

Case Number:	CM14-0167436		
Date Assigned:	10/14/2014	Date of Injury:	07/23/2008
Decision Date:	11/17/2014	UR Denial Date:	10/06/2014
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	10/10/2014

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. The expert reviewer is licensed in Acupuncture and Chiropractic and is licensed to practice in California. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/services. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

The injured worker is a 70 year old female who reported shoulder pain from injury sustained on 07/23/08. Mechanism of injury was not documented in the progress notes. There were no diagnostic imaging reports. Patient is diagnosed with primary osteoarthritis of shoulder; impingement syndrome of shoulder region; adhesive capsulitis of shoulder; disorder of shoulder region; full thickness rotator cuff tear, spasm; and sprain of shoulder/upper arm. Patient has been treated with surgery, medication, and physical therapy. Per medical notes dated 05/28/14, patient reports pain in the left shoulder with lifting and reaching activities. She has chronic muscle spasms. Per medical notes dated 09/29/14, patient reports 2 weeks of pain relief following her subacromial CSI. Her pain has since returned and is worse with lifting and reaching. She has chronic muscle spasms. Provider requested additional 8 acupuncture treatments. There is no assessment in the provided medical records of functional efficacy with prior acupuncture visits. Medical reports reveal little evidence of significant changes or improvement in findings, revealing a patient who has not achieved significant objective functional improvement to warrant additional treatment.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

8 Acupuncture Sessions: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Acupuncture Treatment Guidelines.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Acupuncture Treatment Guidelines.

Decision rationale: Per MTUS- Section 9792.24.1 Acupuncture Medical treatment Guidelines page 8-9. "Acupuncture is used as an option when pain medication is reduced and not tolerated, it may be used as an adjunct to physical rehabilitation and/or surgical intervention to hasten functional recovery". "Time to produce function improvement: 3-6 treatments. 2) Frequency: 1-3 times per week. 3) Optimum duration: 1-2 months. Acupuncture treatments may be extended if functional improvement is documented". Patient has had prior acupuncture treatment. Per medical notes dated 09/29/14, patient reports 2 weeks of pain relief following subacromial CSI, her pain has since returned and is worse with lifting and reaching. Provider requested 8 acupuncture treatments. There is no assessment in the provided medical records of functional efficacy with prior acupuncture visits. Medical reports reveal little evidence of significant changes or improvement in findings, revealing a patient who has not achieved significant objective functional improvement to warrant additional treatment. Additional visits may be rendered if the patient has documented objective functional improvement. Per MTUS guidelines, Functional improvement means either a clinically significant improvement in activities of daily living or a reduction in work restrictions as measured during the history and physical exam or decrease in medication intake. Per review of evidence and guidelines, 8 acupuncture treatments are not medically necessary.