

Case Number:	CM13-0043075		
Date Assigned:	12/27/2013	Date of Injury:	01/05/2012
Decision Date:	02/20/2014	UR Denial Date:	10/04/2013
Priority:	Standard	Application Received:	10/30/2013

HOW THE IMR FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE

MAXIMUS Federal Services sent the complete case file to a physician reviewer. He/she has no affiliation with the employer, employee, providers or the claims administrator. The physician reviewer is Board Certified in Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, has a subspecialty in Pain Management and is licensed to practice in California. He/she has been in active clinical practice for more than five years and is currently working at least 24 hours a week in active practice. The physician reviewer was selected based on his/her clinical experience, education, background, and expertise in the same or similar specialties that evaluate and/or treat the medical condition and disputed items/services. He/she is familiar with governing laws and regulations, including the strength of evidence hierarchy that applies to Independent Medical Review determinations.

CLINICAL CASE SUMMARY

The expert reviewer developed the following clinical case summary based on a review of the case file, including all medical records:

This is a male patient with a date of injury of January 5, 2012. A utilization review determination dated October 4, 2013 recommends non-certification of functional capacity evaluation. A progress report dated September 20, 2013 identifies subjective complaints including pain in the low back depending on activity. Objective findings identify symmetrical gait. Diagnoses include lumbar degenerative disc disease, displaced lumbar inter-vertebral disc, and lumbar neuritis. The Treatment plan states medication dispensed and recommends that the patient remain off work. The note goes on to indicate that the patient is ready to start going to the gym and has completed postoperative physical therapy in the past. The neurovascular examination is normal. The note states that a functional capacity evaluation is requested to determine the impairment of the patient and whether the impairment result in functional limitations.

IMR ISSUES, DECISIONS AND RATIONALES

The Final Determination was based on decisions for the disputed items/services set forth below:

Functional Capacity Evaluation: Upheld

Claims Administrator guideline: The Claims Administrator did not cite any medical evidence for its decision.

MAXIMUS guideline: Decision based on MTUS ACOEM Chapter 12 Low Back Complaints. Decision based on Non-MTUS Citation Official Disability Guidelines (ODG), Fitness for Duty Chapter, Functional Capacity Evaluation.

Decision rationale: Regarding request for functional capacity evaluation, Occupational Medicine Practice Guidelines state that there is not good evidence that functional capacity evaluations are correlated with a lower frequency of health complaints or injuries. ODG states that functional capacity evaluations are recommended prior to admission to a work hardening program. The criteria for the use of a functional capacity evaluation includes case management being hampered by complex issues such as prior unsuccessful return to work attempts, conflicting medical reporting on precautions and/or fitness for modified job, or injuries that require detailed explanation of a worker's abilities. Additionally, guidelines recommend that the patient be close to or at maximum medical improvement with all key medical reports secured and additional/secondary conditions clarified. Within the documentation available for review, there is no indication that there has been prior unsuccessful return to work attempts, conflicting medical reporting, or injuries that would require detailed exploration. In the absence of clarity regarding those issues, the currently requested functional capacity evaluation is not medically necessary.