

Case Number:	CM15-0087099		
Date Assigned:	05/11/2015	Date of Injury:	11/18/2009
Decision Date:	06/10/2015	UR Denial Date:	04/10/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	05/06/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:

State(s) of Licensure: California

Certification(s)/Specialty: Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 53 year old male, who sustained an industrial low back injury on 11/18/2009. Treatment to date has included conservative care, medications, x-rays, MRIs, conservative therapies, previous epidural steroid injection, and cortisone injections. Currently, the injured worker complains of increased low back pain and lower extremity pain. The injured worker previously underwent a lumbar epidural steroid injection on 09/16/2014 resulting in significant pain relief and increased functionality for several months. The diagnoses include left knee sprain, lumbar strain/sprain, and lumbar radiculopathy. The request for authorization included a repeat lumbar epidural steroid injection.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Lumbar epidural steroid injection: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not base their decision on the MTUS. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG), Pain chapter.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Steroid injections, page 46.

Decision rationale: MTUS Chronic Pain Medical Treatment Guidelines recommend ESI as an option for treatment of radicular pain (defined as pain in dermatomal distribution with corroborative findings of radiculopathy); However, radiculopathy must be documented on physical examination and corroborated by imaging studies and/or Electrodiagnostic testing. Although the patient has radicular symptoms, to repeat a LESI in the therapeutic phase, repeat blocks should be based on continued objective documented pain and functional improvement, including at least 50% pain relief with associated reduction of medication use for six to eight weeks. Submitted reports are unclear with level of pain relief and duration of benefit. Submitted reports have not demonstrated any functional improvement derived from the LESI as the patient has unchanged symptom severity, unchanged clinical findings without decreased in medication profile or treatment utilization or functional improvement described in terms of increased functional status or activities of daily living. Criteria to repeat the LESI have not been met or established. The Lumbar epidural steroid injection is not medically necessary and appropriate.