

Case Number:	CM15-0161114		
Date Assigned:	08/24/2015	Date of Injury:	10/07/2014
Decision Date:	10/05/2015	UR Denial Date:	08/03/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	08/17/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:
 State(s) of Licensure: California, Indiana, Oregon
 Certification(s)/Specialty: Orthopedic Surgery

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 63 year old female, who sustained an industrial injury on October 7, 2014, incurring bilateral hands, neck, upper back and shoulders after falling forward on a sidewalk. She was diagnosed with right cubital tunnel syndrome, right carpal tunnel syndrome, right basal joint osteoarthritis and left fourth digit joint synovitis, lumbar sprain, shoulder sprain, breast contusions, upper back sprain and ankle sprain. Treatment included anti-inflammatory drugs, pain medications, topical analgesic ointment, physical therapy and home exercise program and activity restrictions. Currently, the injured worker complained of persistent neck, shoulder and upper back pain with restricted range of motion. She noted increased right hand and wrist pain, weakness with loss of strength in gripping and grasping. She noted increased numbness and tingling of the right hand and fingers. The treatment plan that was requested for authorization included a right carpal tunnel release, 12 sessions of physical therapy of post-operative certified hand therapy, and prescriptions for Relafen and Percocet.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

1 Right Carpal Tunnel Release: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS ACOEM Chapter 11 Forearm, Wrist, and Hand Complaints Page(s): 270.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not base their decision on the MTUS. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) Carpal tunnel.

Decision rationale: Per the CA MTUS/ACOEM guidelines, Chapter 11 Forearm, Wrist and Hand Complaints page 270, Electrodiagnostic testing is required to evaluate for carpal tunnel and stratify success in carpal tunnel release. In addition, the guidelines recommend splinting and medications as well as a cortisone injection to help facilitate diagnosis. The Official Disability Guidelines were also referenced for more specific recommendations. According to the Official Disability Guidelines, surgery for carpal tunnel syndrome is recommended after an accurate diagnosis of moderate or severe CTS. Surgery is not generally initially indicated for mild CTS unless symptoms persist after conservative treatment. Severe CTS requires all of the following: Muscle atrophy, severe weakness of thenar muscles, 2-point discrimination test greater than 6 mm and positive electrodiagnostic testing. Not severe CTS requires all the following: Symptoms of pain, numbness, paresthesia, impaired dexterity requiring two of the following: Abnormal Katz hand diagram scores, nocturnal symptoms, Flick sign (shaking hand); findings by physical exam, requiring two of the following including compression test, Semmes-Weinstein monofilament test, Phalen's sign, Tinel's sign, decreased 2-point discrimination, mild thenar weakness, (thumb adduction); co-morbidities of no current pregnancy; initial conservative treatment requiring three of the following: Activity modification greater than or equal to one month, night wrist splint greater than or equal to one month, nonprescription analgesia (i.e. acetaminophen), home exercise training (provided by physician, healthcare provider or therapist) or successful initial outcome from corticosteroid injection trial (optional) and positive electrodiagnostic testing. In this case there is insufficient evidence of carpal tunnel syndrome and failure of conservative management as stated above. There is insufficient evidence of abnormal hand diagram scores, nocturnal symptoms, decreased two point discrimination or thenar weakness to warrant surgery. Therefore the request is not medically necessary.

Associated surgical services: 1 prescription of Relafen 750mg #60: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

Associated surgical services: 1 prescription of Percocet 5/325mg #30: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

12 sessions of Physical Therapy of post-operative certified hand therapy: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.