

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, 2005

California--private industry

Occupation	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	141,340	43,980	6,130	21,820	16,030	97,370	40,640	3,480	6,000	16,490	13,660	13,600	3,500
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand.....	8,240	1,030	--	--	950	7,220	5,240	210	260	1,040	310	50	110
Truck drivers, light or delivery services.....	6,720	200	--	90	110	6,520	4,790	70	--	1,330	--	310	30
Carpenters.....	4,880	4,460	--	4,230	230	430	60	50	30	220	20	50	--
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer.....	4,740	840	80	280	480	3,900	2,700	50	220	580	90	--	240
Retail salespersons.....	4,240	--	--	--	--	4,240	4,100	--	40	--	--	--	30
Construction laborers.....	4,240	3,930	--	3,860	60	320	50	20	100	120	--	--	--
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse.....	3,530	3,490	3,350	--	140	50	50	--	--	--	--	--	--
Stock clerks and order fillers.....	3,070	140	--	--	120	2,930	2,670	--	--	150	40	60	--
Security guards.....	2,990	--	--	--	--	2,990	190	30	30	2,560	50	110	--
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants.....	2,450	--	--	--	--	2,450	--	--	70	--	2,300	--	--
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers.....	2,430	80	--	--	50	2,350	100	--	410	880	40	810	100
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	2,400	460	20	--	320	1,940	210	70	140	580	220	640	80
Customer service representatives.....	2,170	120	--	50	70	2,050	1,280	190	400	110	50	--	--
Registered nurses.....	1,960	--	--	--	--	1,960	--	--	--	160	1,790	--	--
Maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	1,720	--	--	--	--	1,720	--	--	50	190	320	1,150	--
Maintenance and repair workers, general.....	1,700	340	130	70	140	1,360	580	20	130	200	300	100	30
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food.....	1,630	--	--	--	--	1,630	380	--	--	--	30	1,230	--
Automotive service technicians and mechanics.....	1,550	--	--	--	--	1,540	1,240	--	30	--	--	--	250
Electricians.....	1,460	1,340	--	1,300	40	130	60	20	--	--	--	--	--
Cooks, restaurant.....	1,450	--	--	--	--	1,450	--	--	--	--	--	1,450	--
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers.....	1,310	--	--	--	--	1,310	1,160	--	--	--	--	--	--
Driver/sales workers.....	1,130	160	30	--	130	970	570	20	--	100	--	--	50
Cashiers.....	1,120	--	--	--	--	1,100	930	--	--	40	20	50	50
Waiters and waitresses.....	1,090	--	--	--	--	1,090	--	--	30	--	40	1,010	--
First-line supervisors/managers of construction trades and extraction workers.....	1,040	890	--	810	70	150	30	--	60	60	--	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.