

Case Number:	CM15-0226039		
Date Assigned:	11/24/2015	Date of Injury:	11/23/1999
Decision Date:	12/31/2015	UR Denial Date:	10/26/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	11/17/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:

State(s) of Licensure: New York

Certification(s)/Specialty: Internal Medicine

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 59 year old male, who sustained an industrial injury on 11-23-99. The injured worker was diagnosed as having low back pain, lumbar radiculopathy, lumbar intervertebral disc degeneration, and lumbosacral spondylosis. Treatment to date has included epidural steroid injections, medial branch blocks, and medication including Norco, Flexeril, Celebrex, and Morphine ER. The injured worker had been taking Norco and Morphine ER since at least April 2015. On 8-13-15 pain was rated as 6 of 10. On 10-15-15, the injured worker complained of low back pain with radiation to bilateral lower extremities rated as 7 of 10. The treating physician requested authorization for Morphine ER 15mg #60 and Norco 10-325mg #150. On 10-26-15 the request for Morphine ER 15mg #60 was modified to certify a quantity of 27. The request for Norco 10-325mg #150 was modified to certify a quantity of 81.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Morphine ER 15mg #60: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Medical Treatment 2009, Section(s): Opioids, criteria for use.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Medical Treatment 2009, Section(s): Opioids for chronic pain. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) Opioids.

Decision rationale: According to ODG, chronic pain can have a mixed physiologic etiology of both neuropathic and nociceptive components. In most cases, analgesic treatment should begin with acetaminophen, aspirin, and NSAIDs. When these drugs do not satisfactorily reduce pain, opioids for moderate to moderately severe pain may be added. According to ODG and MTUS, Morphine ER is an opioid analgesic, and is in a class of drugs that has a primary indication to relieve symptoms related to pain. Opioid drugs are available in various dosage forms and strengths. They are considered the most powerful class of analgesics that may be used to manage both acute and chronic pain. These medications are generally classified according to potency and duration of dosage duration. The treatment of chronic pain with any opioid analgesic requires review and documentation of pain relief, functional status, appropriate medication use, and side effects. A pain assessment should include current pain, intensity of pain after taking the opiate, and the duration of pain relief. In this case, there is no documentation of the medication's pain relief effectiveness, functional status, or response to ongoing opioid analgesic therapy. Medical necessity of the requested item has not been established. Of note, discontinuation of an opioid analgesic should include a taper to avoid withdrawal symptoms. The requested medication is not medically necessary.

Norco 10/325mg #150: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Medical Treatment 2009, Section(s): Opioids, criteria for use.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Medical Treatment 2009, Section(s): Opioids for chronic pain. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) Opioids.

Decision rationale: According to MTUS and ODG, Norco 10/325mg (Hydrocodone/Acetaminophen) is a short-acting opioid analgesic indicated for moderate to moderately severe pain, and is used to manage both acute and chronic pain. The treatment of chronic pain with any opioid analgesic requires review and documentation of pain relief, functional status, appropriate medication use, and side effects. A pain assessment should include current pain, intensity of pain after taking the opiate, and the duration of pain relief. In this case, there is no documentation of the medication's pain relief effectiveness, functional status, or response to ongoing opioid analgesic therapy. Medical necessity of the requested item has not been established. Of note, discontinuation of an opioid analgesic should include a taper, to avoid withdrawal symptoms. The requested medication is not recommended and not medically necessary.