

Case Number:	CM15-0193389		
Date Assigned:	10/08/2015	Date of Injury:	02/07/2013
Decision Date:	11/20/2015	UR Denial Date:	09/08/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	10/01/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:
 State(s) of Licensure: New York, Montana, California
 Certification(s)/Specialty: Neurological Surgery

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 31 year old male who sustained an industrial injury on 2-7-13. The injured worker reported low back discomfort. A review of the medical records indicates that the injured worker is undergoing treatments for displacement of lumbar intervertebral disc without myelopathy. Medical records dated 9-23-15 indicate pain increased with prolonged standing and sitting. Provider documentation dated 9-23-15 noted the work status as modified work. Treatment has included Tramadol since at least February of 2015, physical therapy, status post lumbar laminectomy, magnetic resonance imaging (7-2-15), and home exercise program. Objective findings dated 9-23-15 were notable for tenderness to palpation to the lumbosacral spine, tightness to bilateral hamstring, pain upon flexion and extension, sensation decreased to bilateral plantar feet, positive straight leg raising on the left. The original utilization review (9-8-15) denied a request for Surgery-spine L4-S1 anterior posterior laminectomy fusion with instrumentation and associated services.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Surgery of the spine at L4-S1, anterior/posterior laminectomy fusion with instrumentation:
 Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Low Back Complaints 2004.
 Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Low Back Complaints 2004, Section(s): Surgical Considerations.

Decision rationale: California MTUS guidelines do recommend spinal fusion for fracture, dislocation and instability. Documentation does not provide evidence of this. The California MTUS guidelines do recommend lumbar surgery if there is clear clinical, electrophysiological and imaging evidence of nerve impingement which would correlate with severe, debilitating pain unresponsive to conservative management. Documentation does not provide this evidence. His magnetic resonance imaging scan (MRI) shows no severe canal or foraminal stenosis or nerve root impingement. His provider recommended an anterior interbody and posterior lumbar arthrodesis. Documentation does not present evidence of instability or radiculopathy. According to the Guidelines for the performance of fusion procedures for degenerative diseases of the lumbar spine, published by the joint section of the American Association of Neurological surgeons and Congress of Neurological surgeons in 2005 there was no convincing medical evidence to support the routine use of lumbar fusion at the time of primary lumbar disc excision. This recommendation was not changed in the update of 2014. The update did note that fusion might be an option if there is evidence of spinal instability, chronic low back pain and severe degenerative changes. Documentation does not show instability or severe degenerative changes. The requested treatment: Surgery-spine L4-S1 anterior/posterior laminectomy fusion with instrumentation is not medically reasonable and appropriate.

Outpatient procedure: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Seven day post-operative rehabilitation stay with services at acute rehab unit: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Vascular surgeon: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Assistant surgeon: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Pre-op history and physical with internist: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Pre-op labs: CBC: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Pre-op labs: PT/PTT: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Pre-op chem 20: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Pre-op chest X-ray: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Pre-op EKG: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Pre-op labs: UA: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Pre-op labs: MRSA screen: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Post op LSO brace: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.

Intra-op spinal cord monitoring: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: As the requested surgical procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary and appropriate.