

Case Number:	CM14-0192227		
Date Assigned:	11/25/2014	Date of Injury:	05/06/2008
Decision Date:	01/13/2015	UR Denial Date:	10/29/2014
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	11/17/2014

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. The expert reviewer is Board Certified in Preventive Medicine, has a subspecialty in Occupational Medicine and is licensed to practice in Iowa. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/services. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

This is a 48 year old patient with date of injury of 05/06/2008. Medical records indicate the patient is undergoing treatment for h/o comminuted fracture in the right scapula with intractable shoulder pain, component of neuropathic burning pain in the upper extremity, rotator cuff tendinopathy, posttraumatic stress disorder and reactive depression and post concussive headaches. Subjective complaints include anxiety, hopelessness, poor sleep, depression, right shoulder girdle pain rated 4/10 with medications, 10/10 without medications. Objective findings include right shoulder limited range of motion, lateral abduction 50 degrees, forward flexion 60 degrees, extension 30 degrees, internal and external rotation 30 degrees with positive impingement sign, crepitus on circumduction passively of the shoulder joint, cervical compression, Valsalva and Hoffman's signs are negative. EMG negative for nerve injury. Treatment has consisted of water therapy, TENS unit, cortisone injections, psychotherapy sessions, Lyrica, Methadone, Norco, Baclofen, Colace, Senokot, Pristiq, Klonopin, Abilify, Neudexta and Lodine. The utilization review determination was rendered on 10/29/2014 recommending non-certification of Klonopin 0.5mg quantity 45.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Klonopin 0.5mg quantity 45: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Benzodiazepine.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines Benzodiazepines Page(s): 24. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) Pain, Anxiety medications in chronic pain , Benzodiazepines

Decision rationale: Klonopin is the brand name version of clonazepam. MTUS and ODG states that benzodiazepine (ie clonazepam) is "Not recommended for long-term use because long-term efficacy is unproven and there is a risk of dependence. Most guidelines limit use to 4 weeks. Their range of action includes sedative/hypnotic, anxiolytic, anticonvulsant, and muscle relaxant. Chronic benzodiazepines are the treatment of choice in very few conditions. Tolerance to hypnotic effects develops rapidly. Tolerance to anxiolytic effects occurs within months and long-term use may actually increase anxiety. A more appropriate treatment for anxiety disorder is an antidepressant. Tolerance to anticonvulsant and muscle relaxant effects occurs within weeks." ODG further states that clonazepam is "Not recommended". The guidelines do not recommend long-term use of benzodiazepines and state that use is limited to four weeks. The submitted medical records indicate that the employee has been using Klonopin for greater than four weeks, exceeding the recommended treatment timeframe. Additionally, there is a lack of any significant documented efficacy with this medication. The treating physician does not outline any special circumstances or extenuating reasons to continue this medication in excess of guidelines. As such, the request for Klonopin 0.5mg quantity 45 is not medically necessary.