meet or exceed**” the elements required.
- 1995/1997 Evaluation and Management Levels/Elements (History / Exam / Medical Decision Making), Established Patient:
 - 99212: Problem Focused / Problem Focused / Straight Forward
 - 99213: Expanded Problem Focused / Expanded Problem Focused / Low Complexity
 - **99214: Detailed History / Detailed Exam / Moderate Complexity**
 - 99215 Comprehensive History/ Comprehensive Exam/ High Complexity
- **Time:** In the case where counseling and/or coordination of care dominates (more than 50%) of the physician/patient and/or family encounter (face-to-face time in the office or other outpatient setting or floor/unit time in the hospital or nursing facility), time is considered the key or controlling factor to qualify for a particular level of E/M services. The total length of

time of the encounter (faced-to-face) should be documented and the record should describe the counseling and/or activities to coordinate care.

- Visit Documentation for **12/04/2014** not submitted for review; **Claim Upheld.**
- Abstracted information for date of service **12/11/2014 99214 – 25** revealed the following:
 - Debridement, subcutaneous tissue (includes epidermis and dermis, if performed); first 20 sq cm or less.
 - Modifier 25: The CPT Manual defines modifier 25 as a “significant, separately identifiable evaluation and management service by the same physician or other qualified health care professional on the same day of the procedure or other service.”
- A Separately identifiable service from reimbursed Debridement Procedure on DOS 12/11/2014 is not identified; **Claim Upheld**
- Modifier 25: The CPT Manual defines modifier 25 as a “significant, separately identifiable evaluation and management service by the same physician or other qualified health care professional on the same day of the procedure or other service”.
- Abstracted information for date of service 12/18/2014 revealed the following:
 - **History: Problem Focused**
 - HPI: brief
 - ROS: problem pertinent
 - Other: Provider indicates “past history reviewed,” areas not documented.
 - **Exam: Problem Focused**
 - Exam: Limited
 - **Medical Decision Making: Low Complexity**
 - Presenting Problems/Diagnosis = Minimal
 - Multiple Complexity of data: Not indicated
 - Risk: Moderate
 - **Problem Focused/ Problem Focused / Low Complexity = 2 of 3/Meet or Exceed = 99212**

Time Factor for date of service:

- Not Documented
- **Based on the aforementioned documentation and guidelines, 99214 reimbursement is not warranted for Date of Service 12/04/2014 & 12/11/2014 and 12/18/2014, recommend reimbursement documented service 99212 for Date of Service 12/18/2014.**

The table below describes the pertinent claim line information.

DETERMINATION OF ISSUE IN DISPUTE: 99214 & 99214-25

Date of Service: 12/04/2014, 12/11/2014, 12/18/2014 HOPPS						
Service Code	Provider Billed	Plan Allowed	Dispute Amount	Units	Workers' Comp Allowed Amt.	Notes
99214	\$287.00	\$0.00	\$62.76	1	\$0.00	DOS 12/04/2014 Refer to Analysis
99214	\$287.00	\$0.00	\$62.76	1	\$0.00	DOS 12/11/2014 Refer to Analysis
99214	\$287.00	\$0.00	\$62.76	1	\$8.46	DOS 12/18/2014 99212 Refer to Analysis

Copy to:

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

Copy to:

[REDACTED]
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