

Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and major industry sector, Private industry, California, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
All occupations	105,150	23,620	5,720	8,100	9,800	81,530	30,260	2,440	3,520	10,950	16,490	14,610	3,270	--	
Management occupations	1,970	140	--	70	70	1,830	70	30	170	280	310	840	120	--	
Business and financial operations occupations	810	70	--	--	70	750	70	--	230	250	100	40	40	--	
Computer and mathematical occupations	210	20	--	--	20	190	20	30	--	100	30	--	--	--	
Architecture and engineering occupations	220	130	--	--	130	90	30	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	260	60	--	--	60	200	--	--	--	110	70	--	--	--	
Community and social service occupations	1,050	--	--	--	--	1,050	--	--	--	--	1,010	--	--	--	
Legal occupations	80	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	70	--	--	--	--	
Education, training, and library occupations	1,350	--	--	--	--	1,350	--	--	--	--	1,160	70	110	--	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	430	40	--	--	40	390	40	130	--	30	--	170	--	--	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	5,950	--	--	--	--	5,950	100	--	--	770	5,070	--	--	--	
Healthcare support occupations	3,660	--	--	--	--	3,660	20	--	--	180	3,270	80	70	--	
Protective service occupations	1,670	20	--	--	20	1,640	390	30	--	860	90	210	50	--	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	10,930	70	--	--	70	10,860	1,120	--	--	170	720	8,800	40	--	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	8,450	550	190	--	330	7,900	210	60	520	3,560	1,170	2,230	150	--	
Personal care and service occupations	2,750	--	--	--	--	2,750	130	--	--	130	1,390	960	120	--	
Sales and related occupations	6,590	170	--	--	170	6,420	5,170	110	340	300	120	330	50	--	
Office and administrative support occupations	8,940	620	50	50	520	8,320	4,650	340	870	1,150	1,100	160	60	--	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	5,240	4,620	4,410	--	200	620	560	--	--	--	--	--	60	--	
Construction and extraction occupations	7,280	6,680	90	6,340	240	600	150	90	--	270	20	40	30	--	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	10,100	2,220	340	1,060	820	7,880	2,960	1,300	990	680	240	310	1,400	--	
Production occupations	9,090	6,140	120	370	5,640	2,960	1,650	60	--	560	120	90	410	--	
Transportation and material moving occupations	17,530	1,990	480	150	1,360	15,550	12,770	130	230	1,380	350	230	460	--	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 27, 2013