

Case Number:	CM14-0113204		
Date Assigned:	09/18/2014	Date of Injury:	02/25/2009
Decision Date:	11/07/2014	UR Denial Date:	06/26/2014
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	07/18/2014

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. The expert reviewer is Board Certified in Family Practice and is licensed to practice in California. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/services. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

54 yr. old male claimant sustained a work injury on 2/25/09 involving the right shoulder. He was diagnosed with right rotator cuff tear from MRIs on 2010 and underwent surgical repair that year followed by right arthroscopic capsular release and debridement in 2013. His pain had been managed with Norco and Naproxen. He had been on Prilosec since at least December 2013 for GI protection. A progress note on 5/22/14 indicated the claimant had 5/10 pain and had completed 24 sessions of physical therapy. Exam findings were notable for restricted range of motion of the right shoulder and pain on palpation. The treating physician continued the claimant on Norco and Prilosec.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Prilosec 20mg #60: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines NSAIDs, GI symptoms & cardiovascular risk Page(s): 68.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines NSAIDs Page(s): 68-69.

Decision rationale: According to the MTUS guidelines, Prilosec is a proton pump inhibitor that is to be used with NSAIDs for those with high risk of GI events such as bleeding, perforation,

and concurrent anticoagulation/anti-platelet use. In this case, there is no documentation of GI events or antiplatelet use that would place the claimant at risk. The continued use of Prilosec is not medically necessary.