

Case Number:	CM15-0041310		
Date Assigned:	03/11/2015	Date of Injury:	08/31/2008
Decision Date:	04/14/2015	UR Denial Date:	02/12/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	03/04/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:

State(s) of Licensure: Massachusetts

Certification(s)/Specialty: Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation, Pain Management

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 70 year old female, who sustained an industrial injury on 8/31/2008. The current diagnoses are lumbar herniated nucleus pulposus and left foot neuralgia. Treatment to date has included medications, MRI of the lumbar spine, physical therapy, epidural steroid injection, and surgery. According to the progress report dated 1/9/2015, the injured worker complains of left foot pain and right shoulder pain with limited range of motion. The current plan of care includes Percocet 10/325mg #90 and Lidoderm patches.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Percocet 10/325mg #90: Overturned

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS ACOEM Chapter 12 Low Back Complaints, Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Page(s): 92.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines (1) Pain Outcomes and Endpoints, p8, (2) Opioids, criteria for use, p76-80 (3) Opioids, dosing, p86 Page(s): 8, 76-80, 86.

Decision rationale: The claimant is nearly 7 years status post work-related injury and continues to be treated for chronic pain including right shoulder and left foot pain. When seen by the requesting provider physical examination findings included painful and decreased lumbar spine range of motion with positive left straight leg raise. Guidelines indicate that when an injured worker has reached a permanent and stationary status or maximal medical improvement, that does not mean that they are no longer entitled to future medical care. When prescribing controlled substances for pain, satisfactory response to treatment may be indicated by the patient's decreased pain, increased level of function, or improved quality of life. Percocet (oxycodone/acetaminophen) is a short acting combination opioid often used for intermittent or breakthrough pain. In this case, it is being prescribed as part of the claimant's ongoing management. There are no identified issues of abuse, addiction, or poor pain control. There are no inconsistencies in the history, presentation, the claimant's behaviors, or by physical examination. The total MED is less than 120 mg per day consistent with guideline recommendations. Therefore, the continued prescribing of Percocet was medically necessary.