

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, state government, California, 2015

Occupation	State government 2,3,4	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	6,800	--	--	--	--	6,800	--	--	--	--	--	2,530	--	--	4,250
Correctional officers and jailers	1,090	--	--	--	--	1,090	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1,090
Psychiatric technicians	670	--	--	--	--	670	--	--	--	--	--	620	--	--	50
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	510	--	--	--	--	510	--	--	--	--	--	90	--	--	430
Firefighters	500	--	--	--	--	500	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	500
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	380	--	--	--	--	380	--	--	--	--	--	290	--	--	90
Registered nurses	360	--	--	--	--	360	--	--	--	--	--	260	--	--	100
Forest and conservation workers	190	--	--	--	--	190	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	190
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	160	--	--	--	--	160	--	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	110
Maintenance and repair workers, general	160	--	--	--	--	160	--	--	--	--	--	130	--	--	30
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	150	--	--	--	--	150	--	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	100
First-line supervisors of correctional officers	100	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100
Office clerks, general	100	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100
Civil engineers	90	--	--	--	--	90	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	90
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators	90	--	--	--	--	90	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	90
First-line supervisors of food preparation and serving workers	80	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	80
Stationary engineers and boiler operators	80	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	60
Medical and health services managers	80	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	60
Cooks, institution and cafeteria	80	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	--	--	70	--	--	--
First-line supervisors of helpers, laborers, and material movers, hand	70	--	--	--	--	70	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	70
Psychiatric aides	60	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--
Compliance officers	60	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	60
Dental assistants	60	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	60
Mobile heavy equipment mechanics, except engines	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	50
Human resources specialists	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	20
Secretaries and administrative assistants, except legal, medical, and executive	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	30
Medical records and health information technicians	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 10, 2016