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1	DIVISION OF LABOR STANDARDS ENFORCEMENT	
2	Department of Industrial Relations State of California	
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5	Attorney for the Labor Commissioner	
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7	BEFORE THE LABOR COMMISSIONER	
8	OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
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10	JOHN SEBASTIAN,	) No. TAC 1-95
11	Petitioner,	
12	vs.	) DETERMINATION )
13	GEOFFREY BLUMENAUER, individually and	)
14	dba GEOFFREY BLUMENAUER ARTISTS, )	
15	Respondent. )	
16	INTRODUCTION	
17	On January 12, 1995, JOHN SEBASTI	AN (hereinafter "Sebastian"
18	or "Petitioner") filed a petition to determine controversy	
19	pursuant to Labor Code §1700.44, alleging that GEOFFREY	
20	BLUMENAUER, individually and dba GEOFFREY BLUMENAUER ARTISTS	
21	(hereinafter "Blumenauer" or "Respondent") failed to pay	
22	Petitioner for musical engagements performed by Sebastian that had	
23	been procured by Blumenauer, and for which Blumenauer received	
24	petitioner's compensation from the engagements' promoters.	
25	Respondent failed to file an answer to the petition. Notices of	
26	hearing were duly served on all parties. The hearing was held as	
27	scheduled on October 19, 1995 in Los Angeles, California, before	
28	Miles E. Locker, attorney for the Labor Commissioner. Petitioner	
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was represented by his personal manager, David Bendett.
 Respondent did not appear. Based upon the testimony and evidence
 received, the Labor Commissioner adopts the following
 determination of controversy.

## FINDINGS OF FACT

In 1989, Sebastian and David Bendett, Sebastian's
manager, entered into an oral agreement with Blumenauer under
which Blumenauer was to serve as Sebastian's talent agent by
seeking to procure live musical engagements for Sebastian, for
which Sebastian agreed to pay Blumenauer a percentage of his
earnings from any engagements procured by Blumenauer.

In August 1994, Sebastian performed at three engagements 12 2. that had been procured by Blumenauer - - a set at Woodstock II on 13 14 August 13, a concert in Tampa, Florida on August 14, and a concert in St. Louis, Missouri on August 18. Under the contracts between 15 Sebastian and the promoters of these engagements, Sebastian was to 16 17 receive a total of \$43,500 in compensation for these three performances, half of which - - \$21,750 - - was paid by the 18 promoters directly to Blumenauer as a deposit prior to the dates 19 20 for the engagements, with the remaining half paid by the promoters to Sebastian on the dates of the performances. Pursuant to his 21 22 agreement with Sebastian, Blumenauer was expected to remit the deposits to Sebastian, less Blumenauer's commission. Blumenauer 23 breached this agreement by failing to remit any of the deposit 24 money to Sebastian, despite repeated written demands to do so. 25 Although Blumenauer acknowledged, in a written response to one of 26 27 petitioner's demand letters, that he wrongfully held (and spent) this money, he has failed, and continues to fail, to remit these 28

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1 funds to Sebastian.

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Based upon a review of the Labor Commissioner's
 licensing files, it does not appear that Blumenauer has ever been
 licensed as a talent agent by the State Labor Commissioner.

5 4. Petitioner's manager testified that petitioner incurred 6 approximately \$2,500 in attorney's fees in connection with this 7 matter. Although petitioner was not represented by an attorney at 8 this hearing, petitioner used the services of an attorney to draft 9 correspondence to Blumenauer concerning this dispute, and to draft 10 the petition to determine controversy.

## CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

12 1. Respondent, by procuring and offering or attempting to 13 procure live engagements for Sebastian acted as a "talent agency" 14 within the meaning of Labor Code \$1700.4(a). Petitioner is an 15 "artist" within the meaning of Labor Code \$1700.4(b). The Labor 16 Commissioner has jurisdiction to determine this controversy 17 pursuant to Labor Code \$1700.44(a).

Labor Code §1700.5 makes it unlawful to act as a talent
 agent without a license. An unlicensed talent agent is not
 entitled to retain any commissions that are based upon unlawful
 activity as a talent agent. <u>Buchwald v. Superior Court</u> (1967) 254
 Cal.App.2d 347, <u>Wachs v. Curry</u> (1993) 13 Cal.App.4th 616.
 Respondent is therefore not entitled to any commissions for
 Sebastian's three August 1994 engagements.

25 3. Labor Code §1700.25 provides that whenever a talent 26 agent receives payment of funds on behalf of an artist, the agent 27 must immediately deposit the funds in a trust fund account and, 28 within thirty days after the receipt of the funds, make full

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disbursement, less the agent's lawful commission, to the artist.
No such funds, except for the agent's lawful commission, may be
retained by agent beyond thirty days from the date of receipt.
Pursuant to Section 1700.25, Sebastian is entitled to immediate
payment of the \$21,750 in deposits wrongfully retained by
Blumenauer.

7 4. Blumenauer's failure to disburse the deposits to Sebastian was "willful" within the meaning of Labor Code 8 \$1700.25(e). A willful violation of a civil statute occurs when 9 the person owing the statutory duty intentionally fails to perform 10 that statutory duty. Hale v. Morgan (1978) 22 Cal.3d 388, Davis 11 v. Morris (1940) 37 Cal.App.2d 269. Here, there is overwhelming 12 13 evidence that Blumenauer intentionally failed to disburse the deposits owed to Sebastian. 14

5. Under Labor Code \$1700.25(e), the Labor Commissioner is empowered to award reasonable attorney's fees to the prevailing artist upon a finding of a willful violation. In view of the limited nature of legal work performed by Sebastian's attorneys in connection with this dispute, petitioner is entitled to \$1,000 in attorney's fees.

6. Labor Code §1700.25(e) also authorizes the Labor Commissioner to award interest on the funds wrongfully withheld at the rate of 10% per year from the date the funds should have been disbursed. Sebastian is therefore entitled to interest on the withheld funds from September 15, 1994 until these funds are disbursed, with interest presently amounting to \$2,628.12.

## DETERMINATION

For the above-stated reasons, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that

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1 Respondent GEOFFREY BLUMENAUER, individually and dba GEOFFREY
2 BLUMENAUER ARTISTS, pay Petitioner JOHN SEBASTIAN a total of
3 \$25,378.12, consisting of \$21,750 for unlawfully retained funds,
4 \$2,628.12 for interest on these unlawfully retained funds, and
5 \$1,000 for reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to Labor Code
6 \$1700.25(e).

DATED:

MILES E. LOCKER, Attorney for the Labor Commissioner

12 The above Determination is adopted by the Labor Commissioner 13 in its entirety.

19/99 DATED:

ACTING STATE LABOR COMMISSIONER