

Case Number:	CM15-0009227		
Date Assigned:	01/27/2015	Date of Injury:	10/05/2011
Decision Date:	03/16/2015	UR Denial Date:	01/06/2015
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	01/15/2015

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/Service. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

The Expert Reviewer has the following credentials:

State(s) of Licensure: California

Certification(s)/Specialty: Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 50 year old male, who sustained an industrial injury on October 5, 2011. He has reported burns of the left lower extremity and a right shoulder injury. His diagnoses include residual right shoulder strain/impingement status post right shoulder arthroscopy with debridement, synovectomy, mini open rotator cuff repair, and acromioplasty on June 18, 2014. He has been treated with work modifications, physical therapy, right shoulder injection therapy, magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), x-rays, and pain and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory medications. On December 16, 2014, his treating physician reports the injured worker had completed physical therapy 4 weeks prior and he is trying to do a home exercise program. The provider documented he feels the injured worker needs work hardening physiotherapy. The treatment plan includes continuing to work on flexibility and strength, pain medication, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory medication. On January 6, 2015, Utilization Review non-certified a prescription for 4 sessions (1 x 4) of physical therapy for work hardening for the right shoulder, noting the lack of evidence of a specific defined return to work goal or job plan has been established. The California Medical Treatment Utilization Schedule (MTUS), Chronic Pain Medical Treatment Guidelines was cited.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Physical therapy for work hardening 1x4 for the right shoulder: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Work hardening.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Physical Therapy, pages 98-99.

Decision rationale: Physical therapy is considered medically necessary when the services require the judgment, knowledge, and skills of a qualified physical therapist due to the complexity and sophistication of the therapy and the physical condition of the patient. However, there is no clear measurable evidence of progress with the PT treatment already rendered including milestones of increased ROM, strength, and functional capacity. Review of submitted physician reports show no evidence of functional benefit, unchanged chronic symptom complaints, clinical findings, and functional status. There is no evidence documenting functional baseline with clear goals to be reached and the patient striving to reach those goals. The Chronic Pain Guidelines allow for 9-10 visits of physical therapy with fading of treatment to an independent self-directed home program. It appears the employee has received significant therapy sessions without demonstrated evidence of functional improvement to allow for additional therapy treatments. There is no report of acute flare-up, new injuries, or change in symptom or clinical findings to support for formal PT in a patient that has been instructed on a home exercise program for this chronic injury. Submitted reports have not adequately demonstrated the indication to support further physical therapy when prior treatment rendered has not resulted in any functional benefit. The Physical therapy for work hardening 1x4 for the right shoulder is not medically necessary and appropriate.