

Case Number:	CM15-0197563		
Date Assigned:	10/14/2015	Date of Injury:	12/09/2014
Decision Date:	12/30/2015	UR Denial Date:	10/01/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	10/07/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:
 State(s) of Licensure: California, Indiana, Oregon
 Certification(s)/Specialty: Orthopedic Surgery

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 48-year-old male, who sustained an industrial injury on December 9, 2014, incurring low back and left shoulder injuries. He was diagnosed with lumbar degenerative disc disease, lumbar strain and lumbar radiculopathy, left shoulder impingement syndrome, left shoulder internal derangement and left shoulder synovitis. Treatment included physical therapy, traction, chiropractic sessions, acupuncture, pain medications, neuropathic medications, proton pump inhibitor, anti-inflammatory drugs and transdermal creams. Currently, the injured worker complained of persistent low back pain radiating to the bilateral thighs. A lumbar Magnetic Resonance Imaging revealed disc herniation with compression on the nerve root. He rated his pain 5-6 out of 10 on a pain scale from 0 to 10, aggravated by movement, repetitive motion, and lifting, sitting, standing, walking, driving and climbing stairs. He obtained some relief from medications. He complained of continued left shoulder pain increased with overhead manipulation. He rated his shoulder pain 7-8 out of 10, increased with activity and repetitive motion. The treatment plan that was requested for authorization on October 7, 2015, included a left shoulder arthroscopy, preoperative clearance, associated surgical services including HNP, electrocardiogram, Chest X-ray, Chemistry Panel, CBC, PTT, INR, Urinalysis and a request for postoperative physical therapy for the left shoulder 2 times a week for 8 weeks. On October 1, 2015, requests for surgical services and postoperative physical therapy were denied by utilization review.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Left shoulder arthroscopy: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Shoulder Complaints 2004, Section(s): Surgical Considerations.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Shoulder Complaints 2004, Section(s): Surgical Considerations. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) Shoulder Chapter.

Decision rationale: According to the CA MTUS/ACOEM Shoulder Chapter, page 209-210, surgical considerations for the shoulder include failure of four months of activity modification and existence of a surgical lesion. The ODG shoulder section, acromioplasty surgery recommends 3-6 months of conservative care plus a painful arc of motion from 90-130 degrees. In addition night pain and weak or absent abduction must be present. There must be tenderness over the rotator cuff or anterior acromial area and positive impingement signs with temporary relief from anesthetic injection. In this case, there is no documentation of weak or absent abduction. Response to anesthetic injection is not documented. The request is not medically necessary.

Pre-op clearance: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Associated surgical service: HNP: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Associated surgical service: EKG: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Associated surgical service: Chest x-ray: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Associated surgical service: Chemistry Panel: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Associated surgical service: CBC: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Associated surgical service: PTT: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Associated surgical service: INR: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Post-op physical therapy 2 times a week for 8 weeks for left shoulder (16-sessions): Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Associated surgical service: Urinalysis: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.