

**STANDARDS PRESENTATION
TO
CALIFORNIA OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS BOARD**

PROPOSED STATE STANDARD,
TITLE 8, CHAPTER 4

Amend Section 3427 to read as follows:

§3427. Safe Work Procedures.

(a) Climbing and Access.

(1) Prior to climbing the tree, the tree shall be visually inspected by a qualified tree worker who shall determine and ensure a safe method of entry into the tree. The location of all electrical conductors and equipment within the work area shall be identified in relation to the work being performed.

(A) The following emergency provisions contained in Section 3427(a)(1)(B) are for the use of cranes to provide access into fire and/or bark beetle damaged trees only, and are permitted only within Riverside, San Bernardino, and San Diego Counties.

~~(A)(B)~~ Only when a fire and/or bark beetle damaged tree cannot be safely accessed by climbing or the use of aerial devices, a qualified tree worker may be hoisted into position by using an approved tree worker's saddle suspended from a crane's closed safety type hook that is equipped with a device or locking means to prevent the load from becoming disengaged. The tree worker's saddle shall also be secured to an independent line attached above the crane hook and the following criteria shall be met:

1. All climbing equipment, lines and rigging shall have a minimum breaking strength of at least 5000 pounds.

2. The crane boom and load line shall be moved in a slow, controlled, cautious manner with no sudden movements when the qualified tree worker is attached to the crane.

3. The requirements for hoisting employees by crane in a personnel platform contained in Sections 5004(d)(2), (4), (5), (6), and 5004(e) shall apply to the hoisting of a qualified tree worker suspended in an approved tree worker saddle.

4. The qualified tree worker being hoisted shall be in continuous communication with the crane operator, or signals shall be relayed by a qualified signal person as provided in Section 5001.

5. The crane operator shall remain at the controls when the qualified tree worker is attached to the crane.

6. The qualified tree worker shall be detached from the crane while the load is hoisted.

7. The employer shall ensure that the crane operator and qualified tree worker determine the weight of the load being lifted to prevent the crane from being overloaded.

8. The hoisting of a qualified tree worker shall be promptly discontinued upon indication of any dangerous weather conditions or other impending danger.

NOTE: 1. Other applicable provisions pertaining to crane operations are contained in the General Industry Safety Orders, Group 13, Cranes and Other Hoisting Equipment.

NOTE: 2. For line clearance tree trimming operations, see Article 38 of the High Voltage Electrical Safety Orders.

(2) The climbing line be crotched as soon as practical after the employee is aloft, and a taut line-hitch tied and checked.

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(3) The climbing rope shall be passed around the main leader or a major upright branch of the tree as high as necessary using branches with a wide crotch to prevent any binding of the safety rope. The crotch selected for tying-in shall be over the work area as nearly as possible, but located in such a way that a slip or fall would not permit the employee to come in contact with any electrical conductor, equipment or other hazard. The rope shall be passed around the main leader or an upright branch, using a limb as a stop. Feet, hands, and ropes should, where possible, be kept out of tight-V-shaped crotches.

(4) When working aloft, employees shall be required to wear tree workers' saddles and tie-in with an approved safety strap or rope.

(5) Employees shall remain tied in until the work is completed and they have returned to the ground, unless it is necessary to recrotch.

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NOTE: Authority cited: Section 142.3, Labor Code. Reference: Section 142.3, Labor Code.