

**State of California, Department of Industrial Relations  
Division of Workers' Compensation  
Workers' Compensation Information System (WCIS)**

**Table 6: Claims by Gender and Year of Injury, 2000 - 2015**

GENDER	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	TOTAL 2000 - 2015
Male	464,320	586,001	553,963	527,268	503,250	477,368	457,275	427,472	392,381	339,928	338,082	333,889	339,934	340,480	349,424	343,746	<b>6,774,781</b>
Female	284,558	369,805	364,168	346,499	324,462	298,977	294,725	294,787	279,269	258,859	262,100	257,523	261,622	259,270	265,080	258,444	<b>4,680,148</b>
<b>SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>748,878</b>	<b>955,806</b>	<b>918,131</b>	<b>873,767</b>	<b>827,712</b>	<b>776,345</b>	<b>752,000</b>	<b>722,259</b>	<b>671,650</b>	<b>598,787</b>	<b>600,182</b>	<b>591,412</b>	<b>601,556</b>	<b>599,750</b>	<b>614,504</b>	<b>602,190</b>	<b>11,454,929</b>
Unknown	8,817	6,674	5,774	4,464	4,654	3,976	3,706	4,211	3,805	3,334	2,550	2,843	3,187	3,702	4,856	4,602	<b>71,155</b>
<b>TOTAL REPORTED INJURIES</b>	<b>757,695</b>	<b>962,480</b>	<b>923,905</b>	<b>878,231</b>	<b>832,366</b>	<b>780,321</b>	<b>755,706</b>	<b>726,470</b>	<b>675,455</b>	<b>602,121</b>	<b>602,732</b>	<b>594,255</b>	<b>604,743</b>	<b>603,452</b>	<b>619,360</b>	<b>606,792</b>	<b>11,526,084</b>

**Percentage (%) Distribution Claims by Gender and Year of Injury**

GENDER	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	TOTAL 2000 - 2015
Male	62.0%	61.3%	60.3%	60.3%	60.8%	61.5%	60.8%	59.2%	58.4%	56.8%	56.3%	56.5%	56.5%	56.8%	56.9%	57.1%	59.1%
Female	38.0%	38.7%	39.7%	39.7%	39.2%	38.5%	39.2%	40.8%	41.6%	43.2%	43.7%	43.5%	43.5%	43.2%	43.1%	42.9%	40.9%
<b>TOTAL (%)</b>	<b>100.0%</b>																

Note: Totals and percentages may not always add up due to rounding.

Source: WCIS database. A significant amount of variation in the number of claims across years results from noncompliance and late reporting of claims. Data are based upon calendar year of injury. DWC believes that its database is representative of claims in California's workers' compensation (WC) industry. Federal and state law prohibits discrimination in employment based on gender.