

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, 2008

California--private industry

Occupation	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	118,800	31,510	4,570	14,200	12,740	87,290	35,990	2,820	5,080	12,910	17,640	10,240	2,600
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand.....	8,450	750	--	30	710	7,700	6,540	160	60	490	80	130	230
Truck drivers, light or delivery services.....	4,720	600	90	120	380	4,130	3,660	20	--	350	20	--	--
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer.....	3,840	560	140	90	340	3,280	2,550	--	--	650	--	--	--
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	3,480	610	20	310	270	2,870	330	110	490	1,090	390	330	130
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse.....	3,080	2,760	2,670	--	90	320	260	--	--	70	--	--	--
Construction laborers.....	2,950	2,480	--	2,460	20	480	20	--	210	220	--	--	--
Retail salespersons.....	2,520	40	--	--	30	2,480	2,420	--	--	--	--	40	--
Customer service representatives.....	2,230	70	--	--	60	2,160	710	120	920	330	20	--	40
Registered nurses.....	2,090	--	--	--	--	2,090	--	--	--	--	2,070	--	--
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants.....	2,030	--	--	--	--	2,030	--	--	--	--	2,020	--	--
Maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	1,850	30	--	--	30	1,820	--	--	--	250	520	1,030	--
Carpenters.....	1,810	1,660	--	1,620	50	140	20	--	--	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers.....	1,440	90	--	20	70	1,350	210	40	90	810	120	60	--
Security guards.....	1,340	--	--	--	--	1,330	110	40	30	910	40	200	--
Automotive service technicians and mechanics.....	1,330	--	--	--	--	1,320	1,280	--	--	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers.....	1,320	--	--	--	--	1,310	1,280	--	--	--	--	--	--
Stock clerks and order fillers.....	1,170	150	--	50	100	1,020	940	--	--	--	30	--	--
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters.....	1,170	1,100	--	1,010	90	70	--	--	--	50	20	--	--
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers.....	1,160	60	--	50	--	1,090	80	80	--	610	80	110	110
Cashiers.....	1,030	--	--	--	--	1,030	750	--	--	--	20	230	--
Teacher assistants.....	1,000	--	--	--	--	1,000	--	--	--	--	980	--	--
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers.....	980	--	--	--	--	980	170	--	--	--	20	750	--
Cooks, restaurant.....	970	--	--	--	--	970	60	--	--	--	--	910	--
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers.....	970	740	--	260	470	230	200	--	--	--	--	--	--
Home health aides.....	950	--	--	--	--	950	--	--	--	--	950	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.