

Case Number:	CM15-0020172		
Date Assigned:	02/13/2015	Date of Injury:	03/18/2005
Decision Date:	04/15/2015	UR Denial Date:	01/07/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	02/03/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:
 State(s) of Licensure: California, District of Columbia, Maryland
 Certification(s)/Specialty: Anesthesiology, Pain Management

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

This 63 year old male sustained an industrial injury on 3/18/05. He subsequently reports chronic low back pain and bilateral knee pain. Diagnoses include lumbar radiculitis, right knee DJD and left knee DJD. Treatments to date have included pain medications. On 1/7/15, Utilization Review non-certified a request for Retrospective Ibuprofen 800mg quantity 120, Prilosec 20mg quantity 60 and Retrospective Hydrocodone 10/325mg quantity 120. The request for Retrospective Ibuprofen 800mg quantity 120, Prilosec 20mg quantity 60 and Retrospective Hydrocodone 10/325mg quantity 120 was denied based on MTUS Chronic Pain guidelines.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Retrospective ibuprofen 800mg quantity 120 (DOS: 07/23/13): Overturned

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines NSAIDs Page(s): 67-68.

Decision rationale: I respectfully disagree with the UR physician. NSAIDs are considered the first line agents to reduce pain and improve function and the California MTUS does not mandate documentation of significant functional benefit for the continued use of NSAIDs. Ibuprofen is indicated for the injured worker's knee and back pain. The request is medically necessary.

Prilosec 20mg quantity 60: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines NSAIDs, GI Symptoms & Cardiovascular Risk.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines NSAIDs, GI Symptoms, & Cardiovascular Risk Page(s): 68.

Decision rationale: Prilosec (Omeprazole) is a proton pump inhibitor useful for the treatment of gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD) and is considered a gastric protectant for individuals utilizing non-steroidal anti-inflammatory medications. There is no indication in the record provided of a G.I. disorder. Additionally, the injured employee does not have a significant risk factor for potential G.I. complications as outlined by the MTUS. Therefore, this request for Prilosec is not medically necessary.

Retrospective hydrocodone 10/325mg quantity 120 (DOS: 07/23/13): Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Opioids.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Opioids Page(s): 78, 91.

Decision rationale: Per MTUS Chronic Pain Medical Treatment Guidelines p78 regarding on-going management of opioids "Four domains have been proposed as most relevant for ongoing monitoring of chronic pain patients on opioids: Pain relief, side effects, physical and psychosocial functioning, and the occurrence of any potentially aberrant (or nonadherent) drug related behaviors. These domains have been summarized as the "4 A's" (Analgesia, activities of daily living, adverse side effects, and any aberrant drug-taking behaviors). The monitoring of these outcomes over time should affect therapeutic decisions and provide a framework for documentation of the clinical use of these controlled drugs." Review of the available medical records reveals no documentation to support the medical necessity of hydrocodone 10/325 mg nor any documentation addressing the '4 A's' domains, which is a recommended practice for the on-going management of opioids. Specifically, the notes do not appropriately review and document pain relief, functional status improvement, appropriate medication use, or side effects. The MTUS considers this list of criteria for initiation and continuation of opioids in the context of efficacy required to substantiate medical necessity, and they do not appear to have been addressed by the treating physician in the documentation available for review. Furthermore, efforts to rule out aberrant behavior (e.g. CURES report, UDS, opiate agreement) are necessary to assure safe usage and establish medical necessity. There is no documentation comprehensively addressing this concern in the records available for my review. As MTUS recommends to discontinue opioids if there is no overall improvement in function, medical necessity cannot be affirmed.