Miles E. Locker, CSB #103510 DIVISION OF LABOR STANDARDS ENFORCEMENT Department of Industrial Relations State of California 455 Golden Gate Avenue, 9th Floor San Francisco, California 94102 Telephone: (415) 703-4863 (415) 703-4806 Fax: Attorney for State Labor Commissioner 6 8 BEFORE THE LABOR COMMISSIONER 9 STATE OF CALIFORNIA 10 LINDSEY HIGGINBOTHAM, No. TAC 4-03 12 Petitioner. 13 vs. CMT TALENT AGENCY, COLOURS MODEL &) DETERMINATION OF TALENT MANAGEMENT AGENCY, ALBERTA CONTROVERSY 15 SELLERS, BYRON GARRETT, PHILIP JOHNSON, 16 Respondents. 17 18 The above-captioned matter, a petition to determine 19 controversy under Labor Code §1700.44, came on regularly for 20 hearing on June 18, 2003, in Los Angeles, California, before the Labor Commissioner's undersigned hearing officer. Petitioner was 21

failed to appear. Based on the evidence presented at this 23 | 24 |

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FINDINGS OF FACT

Commissioner hereby adopts the following decision.

represented by attorney J. Michael Higginbotham; respondents

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CMT TALENT AGENCY (hereinafter "CMT") was most recently 28 | licensed as a talent agency by the State Labor Commissioner from

hearing and on the other papers on file in this mater, the Labor

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July 25, 2001 to July 24, 2002. It was licensed as a partnership, owned by ALBERTA SELLERS and BYRON GARRETT, with a business address at 8344 ½ W. 3rd Street, Los Angeles, California.

- 2. COLOURS MODEL & TALENT MANAGEMENT AGENCY, INC., (hereinafter "COLOURS") was most recently licensed by the Labor Commissioner as a talent agency from June 9, 2000 to March 26, 2001. It was licensed as a corporation, and ALBERTA SELLERS and BYRON GARRETT were listed on the license application form as corporate officers, with a business address at 8344 ½ W. 3rd Street, Los Angeles, California.
- 3. In January 2001, petitioner LINDSEY HIGGINBOTHAM executed a written contract with COLOURS under which she engaged the services of COLOURS as a talent agency for a period of one year. On April 5, 2002, she executed a "General Contract and Representation Agreement" with CMT, under which she engaged the services of CMT as a talent agency for a period of one year, to negotiate contracts for the petitioner in the rendition of professional services as a model and in all other fields in the entertainment industry, for which CMT would be entitled to commissions.
- 4. In mid-2002, petitioner noticed that anticipated checks from CMT for residual payments for her acting services in a Wrigley television commercial were not arriving as expected. The commercial was shot in August 2001, and this work had been procured for the petitioner by CMT or COLOURS. The residual payments for her services on this commercial were to be made by a production company, Talent Partners, to CMT on behalf of the

petitioner. After cashing these checks from Talent Partners, CMT was responsible for sending petitioner her payment, less CMT's commission. Petitioner contacted CMT with her concern about delayed payments, and CMT responded by sending her two checks in June 2002 which were not negotiable due to insufficient funds in CMT's account. Petitioner was charged \$30 by her bank for charges resulting from these non-negotiable checks. CMT subsequently re-issued these checks, and petitioner was able to negotiate them.

- 5. Still concerned that CMT was holding money that she was owed, petitioner contacted Talent Partners to get a complete earnings report for her residuals for this commercial. Partners provided petitioner with an earnings report that showed that from February 14 to November 22, 2002, it had sent 17 separate checks to CMT on behalf of petitioner. Each of these checks covered her net residuals, after taxes were withheld by Talent Partners. As to four of these checks, CMT never paid anything to the petitioner. These checks were sent by Talent Partners to CMT in the following net amounts and on the following dates: April 18, 2002 -- \$1,289.09, May 14, 2002 -- \$393.77, November 4, 2002 -- \$162.86, and November 22, 2002 -- \$580.86. After learning of these four checks from Talent Partners, petitioner contacted CMT through its agent and accountant, Philip Johnson, requesting payment. CMT never disputed that it owed petitioner for these checks, but never paid petitioner any portion of the \$2,426.58 that it had received from Talent Partners through these checks.
 - 6. Petitioner also alleges that she is entitled to

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reimbursement of certain amounts that CMT withheld from her earnings as commissions. She contends that she is entitled to a refund of \$39.38, the commission that CMT retained on a residual check that Talent Partners sent to CMT on February 14, 2002, and which CMT subsequently paid to petitioner less this 10% commission. Petitioner alleges that she is entitled to reimbursement of this amount because she was then "between written agreements" with CMT or COLOURS, and that without such a written agreement, CMT was not entitled to retain any commissions. Petitioner also seeks reimbursement of \$326.96 retained by CMT for commissions on amounts received from Talent Partners after July 24, 2002, the date that CMT's talent agency license expired. All of these commissions stem from the residuals petitioner earned by acting in the Wrigley commercial 15 in August 2001, at which time CMT was licensed and its 16 | relationship with petitioner was governed by the first written contract. Although this contract was not placed in evidence, we note that the second written contract, which petitioner testified was similar to the first, contained a provision that CMT would be entitled to payment of commissions on residuals received after expiration of the contract as long as the work upon which the residuals are paid was performed during the term of the contract. The second contract also provided that after termination of the contract between petitioner and CMT, CMT "shall remain obligated to ... perform obligations with respect to ... any employment . on which such compensation is based."

We take judicial notice of other cases we have decided against CMT, wherein we found that at all times during 2002, CMT 6

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agent and accountant Philip Johnson handled CMT's funds -- both receipts and disbursements -- through a bank in Santa Barbara under an account for "California Commercial Theatrical Accounting" or "CCTA",

This petition was filed on January 22, 2003, and a first amended petition was filed on April 24, 2003. Service was effected on all respondents. Notices of the hearing were sent to the parties on April 18, 2003.

LEGAL ANALYSIS

- 1. Petitioner is an "artist" within the meaning of Labor Code section 1700.4(b). CMT is a "talent agency" within the meaning of Labor Code section 1700.4(a), as are CMT's owners, ALBERTA SELLERS and BYRON GARRETT. The Labor Commissioner has jurisdiction to issue this determination pursuant to Labor Code section 1700.44. By virtue of his role as a CMT agent and accountant, and in view of his control over CMT's receipts and disbursements, coupled with his failure to pay petitioner for amounts that he knew she was owed, we conclude that PHILIP JOHNSON, individually and dba California Commercial Theatrical Accounting or CCTA, is jointly and severally liable for the amounts we find are owed to petitioner by CMT and its owners.
- 2. Labor Code section 1700.25 provides that a licensed talent agency that receives any payment of funds on behalf of an artist shall immediately deposit that amount in a trust fund account maintained by him or her in a bank, and shall disburse 26 those funds, less the agent's commission, to the artist within 30 days after receipt. Section 1700.25 further provides that if, in a hearing before the Labor Commissioner on a petition to

 determine controversy, the Commissioner finds that the talent agency willfully failed to disburse these amounts within the required time, the Commissioner may award interest on the wrongfully withheld funds at the rate of 10% per annum, and reasonable attorney's fees.

- 3. Respondents' failure to disburse the amounts paid by Talent Partners on behalf of petitioner with respect to the four checks received by respondent during the period from April 18, 2002 to November 22, 2002 constitutes a willful violation of Labor Code section 1700.25. Moreover, we conclude that by failing to remit these amounts to the petitioner without any justification, Respondent breached its representation agreement and violated its fiduciary duty thereunder, thereby losing the right to retain any commissions on these amounts paid by Talent Partners. We therefore conclude that petitioner is entitled to payment of \$2,426.62 plus interest at 10% per annum on this amount from the date each payment became due, resulting in interest in the amount of \$298.37 as of the date of this decision (with interest accruing at the rate of 66 cents per day thereafter).
- 4. Petitioner is entitled to reimbursement for the \$30 in fees imposed by her bank as a result of the respondents' attempt to pay her through non-negotiable NSF checks.
- 5. Turning to petitioner's request for reimbursement of certain commissions retained by CMT, we conclude that so long as it performed its contractual and statutory duties by forwarding amounts received on petitioner's behalf to the petitioner, it had a right to retain commissions on petitioner's earnings for work

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with CMT. Thus, we conclude that petitioner is not entitled to reimbursement of \$39.38, the commission that CMT retained on the residual check that Talent Partners sent to CMT on February 14, 2002. As to the \$326.96 in commissions retained by CMT on payments that were made by Talent Partners after CMT's license expired on July 24, 2002, we conclude that without a license, CMT could not lawfully function as petitioner's talent agency. Consequently, CMT could not lawfully continue to collect petitioner's earnings from Talent Partners after CMT's talent agency license expired. We therefore conclude that petitioner is entitled to reimbursement of the \$326.96 in commissions retained by respondents on payments that were made by Talent Partners on petitioner's behalf following the expiration of CMT's talent agency license.

- 6. Based on the conclusion that respondent willfully violated Labor Code section 1700.25, petitioner is also entitled to reasonable attorney's fees. Petitioner's counsel seeks an award of attorney's fees in the amount of \$1700. We find that amount to be well within the range of reasonable attorney's fees for the amount of time required for this matter.
- 7. As a result of respondents' failure to pay amounts due to petitioner, she was forced to file this petition to determine controversy, and in order to prosecute this petition, she was forced to incur costs in the amount of \$165 in order to have a process server serve the petition on respondents. Petitioner is entitled to reimbursement for these necessarily incurred costs.

ORDER

For the reasons set forth above, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Respondents CMT TALENT AGENCY, a partnership; ALBERTA SELLERS, a partner of CMT TALENT AGENCY; BYRON GARRETT, a partner of CMT TALENT AGENCY; and PHILIP JOHNSON, an individual dba CALIFORNIA COMMERCIAL THEATRICAL ACCOUNTING or CCTA, are jointly and severally liable for the following amounts, which shall be paid to petitioner VANESA PECHI:

- \$2,426.62 for unlawfully withheld earnings;
- \$298.37 for interest on these unlawfully withheld earnings, as of the date of this decision (with further interest accruing at the rate of 66 cents per day thereafter);
 - \$326.96 for unlawfully retained commissions;
 - \$30.00 for reimbursement of bank charges;
 - 5. \$165.00 for costs incurred in serving the petition; and
 - \$1,700.00 for attorney's fees;

for a total, as of the date of this decision, of \$4,946.95.

Dated: 9/24/03

Attorney for the Labor Commissioner

ADOPTED AS THE DETERMINATION OF THE LABOR COMMISSIONER:

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