

<b>Case Number:</b>	CM15-0162948		
<b>Date Assigned:</b>	08/31/2015	<b>Date of Injury:</b>	03/24/2015
<b>Decision Date:</b>	10/09/2015	<b>UR Denial Date:</b>	07/22/2015
<b>Priority:</b>	Standard	<b>Application Received:</b>	08/19/2015

### HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:  
State(s) of Licensure: California, Oregon, Washington  
Certification(s)/Specialty: Orthopedic Surgery

### CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 66 year old female who sustained an industrial injury on 3-24-15. Her initial complaints and the nature of the injury are unavailable for review. The 7-15-15 orthopedic progress note indicates that the injured worker has a diagnosis of Left Medial Meniscal Tear. Her complaints were noted to be weakness, stiffness, instability, and locking of the left knee. She complained of moderate pain. An MRI indicated that there was a complex tear posterior horn and body of medial meniscus with mild patellofemoral arthritis. She had undergone physical therapy in the past. The treatment recommendations indicated that she "failed conservative management". Therefore, left knee arthroscopy with medial meniscectomy was recommended.

### IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

**Left knee arthroscopy with medial meniscectomy and related procedures: Upheld**

**Claims Administrator guideline:** Decision based on MTUS ACOEM Chapter 13 Knee Complaints Page(s): 343-345. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG), Knee and Leg, Meniscectomy.

**MAXIMUS guideline:** Decision based on MTUS ACOEM Chapter 13 Knee Complaints  
Page(s): 344-345.

**Decision rationale:** CA MTUS/ACOEM Chapter 13 Knee Complaints, pages 344-345, states regarding meniscus tears, Arthroscopic partial meniscectomy usually has a high success rate for cases in which there is clear evidence of a meniscus tear symptoms other than simply pain (locking, popping, giving way, recurrent effusion). According to ODG Knee and Leg section, Meniscectomy section, states indications for arthroscopy and meniscectomy include attempt at physical therapy and subjective clinical findings, which correlate with objective examination and MRI. In this case the exam notes from 7/5/15 do not demonstrate evidence of adequate course of physical therapy or other conservative measures. In addition there is lack of evidence in the cited records of meniscal symptoms such as locking, popping, giving way or recurrent effusion. Therefore the determination is not medically necessary.

**Assistant surgeon:** Upheld

**Claims Administrator guideline:** The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

**MAXIMUS guideline:** The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

**Decision rationale:** Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

**Full pre-operative medical clearance including history and physical:** Upheld

**Claims Administrator guideline:** The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

**MAXIMUS guideline:** The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

**Decision rationale:** Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

**Labs: Complete blood count (CBC) and Complete metabolic panel (CMP):** Upheld

**Claims Administrator guideline:** The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

**MAXIMUS guideline:** The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

**Decision rationale:** Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.