

Case Number:	CM15-0039668		
Date Assigned:	03/09/2015	Date of Injury:	10/10/2003
Decision Date:	04/13/2015	UR Denial Date:	01/30/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	03/02/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:

State(s) of Licensure: California

Certification(s)/Specialty: Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation, Pain Management

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

This 69 year old female sustained a work related injury on 10/10/2003. According to a progress report dated 01/15/2015, the injured worker was having more spasms in her back. Pain was rated 6 on a scale of 1-10. Current medications afforded less than 50 percent decrease in the symptoms and were only temporary. The injured worker reported that she had tried TENS (transcutaneous electrical stimulation) before which provided significant relief. She never got a prescription for permanent use though and wanted to have this device for additional pain relief to avoid taking more medications. Diagnoses included lumbago status post-surgery, chronic pain not elsewhere classified, lumbosacral spondylosis and lumbosacral neuritis not otherwise classified. The provider noted that the injured worker may benefit from use of a TENS unit.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

TENS Unit: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines 8 C.C.R. 9792.20 - 9792.26 MTUS (Effective July 18, 2009) Page(s): 114-117 of 127.

Decision rationale: Regarding the request for TENS, Chronic Pain Medical Treatment Guidelines state that transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation (TENS) is not recommended as a primary treatment modality, but a one-month home-based TENS trial may be considered as a noninvasive conservative option if used as an adjunct to a program of evidence-based functional restoration. Guidelines recommend failure of other appropriate pain modalities including medications prior to a TENS unit trial. Prior to TENS unit purchase, one month trial should be documented as an adjunct to ongoing treatment modalities within a functional restoration approach, with documentation of how often the unit was used, as well as outcomes in terms of pain relief and function. Within the documentation available for review, there is no indication that the patient has undergone a 30-day TENS unit trial with objective functional improvement and analgesic efficacy, and no documentation of any specific objective functional deficits which a tens unit trial would be intended to address. Additionally, it is unclear what other treatment modalities are currently being used within a functional restoration approach. In the absence of clarity regarding those issues, the currently requested TENS unit is not medically necessary.