

Case Number:	CM14-0108106		
Date Assigned:	09/15/2014	Date of Injury:	10/26/2001
Decision Date:	10/15/2014	UR Denial Date:	06/30/2014
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	07/11/2014

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to an expert reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. The expert reviewer is Board Certified in Occupational Medicine and is licensed to practice in California. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The expert reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/services. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

According to the records made available for review, this is a 69-year-old male with a 10/26/01 date of injury, and left total knee arthroplasty on 1/28/14. At the time (6/30/14) of the request for authorization for physical therapy 2-3 sessions per week for 4-6 weeks, in treatment of the left knee and physical therapy 2-3 sessions per week for 4-6 weeks, in treatment of the lumbar spine, there is documentation of subjective (continued intermittent pain/clicking in the left knee, low back pain with radiation) and objective (left knee extension 0 and flexion 115, 5 degree lag) findings, current diagnoses (osteoarthritis of knee, degeneration of lumbosacral intervertebral disc, degeneration of lumbar intervertebral disc, low back pain, and degeneration of intervertebral disc), and treatment to date (32 physical therapy sessions). There is no documentation of functional benefit or improvement as a reduction in work restrictions; an increase in activity tolerance; and/or a reduction in the use of medications or medical services with physical therapy completed to date; and a statement of exceptional factors to justify going outside of guideline parameters.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Physical therapy 2-3 sessions per week for 4-6 weeks, in treatment of the left knee: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines physical medicine Page(s): 98. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) Knee & Leg, Physical therapy Other Medical Treatment Guideline or Medical Evidence: Title 8, California Code of Regulations, section 9792.20

Decision rationale: MTUS Chronic Pain Medical Treatment Guidelines support a brief course of physical medicine for patients with chronic pain not to exceed 10 visits over 4-8 weeks with allowance for fading of treatment frequency, with transition to an active self-directed program of independent home physical medicine/therapeutic exercise. MTUS-Definitions identifies that any treatment intervention should not be continued in the absence of functional benefit or improvement as a reduction in work restrictions; an increase in activity tolerance; and/or a reduction in the use of medications or medical services. ODG recommends a limited course of physical therapy for patients with a diagnosis of postsurgical treatment of arthritis not to exceed 24 visits over 10 weeks. ODG also notes patients should be formally assessed after a "six-visit clinical trial" to see if the patient is moving in a positive direction, no direction, or a negative direction (prior to continuing with the physical therapy) and when treatment requests exceeds guideline recommendations, the physician must provide a statement of exceptional factors to justify going outside of guideline parameters. Within the medical information available for review, there is documentation of diagnoses of osteoarthritis of knee, degeneration of lumbosacral intervertebral disc, degeneration of lumbar intervertebral disc, low back pain, and degeneration of intervertebral disc. In addition, there is documentation of treatment with 32 physical therapy sessions, which exceeds guidelines. In addition, there is no documentation of functional benefit or improvement as a reduction in work restrictions; an increase in activity tolerance; and/or a reduction in the use of medications or medical services with physical therapy completed to date. Furthermore, there is no documentation of a statement of exceptional factors to justify going outside of guideline parameters. Therefore, based on guidelines and a review of the evidence, the request for physical therapy 2-3 sessions per week for 4-6 weeks, in treatment of the left knee is not medically necessary.

Physical therapy 2-3 sessions per week for 4-6 weeks, in treatment of the lumbar spine:
Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS Chronic Pain Treatment Guidelines physical medicine Page(s): 98. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG) Low Back, Physical therapy Other Medical Treatment Guideline or Medical Evidence: Title 8, California Code of Regulations, section 9792.20

Decision rationale: MTUS Chronic Pain Medical Treatment Guidelines support a brief course of physical medicine for patients with chronic pain not to exceed 10 visits over 4-8 weeks with allowance for fading of treatment frequency, with transition to an active self-directed program of independent home physical medicine/therapeutic exercise. MTUS-Definitions identifies that any treatment intervention should not be continued in the absence of functional benefit or improvement as a reduction in work restrictions; an increase in activity tolerance; and/or a

reduction in the use of medications or medical services. ODG recommends a limited course of physical therapy for patients with a diagnosis of intervertebral disc disorders not to exceed 10 visits over 8 weeks. ODG also notes patients should be formally assessed after a "six-visit clinical trial" to see if the patient is moving in a positive direction, no direction, or a negative direction (prior to continuing with the physical therapy) and when treatment requests exceeds guideline recommendations, the physician must provide a statement of exceptional factors to justify going outside of guideline parameters. Within the medical information available for review, there is documentation of diagnoses of osteoarthritis of knee, degeneration of lumbosacral intervertebral disc, degeneration of lumbar intervertebral disc, low back pain, and degeneration of intervertebral disc. In addition, there is documentation of treatment with 32 physical therapy sessions, which exceeds guidelines. In addition, there is no documentation of functional benefit or improvement as a reduction in work restrictions; an increase in activity tolerance; and/or a reduction in the use of medications or medical services with physical therapy completed to date. Furthermore, there is no documentation of a statement of exceptional factors to justify going outside of guideline parameters. Therefore, based on guidelines and a review of the evidence, the request for physical therapy 2-3 sessions per week for 4-6 weeks, in treatment of the lumbar spine is not medically necessary.