# Using the Lumbar Motion Monitor to Assess Housekeeper Room-Cleaning Tasks

Summary Trunk Motion and Low Back Disorder Risk Data from Various Research Studies

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#### The Lumbar Motion Monitor (LMM)

- An electro-goniometer, developed in the late 1980s, by researchers at The Ohio State University
- Tracks instantaneous movements of the back in its three planes of motion (i.e., lateral/coronal, sagittal, twisting/transverse planes of motion)



- Allows one to determine the velocity and acceleration of trunk movement required for work tasks
- Is worn "on-site," as employees perform their actual jobs



Is used by researchers and practitioners from around the world (e.g., Australia, Canada, Denmark, South Africa, Taiwan, UK, US) to study lifting tasks and jobs that involve use of the spine



- Can be used as inputs to a validated low-back disorder (LBD) risk model
- The LBD Risk model was developed from the analysis of work requirements for over 400 high- and low-risk jobs
- Publication of the LBD Risk model (Spine, 1993) was ranked 59<sup>th</sup> on the list of 100 most-cited spine articles (European Spine Journal, 2012), a measure of the importance of spine-related research







### Study 1 – East Coast Hotel: LBD Risk Results

- The LMM was worn by three experienced housekeepers working in a full-service hotel
- Each housekeeper cleaned double-bed rooms following guest checkout



#### Study 1 – East Coast Hotel: LBD Risk Results The cleaning tasks monitored included: Bed-Making Bathroom-Cleaning Other - Lifting mattress at head - Cleaning tub - Vacuuming of bed - Cleaning shower wall - Dusting - Lifting mattress at foot - Replenishing - Cleaning toilet of bed from cart - Cleaning floor - Taking top comforter - Checking - Cleaning other on/off furniture surfaces - Taking pillows on/off bed drawers - Cleaning mirror - Taking pillowcases off/on - Taking inner comforter on/off - Taking sheets on/off









### Study 2 – Midwest Hotel: LBD Risk Results

- The LMM was worn by three experienced housekeepers working in a full-service hotel
- Each housekeeper cleaned one king bed checkout room and one double bed checkout room





#### 7









## Study 3 – Impact of Long-Handled Tool Use

- A total of 12 female housekeepers who worked in a full-service Southern California hotel, wore the LMM
- Each housekeeper performed bathroom-cleaning and dusting tasks, in both their usual method and with a tool whose handle could be extended













# Study 3 – Impact of Long-Handled Tool Use

#### Results summary

- From a large sample of experienced hotel housekeepers who were monitored wearing the LMM while performing common bathroom-cleaning and furniture dusting tasks:
  - Most individual trunk motions were substantially and, statistically, significantly lower when long-handled tools were used, compared to normal cleaning methods
  - Overall LBD Risk values were significantly lower when these cleaning tools were used