Robert C. Hsu, Esq. (SBN 225437) LEXINT LAW GROUP, APLC 13300 Crossroads Parkway North, Suite 100 City of Industry, California 91746 Telephone: (626) 286-7055 4 Facsimile: (562) 999-3321 Email:robert@lexintlaw.com 5 6 Attorney for Defendant DUKE AHN, M.D. 7 8 BEFORE DIVISION OF CALIFORNIA'S WORKERS' COMPENSATION 9 DEPARTMENTAL APPEAL BOARD 10 CIVIL REMEDIES DIVISION 11 12 In the Case of: Case Docket: TBA 13 DUKE AHN, M.D. 14 DUKE AHN'S REQUEST FOR Participant, 15 ADMINITRATIVE HEARING AND ATTACHED EXHIBITS 1 THROUGH 5 VS. 16 ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR of the 17 DIVISION OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION (DWC) 18 19 Respondent. 20 21 TO ALL PARTIES AND OTHEIR COUNSEL: 22 23 Participant, Duke Ahn M.D. hereby submits this Request for Hearing for along with proposed 24 exhibit, copies of exhibits and witness list. 25 26 27

RELEVANT BACKGROUND

On April 3, 2017 the Orange County prosecutors filed criminal accusations against Dr. Ahn and twenty or so other doctors and individuals accusing the group of orchestrating a massive billing fraud relating to compound creams and urine toxicology texting for worker's compensation patients. After approximately two years of intensive litigation, prosecutor acknowledge that the case against Dr. Ahn is no longer attainable and under great financial pressure and assurance by his criminal defense counsel that a misdemeanor plea would not adversely affect his licensure, Dr. Ahn agreed to plea to a single misdemeanor count California Business and Professions Code §650 (receiving consideration for patient referrals). The California court suspended the imposition of his sentence and ordered Mr. Ahn to serve 3 years of informal probation. The probation term is to end May 10, 2022. (see Ahn Exhibit 1, Orange County Superior Court Case Summary) and sentencing is to be put over until that date. On January 16, 2020, Attorney General's office sought an action before the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs to suspend or revoke Dr. Ahn's medical license (Ahn, Exhibit 2).

On August 20, 2020, Orange County Superior Court of the State of California reviewed Dr. Ahn's petition to dismiss his pending criminal action pursuant to California Penal Code §1358. After extensive argument and opposition from the prosecutor, the judge granted Dr. Ahn's relief and found that Dr. Ahn's criminal action is to be dismissed in the interest of justice pursuant to California Penal Code §1358 (Ahn. Exhibit 3). On September 1, 2020, just days after receiving the certified copy of the court order from the criminal proceeding, the attorney general's office moved to dismiss their original accusation, withdrawing their request for suspension or revocation (Exhibit 4). California's Health and Human Services Agency then took action to reinstate Dr. Ahn's privileges under their programs.(Exhibit 5).

On August 23, 2022, Dr. Ahn received notice from the Administrator Director of the Division of Worker's Compensation (DWC) notifying of his suspension from participating in the Workers'

 Compensation programs incorrectly relying on the accusations filed in April of 2017 without regard o the subsequent dismissal pursuant to Penal Code Section 1385.

APPLICABLE LAW

California's Penal Code Section 1385 provides authority to state court judges to dismiss cases in the interest of justice. Such as dismissal, if granted is only available in case that has not reached a final judgment. Even when defendants enter a plea of guilty, it is not considered a final judgment until and terms of the probation have been completed and the judge have discretion to dismiss the case without final judgment and without any adverse record. The case that highlights the use of section 1385 dismissals is the case of *People vs. Chavez* (2016) 5 Cal.App.5th 110, 117. The case also distinguishes a section 1385 dismissal from that of a dismissal pursuant to Penal Code Section 1203.4, which is commonly referred to as an expungement. The *Chavez* case enumerated for us that a court's dismissal under PC 1385 is properly granted if it is issued prior to the termination of probation (which is the case for Dr. Ahn). The *Chavez* case further elaborates that even when there is a plea agreement, if the court grants a dismissal pursuant to PC 1385 prior to the termination or completion of probation, no final judgement or conviction is entered. This is an important distinction in this case because a section 1385 dismissal will nullify any prior plea and renders California's DHCS's decision null.

ISSUES PRESENTED

 1. Whether Labor Code section 139.21(a)(1) applies to Dr. Ahn when his case was dismissed pursuant to Penal Code Section 1385.

1	Dated: August 29, 2022	LEXINT LAW GROUP, APLC
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3		By: /S/ Robert C. Hsu
4	9.	By: /S/ Robert C. Hsu CA Robert C. Hsu, Esq. Attorneys for Participant
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