STATE OF CALIFORNI Department of Industrial Relations Division of Labor Standards Enforcement EDNA GARCIA EARLEY, State Bar No. 195661 320 W. 4th Street, Suite 430 Los Angeles, California 90013 Tel.:(213) 897-1511 Fax: (213)897-2877 . 5 Attorney for the Labor Commissioner 7 BEFORE THE DIVISION OF LABOR STANDARDS ENFORCEMENT DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS 10 FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 11 12 In the matter of the Case No.: SAC 5175 Debarment Proceeding Against: 13 PROPOSED STATEMENT OF DECISION RE DEBARMENT OF 15 RESPONDENTS FROM PUBLIC Wallcrete Industries, Inc.; Garit David WORKS PROJECTS 16 Wallace and Amber Anderson, Individuals,) 17 [Labor Code §1777.1] 18 Respondents. Hearing Date: February 27, 2012 Time: 10:00 a.m. 19 Hearing Officer: Edna Garcia Earley 20 21 22 23 Debarment proceedings pursuant to Labor Code §1777.1 were initiated by the 24 Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, State Labor Commissioner ("DLSE") on 25 26 January 12, 2012 by the filing of a Statement of Alleged Violations against the following 27 named respondents: Wallcrete Industries, Inc.; Garit David Wallace and Amber 28 Anderson, Individuals.

[PROPOSED] STATEMENT OF DECISION RE DEBARMENT - 1

Angeles, California. Edna Garcia Earley served as the Hearing Officer. David D. Cross, appeared on behalf of Complainant the Labor Commissioner, Chief of the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, Department of Industrial Relations, State of California. Respondents Wallcrete Industries, Inc.; Garit David Wallace and Amber Anderson, Individuals, were duly served with the Notice of Hearing, Statement of Alleged Violations and Notice of Hearing but failed to appear. Branden Lopez of Center for Contract Compliance and Steve Arredondo, Staff Attorney for the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement observed the hearing. The hearing was tape recorded. The witnesses took the oath and evidence was received. At the conclusion of the hearing, the matter was taken under submission.

The hearing on the alleged violations was held on February 27, 2012 in Los

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Respondent Wallcrete Industries, Inc. ("Wallcrete") has been, at all times relevant herein, a contractor licensed by the Contractor's Licensed Board under license number 834220.
- 2. Respondent Garit David Wallace is and at all relevant times mentioned was the Responsible Managing Officer, Chief Executive Officer and President of Wallcrete.
- 3. Respondent Amber Anderson is and at all relevant times mentioned was the Controller of Wallcrete.
- 4. During the period of November 21, 2009 to September 18, 2010, Wallcrete served as the Sub-Contractor on the project known as Construction of Fire Station #32 and Corporate Yard in the City of La Quinta, County of Riverside, State of California.

David/Reed Construction, Inc. served as the General Contractor and City of La Quinta served as the Awarding Body for this project.¹

- 5. Worker Alex Hernandez testified that he performed work as a cement mason on the Fire Station #32 project. He was one of eight other cement masons on the job. He was paid \$26.80 or \$26.50 per hour and worked overtime but was not paid the overtime rate for such hours, Mr. Hernandez also testified that Wallcrete did not pay for fringe benefits, retirement, or vacation. On certain occasions, Mr. Hernandez operated a backhoe and skip loader on the job.
- 6. Mr. Hernandez testified that both the foreman on the Fire Station #3 project and the workers kept track of hours worked on the project. Workers were required to submit their hours to a mailbox located in the office, but before placing their hours into the mailbox, the foreman often told Mr. Hernandez and other workers to indicate less hours on the time cards than actually worked on the job.
- 7. Mr. Hernandez testified that he also worked on the San Clemente School job site two days per week. Mr. Hernandez and other workers were not paid the prevailing wage rates on this job either. Mr. Hernandez testified that he heard other workers were paid checks by Respondent Garit David Wallace covering the prevailing wage rate but asked those workers to deposit the checks and then pay half of the check back to him.

¹ More accurately, Wallcrete served as a sub-contractor of Jeff McGowan Concrete who served as a sub-contractor of prime contractor Davis/Reed Construction, Inc.

8. Wallcrete submitted Certified Payroll Records indicating that Mr. Hernandez worked as a Laborer Group 2 on the Fire Station #32 job.

- 9. Deputy Labor Commissioner Reynaldo Tuyor testified that he received a complaint of misclassification, non-payment of prevailing wage rates, non-payment of overtime hours worked, non-payment of fringe benefits and falsification of certified payroll records against Wallcrete on this job. As part of his investigation and based on a General Prevailing Wage Determination made by the Director of Industrial Relations as well as the Scope of Work Provisions for Cement Masons in Riverside County, Deputy Tuyor determined the correct classification for the work being performed on the job was that of a cement mason and not as a Laborer Group 2 as was reflected on the certified payroll records. The prevailing wage rate in effect at the time for cement masons working on the Fire Station #32 project was \$46.84 for straight time and included fringe benefits, health and welfare, vacation and training. The overtime rate was determined to be \$61.59.
- ach worker who was misclassified as a Laborer Group 2. In preparing his audit, Deputy Tuyor compared certified payroll records received from the Center for Contract Compliance (who received the records from the Awarding Body) with certified payroll records received directly from Wallcrete in response to an *Order to Appear* issued by Deputy Tuyor. Overtime hours on the certified payroll records submitted by Wallcrete to Deputy Tuyor were higher than those submitted to the Awarding Body. Hours were reduced, check numbers were changed, some employees were not listed and fringe benefit payments were not indicated on Wallcrete's copy of the certified payroll records

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that were given to the Awarding Body. Respondent Amber Anderson as Controller certified under penalty of perjury that the certified payroll records she submitted to the Awarding Body were true and correct. Likewise, both Respondents Garit David Wallace and Amber Anderson then certified under penalty of perjury as true and correct, the copy of payroll records they submitted to the Deputy Tuyor in response to the *Order to Appear* which differed dramatically than those submitted to the Awarding Body for the same time period.

- 11. Based on the audit, worker affidavits and statements, Deputy Tuyor completed a Labor Code Section 1775 Penalty Review which he submitted to his Senior Deputy on May 4, 2011, summarizing the issues and violations determined through his investigation of the Fire Station #32 project. The penalty review includes a section where Deputy Tuyor summarizes a letter received from Subcontractor Jeff McGowan Concrete in response to Deputy Tuyor's investigation which included the following points:
 - Wallcrete's estimate to Jeff McGowan Concrete, for the project, included prevailing wage rates;
 - Wallcrete knew that this was a public works project;
 - Wallcrete previously performed prevailing wage projects for Jeff
 McGowan Concrete.
- 12. On May 5, 2011, Deputy Tuyor issued a Civil Wage and Penalty

 Assessment ("CWPA") to Respondents for a total of \$67,090.85 in underpaid wages.

 Judgment was entered on the CWPA on September 16, 2011 against Respondent

Wallcrete Industries, Inc. in the amount of \$99,240.85 which includes wages, penalties, liquidated damages less payment of \$67,090.85 received from the Awarding Body.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. Labor Code §1777.1 provides:
 - (a) Whenever a contractor or subcontractor performing a public works project pursuant to this chapter is found by the Labor Commissioner to be in violation of this chapter with intent to defraud, except Section 1777.5, the contractor or subcontractor or a firm, corporation, partnership, or association in which the contractor, or subcontractor has any interest is ineligible for a period of not less than one year or more than three years to do either of the following:
 - (1) Bid or be awarded a contract for a public works project.
 - (2) Perform work as a subcontractor on a public works project.
 - (b) Whenever a contractor or subcontractor performing a public works project pursuant to this chapter is found by the Labor Commissioner to be in willful violation of this chapter, except Section 1777.5, the contractor or subcontractor or a firm corporation, partnership, or association in which the contractor or subcontractor has any interest is ineligible for a period up to three years for each second and subsequent violation occurring within three years of a separate and previous willful violation of this chapter to do either of the following:
 - (1) Bid on or be awarded a contract for a public works project.
 - (2) Perform work as a subcontractor on a public works project.

"Although debarment can have a severe economic impact on contractors, it 'is not intended as punishment. It is instead, a necessary means to enable the contracting governmental agency to deal with irresponsible bidders and contractors, and to administer its duties with efficiency." Southern California Underground Contractors, Inc. v. City of San Diego (2003) 108 Cal.App.4th 533, 542.

Willful

Under Labor Code §1771.1(c), "A willful violation occurs when the contractor or subcontractor knew or reasonably should have known of his or her obligations under the public works law and deliberately fails or refuses to comply with its provisions."

Wallcrete's failure to pay the proper prevailing wage rates, its failure to properly classify workers as cement masons instead of laborers when they were operating backhoes and skip loaders, its failure to pay proper prevailing wage overtime rates, its failure to maintain accurate certified payroll records and its failure to comply with its obligations in regards to employer contributions to 401k plans, flex plans, health plans, and other benefit plans, are deemed willful under Labor Code §1777.1(b). A person's knowledge of the law is imputed to him and an unlawful intent may be inferred from the doing of an unlawful act. *People v. McLaughlin* (1952) 111 Cal.App.2d 781. Wallcrete's estimate to Sub-Contractor Jeff McGowan Concrete for the project included prevailing wage rates. Per Jeff McGowan Concrete, Wallcrete was aware that this was a public works job and had experience performing public works jobs. As an experienced public works sub-contractor, Wallcrete therefore knew or reasonably should have known of its obligations under the public works laws and deliberately failed or refused to comply by

misclassifying cement masons as laborers, failing to pay proper prevailing wage rates including the proper prevailing wage rate for overtime, failing to maintain accurate certified payroll records and failing to comply with all other obligations required on a public works project.

Respondents Garit David Wallace and Amber Anderson, individually are in willful violation of falsifying certified payroll records submitted to the Awarding Body and to the DLSE.

Intent to Defraud

California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 16800 defines "Intent to Defraud" as "the intent to deceive another person or entity, as defined in this article, and to induce such other person or entity, in reliance upon such deception, to assume, create, transfer, alter or terminate a right, obligation or power with reference to property of any kind."

While debarment is appropriate due to Wallcrete's willful violation of the Public Works laws, the uncontested evidence established that Wallcrete violated the provisions of Labor Code §1774, 1815 and 1776, with an <u>intent to defraud</u> its workers, Subcontractor Jeff McGowan Concrete, Awarding Body and the DLSE on the Fire Station 32 and Phase I Corporate Yard project. An intent to deceive or defraud can be inferred from the facts. *People v. Kiperman* (1977) 69 Cal.App.Supp.25. An unlawful intent can be inferred from the doing of an unlawful act. *People v. McLaughlin, supra*.

The uncontested evidence presented by DLSE established that Wallcrete misclassified its workers on this project as Laborers Group 2 who received \$26.88 per hour when they should have been classified as Cement Masons earning \$46.84 per hour.

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The certified payroll records signed under penalty of perjury by Respondents Garit David Wallace and/or Controller Amber Anderson and submitted to the Awarding Body listed more days and hours worked than was listed on those certified payroll records submitted to the DLSE. There were also discrepancies in the overtime hours indicated on each set of payroll records. The records submitted to Subcontractor Jeff McGowan Concrete, who in turn submitted them to the Awarding Body, showed that Wallcrete paid more to its workers than the copy submitted to the DLSE showed. Some workers who were listed on the certified payroll records submitted to the DLSE were not included in the certified payroll records submitted to Subcontractor Jeff McGowan Concrete for the same time period. The only logical explanation for the discrepancies in the two sets of certified payroll records is that Wallcrete, Respondents Garit David Wallace and Amber Anderson, Individuals, intended to deceive Subcontractor Jeff McGowan Concrete and the Awarding Body into believing that they were paying more for wages and benefits than they really were paying under the contract. Accordingly, the uncontested evidence supports a finding of Respondents Wallcrete, Garit David Wallace and Amber Anderson, Individuals' intent to defraud under Labor Code §1777.1(a)

ORDER OF DEBARMENT

In accordance with the foregoing, it is hereby ordered that Respondents

WALLCRETE INDUSTRIES, INC.; GARIT DAVID WALLACE AND AMBER

ANDERSON, INDIVIDUALS, shall be ineligible to, and shall not, bid on or be awarded a contract for a public works project, and shall not perform work as a subcontractor on a public work as defined by Labor Code §§1720, 1720.2 and 1720.3, for a period of three

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(3) years, effective forty-five (45) days from the date this decision is signed by Labor Commissioner Julie A. Su.. A three year period is appropriate under these circumstances where Respondents WALLCRETE INDUSTRIES, INC.; GARIT DAVID WALLACE AND AMBER ANDERSON, INDIVIDUALS deliberately and with complete disregard of the Public Works laws misclassified their cement mason workers as laborers, failed to pay their workers proper prevailing wage rates, applicable prevailing wage rates for overtime, knowingly and intentionally submitted false certified payroll reports under penalty of perjury, and failed to comply with their obligations in regards to employer contributions to retirement plans, health plans, and other benefit plans.

This debarment shall also apply to any other contractor or subcontractor in which Respondents WALLCRETE INDUSTRIES, INC.; GARIT DAVID WALLACE AND AMBER ANDERSON, INDIVIDUALS have any interest or for which either or all three said Respondents act as a responsible managing employee, responsible managing officer, general partner, manager, supervisor, owner, partner, officer, employee, agent, consultant, or representative. "Any interest" includes, but is not limited to, all instances where Respondents receive payments, whether in cash or in another form of compensation, from the entity bidding or performing works on the public works project, or enters into any contract or agreement with the entity bidding or performing work on the public works project for services performed or to be assigned or sublet, or for vehicles, tools, equipment or supplies that have been or will be sold, rented or leased during the period of debarment. Dated: June 11, 2012

GARCIA EARLEY, Hearing Officer

STATE OF CALIFORNIA Department of Industrial Relations Division of Labor Standards Enforcement EDNA GARCIA EARLEY, State Bar No. 195661 320 W. 4th Street, Suite 430 Los Angeles, California 90013 Tel.:(213) 897-1511 Fax: (213)897-2877 5 Attorney for the Labor Commissioner BEFORE THE DIVISION OF LABOR STANDARDS ENFORCEMENT DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS 10 FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 11 12 In the matter of the Case No.: SAC 5175 Debarment Proceeding Against: 13 DECISION RE DEBARMENT OF 14 RESPONDENTS FROM PUBLIC 15 **WORKS PROJECTS** Wallcrete Industries, Inc.; Garit David 16 Wallace and Amber Anderson, Individuals,) [Labor Code §1777.1] 17 18 Respondents. 19 20 21 22 23 The attached Proposed Statement of Decision of Hearing Officer Edna Garcia 24 Earley, debarring WALLCRETE INDUSTRIES, INC.; GARIT DAVID WALLACE 25 AND AMBER ANDERSON, INDIVIDUALS, from working on public works projects in 26 the State of California for three years, is hereby adopted by the Division of Labor 27 Standards Enforcement as the Decision in the above-captioned matter. 28

This Decision shall become effective 45 days from today's date.

IT IS SO ORDERED

Dated: June 13, 2012

DIVISION OF LABOR STANDARDS ENFORCEMENT

Department of Industrial Relations State of California

JULIE A/SU

State Labor Commissioner