

Case Number:	CM15-0134318		
Date Assigned:	07/28/2015	Date of Injury:	04/18/1990
Decision Date:	08/28/2015	UR Denial Date:	07/02/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	07/10/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:

State(s) of Licensure: New York

Certification(s)/Specialty: Neurological Surgery

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 72 year old female, who sustained an industrial injury on 4/18/90. He reported back pain after lifting heavy objects. The injured worker was diagnosed as having lumbar (HNP) herniated nucleus pulposus, scoliosis, arthropathy and lumbar stenosis. Treatment to date has included cervical fusions, oral medications including Tramadol, Aspirin, Percocet, Flexeril and Neurontin; activity restrictions, medial branch blocks and lumbar epidural steroid injections. (MRI) magnetic resonance imaging of lumbar spine performed on 4/11/15 revealed spinal stenosis at L2-3, L3-4 and L4-5 and diffuse degenerative changes without neural impingement. Currently 6/24/15, the injured worker reports continued back pain, development of kyphosed posture and losing function in legs. Physical exam performed on 6/24/15 noted numbness and tingling radiating down to both legs. The treatment plan included lumbar instrumented fusion and decompression. A request for authorization was submitted for lumbar interbody fusion and post op medications.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Transforaminal lumbar interbody fusion with PSF/PSI at L2-L5, and posterior segmental arthrodesis: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS ACOEM Chapter 12 Low Back Complaints.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS ACOEM Chapter 12 Low Back Complaints Page(s): 305-307.

Decision rationale: The California MTUS guidelines do recommend a spinal fusion for traumatic vertebral fracture, dislocation and instability. This patient has not had any of these events. The guidelines note that the efficacy of fusion in the absence of instability has not been proven. The California MTUS guidelines recommend surgery when the patient has had severe persistent, debilitating lower extremity complaints referable to a specific nerve root or spinal cord level corroborated by clear imaging, clinical examination and electrophysiological studies. Documentation does not provide this evidence. The guidelines note the patient would have failed a trial of conservative therapy. The guidelines note the surgical repair proposed for the lesion must have evidence of efficacy both in the short and long term. The requested treatment: Transforaminal lumbar interbody fusion with PSF/PSI at L2-L5, and posterior segmental arthrodesis is not medically necessary and appropriate.

Associated surgical service: Surgical assistant: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

Post-op pain meds: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

Associated surgical service: Lumbar brace: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

Associated surgical service: External bone growth stimulator: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

Associated surgical service: Inpatient hospital stay x 3 days: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

Associated surgical service: Physical therapy 3 x 6: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.

Associated surgical service: Island bandages x 1 box: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: The Expert Reviewer did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

Decision rationale: Since the primary procedure is not medically necessary, none of the associated services are medically necessary.