

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS  
Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board  
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**NOTICE OF PROPOSED MODIFICATIONS TO  
CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS**

**General Industry Safety Orders  
TITLE 8: New Sections 3205, 3205.1, 3205.2, and 3205.3**

**[COVID-19 Prevention – Non-Emergency Regulation](#)**

Pursuant to Government Code section 11346.8(c), the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board (Board) gives notice of the opportunity to submit written comments on the above named standards in which modifications are being considered as a result of public comments and/or Board staff consideration.

On September 15, 2022, the Board held a Public Hearing to consider the addition of new sections 3205, 3205.1, 3205.2, and 3205.3 to title 8 of the General Industry Safety Orders. The Board received oral and written comments on the proposed additions. The proposed new standards have been modified as a result of these comments and Board consideration.

Modifications are now proposed for subsection 3205(a)(1) (scope); subsection 3205(b)(1) (definition of “close contact”); subsection 3205(b)(7)(A) (exception to the definition of “exposed group”); subsection 3205(b)(11) (definition of “returned case”); subsection 3205(c)(1) (universal precaution); subsections 3205(e)(1), (e)(2), and (e)(3) (notice of COVID-19 cases); subsection 3205(h)(1) (ventilation); subsection 3205(j) (reporting and recordkeeping requirements); subsection 3205.1(a)(2) (scope); subsection 3205.1(e) (COVID-19 investigation, review, and hazard correction); and subsection 3205.2(g)(2) (COVID-19 cases and close contacts).

A copy of the full text of the standards, with the modifications clearly indicated, is attached for your information. Anything that has been added is indicated by a bold underline, and anything that has been removed is indicated by a bold strikethrough.

Pursuant to Government Code section 11347.1, notice is also given of the opportunity to submit comments concerning the addition to the rulemaking file of the following documents relied upon by the Board:

**ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTS RELIED UPON**

1. Heinzerling A, Nguyen A, Frederick M, et al. Workplaces Most Affected by COVID-19 Outbreaks in California, January 2020-August 2021. American Journal of Public Health. Published online August 2022; 112(8):1180–1190.  
<https://doi.org/10.2105/AJPH.2022.306862>

2. Free H, Luckhaupt SE, Billock RM, et al. Reported Exposures Among In-Person Workers with Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) Infection in 6 States, September 2020-June 2021. *Clinical Infectious Diseases*. Published online June 19, 2022. <https://doi.org/10.1093/cid/ciac486>
3. Hawkins D. “Tell Me, Who's That They're Letting Down?”: COVID-19 and the Working Class. *American Journal of Public Health*. Published online August 2022; 112(8):1081-1083. <https://doi.org/10.2105/AJPH.2022.306928>
4. State of California. Tracking COVID-19 in California. Update for September 29, 2022. Accessed on September 30, 2022. <https://covid19.ca.gov/state-dashboard/>
5. State of California. Tracking COVID-19 in California. Updated for September 22, 2022. Accessed on September 28, 2022. <https://covid19.ca.gov/state-dashboard/>
6. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. COVID Data Tracker. COVID-19 Vaccine Effectiveness Monthly Update. August 25, 2022. <https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/#vaccine-effectiveness>
7. Al-Aly Z, Bowe B and Xie Y. Long COVID after breakthrough SARS-CoV-2 infection. *Nature Medicine*, July 2022. <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41591-022-01840-0>
8. State of California. Vaccines. Updated September 7, 2022. <https://covid19.ca.gov/vaccines/>
9. United States Department of Labor and Office of Disability Employment Policy. Access to Paid Leave for Family and Medical Reasons Among Workers With Disabilities. December 2021. <https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/ODEP/pdf/Access-To-Paid-Leave-For-Family-And-Medical-Reasons-Among-People-With-Disabilities.pdf>
10. Glynn SJ. The Rising Cost of Inaction on Work-Family Policies. Center for American Progress. January 21, 2020. <https://www.americanprogress.org/article/rising-cost-inaction-work-family-policies/>
11. California Department of Public Health (CDPH). Guidance for the Use of Face Masks. September 20, 2022. <https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/guidance-for-face-coverings.aspx>
12. CDPH. Shifting Public Health Case Investigation, Contact Tracing, and Outbreak Investigation Priorities. March 7, 2022. <https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/Case-Investigation-Contact-Tracing-Outbreak-Investigation-Priorities.aspx>
13. CDPH. Guidance for Local Health Jurisdictions on Isolation and Quarantine of the General Public. June 9, 2022. <https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/Guidance-on-Isolation-and-Quarantine-for-COVID-19-Contact-Tracing.aspx>

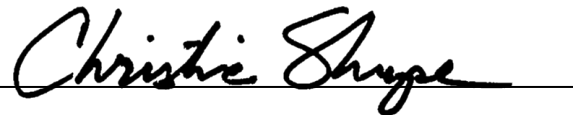
14. CDPH. Updated Testing Guidance. September 15, 2022.  
<https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/Updated-COVID-19-Testing-Guidance.aspx>
15. Wagner J, Sparks TL, Miller S, et al. Modeling the impacts of physical distancing and other exposure determinants on aerosol transmission. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Hygiene. Published online September 13, 2021, Pages 495-509.  
<https://doi.org/10.1080/15459624.2021.1963445>

Any written comments on these modifications or documents relied upon must be received by 5:00 p.m. on October 31, 2022 at the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board, 2520 Venture Oaks Way, Suite 350, Sacramento, California 95833 or submitted by fax to (916) 274-5743 or e-mailed to [oshsb@dir.ca.gov](mailto:oshsb@dir.ca.gov). Only comments related to the modification of the text and the additional documents will be considered. This proposal will be scheduled for adoption at a future business meeting of the Board.

The Board's rulemaking files on the proposed action are open to public inspection BY APPOINTMENT Monday through Friday, from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at the Board's office at 2520 Venture Oaks Way, Suite 350, Sacramento, California 95833. Appointments can be scheduled via email at [oshsb@dir.ca.gov](mailto:oshsb@dir.ca.gov) or by calling (916) 274-5721.

Inquiries concerning the proposed changes may be directed to the Executive Officer, Christina Shupe, at (916) 274-5721.

OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH  
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Christina Shupe, Executive Officer

Date: October 14, 2022

**PROPOSED MODIFICATIONS**

**(Deleted regulatory language is shown in bold strikethrough  
and new regulatory language is shown in bold underline.)**

STANDARDS PRESENTATION  
TO  
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PROPOSED STATE STANDARD,  
TITLE 8, DIVISION 1, CHAPTER 4

Subchapter 7. General Industry Safety Orders

Adopt Section 3205 to read:

§ 3205. “Shall” and “Should.” [Repealed] COVID-19 Prevention.

(a) Scope.

(1) This section shall apply until [OAL insert date two years after effective date], except for the recordkeeping subsections 3205(j)(2) through ~~(3)(4)~~, which shall apply until [OAL insert date three years after effective date].

(2) This section applies to all employees and places of employment, with the following exceptions:

(A) Work locations with one employee who does not have contact with other persons.

(B) Employees working from home.

(C) Employees with occupational exposure as defined by section 5199, when covered by that section.

(D) Employees teleworking from a location of the employee’s choice, which is not under the control of the employer.

(3) Nothing in this section or sections 3205.1 through 3205.3 is intended to limit more protective or stringent state or local health department orders or guidance.

(b) Definitions. The following definitions apply to this section and to sections 3205.1 through 3205.3.

(1) “Close contact” means **the following, unless otherwise defined by regulation or order of the California Department of Public Health (CDPH), in which case the CDPH definition shall apply:**

(A) **In indoor spaces of 400,000 or fewer cubic feet per floor, a close contact is defined as sharing the same indoor airspace as a COVID-19 case for a cumulative total of 15 minutes or more over a 24-hour period during the COVID-19 case’s infectious period, as defined by this section, regardless of the use of face coverings, ~~unless close contact is defined by regulation or order of the California Department of Public Health (CDPH). If so, the CDPH definition shall apply.~~**

(B) **In indoor spaces of greater than 400,000 cubic feet per floor, a close contact is defined as being within six feet of the COVID-19 case for a cumulative total of 15**

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minutes or more over a 24-hour period during the COVID-19 case's infectious period, as defined by this section, regardless of the use of face coverings.

(C) Offices, suites, rooms, waiting areas, break or eating areas, bathrooms, or other spaces that are separated by floor-to-ceiling walls shall be considered distinct indoor spaces.

EXCEPTION: Employees have not had a close contact if they wore a respirator required by the employer and used in compliance with section 5144 whenever they would otherwise have had a close contact under subsections 3205(b)(1)(A) or (b)(1)(B).

~~EXCEPTION: Employees have not had a close contact if they wore a respirator required by the employer and used in compliance with section 5144, whenever they shared the same indoor airspace as the COVID-19 case for a cumulative total of 15 minutes or more over a 24-hour period during the COVID-19 case's infectious period.~~

(2) "COVID-19" (Coronavirus Disease 2019) means the disease caused by SARS-CoV-2 (severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2).

(3) "COVID-19 case" means a person who:

(A) Has a positive COVID-19 test; or

(B) Has a positive COVID-19 diagnosis from a licensed health care provider; or

(C) Is subject to a COVID-19-related order to isolate issued by a local or state health official; or

(D) Has died due to COVID-19, in the determination of a local health department or per inclusion in the COVID-19 statistics of a county.

(4) "COVID-19 hazard" means potentially infectious material that may contain SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes COVID-19. Potentially infectious materials include airborne droplets, small particle aerosols, and airborne droplet nuclei, which most commonly result from a person or persons exhaling, talking or vocalizing, coughing, or sneezing, or from procedures performed on persons which may aerosolize saliva or respiratory tract fluids.

(5) "COVID-19 symptoms" means fever of 100.4 degrees Fahrenheit or higher, chills, cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fatigue, muscle or body aches, headache, new loss of taste or smell, sore throat, congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting, or diarrhea, unless a licensed health care professional determines the person's symptoms were caused by a known condition other than COVID-19.

(6) "COVID-19 test" means a test for SARS-CoV-2 that is:

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(A) Cleared, approved, or authorized, including in an Emergency Use Authorization (EUA), by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) to detect current infection with the SARS-CoV-2 virus (e.g., a viral test); and

(B) Administered in accordance with the authorized instructions.

(C) To meet the return to work criteria set forth in subsection 3205(c)(5), a COVID-19 test may be both self-administered and self-read only if another means of independent verification of the results can be provided (e.g., a time-stamped photograph of the results).

(7) “Exposed group” means all employees at a work location, working area, or a common area at work, within employer-provided transportation covered by section 3205.3, or residing within housing covered by section 3205.2, where an employee COVID-19 case was present at any time during the infectious period. A common area at work includes bathrooms, walkways, hallways, aisles, break or eating areas, and waiting areas. The following exceptions apply:

(A) For the purpose of determining the exposed group, a place where persons momentarily pass through ~~while everyone is wearing face coverings~~, without congregating, is not a work location, working area, or a common area at work.

(B) If the COVID-19 case was part of a distinct group of employees who are not present at the workplace at the same time as other employees, for instance a work crew or shift that does not overlap with another work crew or shift, only employees within that distinct group are part of the exposed group.

(C) If the COVID-19 case visited a work location, working area, or a common area at work for less than 15 minutes during the infectious period, and the COVID-19 case was wearing a face covering during the entire visit, other people at the work location, working area, or common area are not part of the exposed group.

NOTE: An exposed group may include the employees of more than one employer. See Labor Code sections 6303 and 6304.1.

(8) “Face covering” means a surgical mask, a medical procedure mask, a respirator worn voluntarily, or a tightly woven fabric or non-woven material of at least two layers that completely covers the nose and mouth and is secured to the head with ties, ear loops, or elastic bands that go behind the head. If gaiters are worn, they shall have two layers of fabric or be folded to make two layers. A face covering is a solid piece of material without slits, visible holes, or punctures, and must fit snugly over the nose, mouth, and chin with no large gaps on the outside of the face. A face covering does not include a scarf, ski mask, balaclava, bandana, turtleneck, collar, or single layer of fabric.

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This definition includes clear face coverings or cloth face coverings with a clear plastic panel that otherwise meet this definition and which may be used to facilitate communication with people who are deaf or hard-of-hearing or others who need to see a speaker's mouth or facial expressions to understand speech or sign language respectively.

(9) "Infectious period" means the following time period, unless otherwise defined by CDPH regulation or order, in which case the CDPH definition shall apply:

(A) For COVID-19 cases who develop COVID-19 symptoms, from two days before the date of symptom onset until:

(1) Ten days have passed after symptoms first appeared, or through day five if testing negative on day five or later; and

(2) Twenty-four hours have passed with no fever, without the use of fever-reducing medications, and symptoms have improved.

(B) For COVID-19 cases who never develop COVID-19 symptoms, from two days before the positive specimen collection date through 10 days (or through day five if testing negative on day five or later) after the date on which the specimen for their first positive test for COVID-19 was collected.

(10) "Respirator" means a respiratory protection device approved by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) to protect the wearer from particulate matter, such as an N95 filtering facepiece respirator.

(11) "Returned case" means a COVID-19 case who was excluded from work but returned pursuant to subsection 3205(c)(5)(A) and did not develop any COVID-19 symptoms after returning. A person shall only be considered a returned case for **90-30** days after the initial onset of COVID-19 symptoms or, if the person never developed COVID-19 symptoms, for **90-30** days after the first positive test. If a period of other than **90-30** days is required by a CDPH regulation or order, that period shall apply.

(12) "Worksite," for the limited purposes of this section and section 3205.1, means the building, store, facility, agricultural field, or other location where a COVID-19 case was present during the infectious period. It does not apply to buildings, floors, or other locations of the employer that a COVID-19 case did not enter.

(c) Application of section 3203. COVID-19 is a workplace hazard and shall be addressed under section 3203, which requires employers to establish, implement, and maintain an effective Injury and Illness Prevention Program. The employer's COVID-19 procedures shall either be



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addressed in the written Injury and Illness Prevention Program or maintained in a separate document.

- ~~(1) An employee is potentially exposed to COVID-19 hazards when near other persons, whether or not the employee is performing an assigned work task. The employer shall treat~~ When determining measures to prevent COVID-19 transmission and to identify and correct COVID-19 hazards, employers shall consider all persons as to be potentially infectious, regardless of symptoms, vaccination status, or negative COVID-19 test results. COVID-19 shall be considered a hazard specific to an employee's job assignments and job duties if those assignments and/or duties bring the employee near other persons.
- (2) When determining measures to prevent COVID-19 transmission and to identify and correct COVID-19 hazards, employers shall review applicable orders and guidance related to COVID-19 from the State of California and the local health department with jurisdiction over the workplace and shall treat COVID-19 as an airborne infectious disease. COVID-19 prevention controls include remote work, physical distancing, reducing the density of people indoors, moving indoor tasks outdoors, implementing separate shifts and/or break times, restricting access to the work area, and other prevention measures, in addition to the requirements of this section.
- (3) Employees shall receive training regarding COVID-19 in accordance with subsection 3203(a)(7).
- (4) The employer's procedure to investigate COVID-19 illness at the workplace, as required by subsection 3203(a)(5), shall include the following:

  - (A) The employer shall determine the day and time a COVID-19 case was last present and, to the extent possible, the date of the positive COVID-19 test(s) and/or diagnosis, and the date the COVID-19 case first had one or more COVID-19 symptoms, if any were experienced.
  - (B) The employer shall effectively identify and respond to persons with COVID-19 symptoms at the workplace. Employees shall be encouraged to report COVID-19 symptoms and to stay home when ill.
- (5) Employers shall have effective methods and/or procedures for responding to a COVID-19 case at the workplace, including the following:

  - (A) Employers shall immediately exclude from the workplace all COVID-19 cases and employees excluded under section 3205.1. The employer shall demonstrate it has met the applicable requirements below:

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1. COVID-19 cases who do not develop COVID-19 symptoms shall not return to work during the infectious period;
  2. COVID-19 cases who develop COVID-19 symptoms shall not return to work during the shorter of the following: the infectious period; or through 10 days after the onset of symptoms and at least 24 hours have passed since a fever of 100.4 degrees Fahrenheit or higher has resolved without the use of fever-reducing medication.
  3. Regardless of vaccination status, previous infection, or lack of COVID-19 symptoms, a COVID-19 case shall wear a face covering in the workplace until 10 days have passed since the date that COVID-19 symptoms began or, if the person did not have COVID-19 symptoms, from the date of their first positive COVID-19 test.
  4. The requirements in subsections 3205(c)(5)(A)1. and (c)(5)(A)2. apply regardless of whether an employee has previously been excluded or other precautions were taken in response to an employee's close contact or membership in an exposed group.
- (B) Employers shall review current CDPH guidance for persons who had close contacts, including any guidance regarding quarantine or other measures to reduce transmission. Employers shall develop, implement, and maintain effective policies to prevent transmission of COVID-19 by persons who had close contacts.
- (C) If an order to isolate, quarantine, or exclude an employee is issued by a local or state health official, the employee shall not return to work until the period of isolation or quarantine is completed or the order is lifted.
- (D) If no violations of local or state health official orders for isolation, quarantine, or exclusion would result, the Division may, upon request, allow employees to return to work on the basis that the removal of an employee would create undue risk to a community's health and safety. In such cases, the employer shall develop, implement, and maintain effective control measures to prevent transmission in the workplace including providing isolation for the employee at the workplace and, if isolation is not feasible, the use of respirators in the workplace.
- (E) Upon excluding an employee from the workplace based on COVID-19 or a close contact, the employer shall give the employee information regarding COVID-19-related benefits to which the employee may be entitled under applicable federal, state, or local laws. This includes any benefits available under legally mandated sick leave, if applicable, workers' compensation law, local governmental requirements, the employer's own leave policies, and leave guaranteed by contract.

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(d) Testing of close contacts. Employers shall make COVID-19 tests available at no cost, during paid time, to all employees of the employer who had a close contact in the workplace, with the exception of returned cases as defined in subsection 3205(b)(11), and provide them with the information on benefits described in subsection 3205(c)(5)(E).

(e) Notice of COVID-19 cases.

(1) The employer shall notify employees and independent contractors who had a close contact, as well as any employer with an employee who had a close contact. ~~The n~~Notice shall be provided as soon as possible, and in no case longer than the time required to ensure that the exclusion requirements of subsection 3205(c)(5)(A) are met.

(2) When Labor Code section 6409.6~~(a)~~ or any successor law is in effect, the employer shall provide notice of a COVID-19 case, in a form readily understandable to employees, ~~as required by subsections (a)(1) and (a)(4) of that section.~~ ~~The n~~Notice shall be given to all employees, employers, and independent contractors at the worksite **in accordance with the applicable law during the infectious period.**

(3) When Labor Code section 6409.6~~(a)~~ or any successor law is in effect, the employer shall provide ~~the~~ notice **in accordance with the applicable law required by Labor Code section 6409.6(a)(2) and (c)** to the authorized representative, if any, of the COVID-19 case and of any employee who had a close contact. The employer shall also provide ~~the~~ notice **in accordance with the applicable law required by Labor Code section 6409.6(a)(4)** to the authorized representative, if any, of all employees on the premises at the same worksite as the COVID-19 case within the infectious period.

(f) Face coverings.

(1) Employers shall provide face coverings and ensure they are worn by employees when required by a CDPH regulation or order. When a CDPH regulation or order requires face coverings indoors, that includes spaces within vehicles. Face coverings shall be clean, undamaged, and worn over the nose and mouth.

(2) When employees are required to wear face coverings under this section or sections 3205.1 through 3205.3, the following exceptions apply:

(A) When an employee is alone in a room or vehicle.

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(B) While eating or drinking at the workplace, provided employees are at least six feet apart and, if indoors, the supply of outside or filtered air has been maximized to the extent feasible.

(C) While employees are wearing respirators required by the employer and used in compliance with section 5144.

(D) Employees who cannot wear face coverings due to a medical or mental health condition or disability, or who are hearing-impaired or communicating with a hearing-impaired person. Such employees shall wear an effective non-restrictive alternative, such as a face shield with a drape on the bottom, if the condition or disability permits it.

(E) During specific tasks which cannot feasibly be performed with a face covering. This exception is limited to the time period in which such tasks are actually being performed.

(3) If an employee is not wearing a face covering pursuant to the exceptions in subsections 3205(f)(2)(D) and (f)(2)(E) the employer shall assess COVID-19 hazards and take action as necessary based on subsection 3205(c) and on section 3203.

(4) No employer shall prevent any employee from wearing a face covering, including a respirator, when not required by this section, unless it would create a safety hazard.

(g) Respirators. Upon request, employers shall provide respirators for voluntary use in compliance with subsection 5144(c)(2) to all employees who are working indoors or in vehicles with more than one person. Whenever an employer makes respirators for voluntary use available, the employer shall encourage their use and shall ensure that employees are provided with a respirator of the correct size and that employees are trained how to properly wear the respirator provided; how to perform a user seal check according to the manufacturer's instructions each time a respirator is worn; and the fact that facial hair interferes with a seal.

(h) Ventilation.

(1) For indoor workplaces, employers shall review CDPH and the Division guidance regarding ventilation, including "Interim Guidance for Ventilation, Filtration, and Air Quality in Indoor Environments." **Employers shall develop, implement, and maintain effective methods to prevent transmission of COVID-19 including evaluate whether current ventilation is adequate to reduce the risk of transmission if a COVID-19 case**

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~~enters the workplace, and where it is not adequate, implement changes as necessary. In addition to using other methods, the employer may take~~ one or more of the following actions to improve ventilation:

(A) Maximize the supply of outside air to the extent feasible, except when the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Air Quality Index is greater than 100 for any pollutant or if opening windows or maximizing outdoor air by other means would cause a hazard to employees, for instance from excessive heat or cold.

(B) In buildings and structures with mechanical ventilation, filter circulated air through filters at least as protective as Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV)-13, or the highest level of filtration efficiency compatible with the existing mechanical ventilation system.

(C) Use High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filtration units in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations in indoor areas occupied by employees for extended periods, where ventilation is inadequate to reduce the risk of COVID-19 transmission.

(2) Employers subject to section 5142 or 5143 shall review and comply with those sections, as applicable.

NOTE: Section 5142 requires heating, ventilating, and air conditioning (HVAC) systems to be operated continuously during working hours, with limited exceptions.

(3) In vehicles, employers shall maximize the supply of outside air to the extent feasible, except when doing so would cause a hazard to employees or expose them to inclement weather.

(4) A place of employment subject to section 3205.1 after [OAL insert effective date of this section] shall continue to comply with the ventilation requirements of subsection 3205.1(f) even after the outbreak has passed and section 3205.1 is no longer applicable.

(i) Aerosolizing procedures. For employees in work settings that are exempt from section 5199 in accordance with the conditions in subsections 5199(a)(2)(A) or (a)(2)(B), who are exposed to procedures that may aerosolize potentially infectious material such as saliva or respiratory tract fluids, employers shall evaluate the need for respiratory protection to prevent COVID-19 transmission under section 5144 and shall comply with that section.

NOTE: Examples of work covered by subsection 3205(i) include, but are not limited to, certain dental procedures and outpatient medical specialties not covered by section 5199.

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PROPOSED STATE STANDARD,  
TITLE 8, DIVISION 1, CHAPTER 4(j) Reporting and recordkeeping.

~~(1) The employer shall report information about COVID-19 cases and outbreaks at the worksite to the local health department whenever required by law, and shall provide any related information requested by the local health department. The employer shall report all information to the local health department as required by Labor Code section 6409.6.~~

~~NOTE: In some circumstances, cases may constitute a COVID-19 outbreak as defined by Labor Code section 6409.6 even when they do not trigger the application of title 8, section 3205.1.~~

~~(2) The employer shall keep a record of and track all COVID-19 cases with the employee's name, contact information, occupation, location where the employee worked, the date of the last day at the workplace, and the date of the positive COVID-19 test and/or COVID-19 diagnosis. The employer shall also keep a record of persons who had a close contact, including their names, contact information, and the date upon which they were provided notice of the close contact.~~ These records shall be retained for two years beyond the period in which the record is necessary to meet the requirements of this section or sections 3205.1 through 3205.3.

~~(3)(2)~~ Employers shall retain the notices required by subsection 3205(e) in accordance with Labor Code section 6409.6~~(k)~~ or any successor law.

~~(4)(3)~~ Personal identifying information of COVID-19 cases or persons with COVID-19 symptoms, and any employee medical records required by this section or by sections 3205.1 through 3205.3, shall be kept confidential unless disclosure is required or permitted by law. Unredacted information on COVID-19 cases shall be provided to the local health department with jurisdiction over the workplace, CDPH, the Division, and NIOSH immediately upon request, and when required by law.

(k) Orders. Pursuant to title 8, section 332.3, the Division may require an employer to take additional actions to protect employees against COVID-19 hazards through the issuance of an Order to Take Special Action.

Note: Authority cited: Section 142.3, Labor Code. Reference: Sections 142.3, 144.6, and 6409.6, Labor Code.

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Adopt Section 3205.1 to read:

§ 3205.1. COVID-19 Outbreaks.

(a) Scope. This section applies until [OAL insert date two years after effective date].

(1) This section applies to a workplace covered by section 3205 if three or more employee COVID-19 cases within an exposed group, as defined by subsection 3205(b)(7), visited the worksite during their infectious period at any time during a 14-day period, unless a California Department of Public Health (CDPH) regulation or order defines outbreak using a different number of COVID-19 cases and/or a different time period, in which case this section applies when the number of cases at the worksite constitutes an outbreak under CDPH's definition.

(2) This section shall apply until there are ~~no one or fewer~~ new COVID-19 cases detected in the exposed group for a 14-day period.

(b) COVID-19 testing.

(1) Immediately upon being covered by this section, the employer shall make COVID-19 testing available at no cost to its employees within the exposed group, regardless of vaccination status, during employees' paid time, except for returned cases and employees who were not present at the workplace during the relevant 14-day period(s) under subsection 3205.1(a).

(2) Employer shall then make testing available on a weekly basis to all employees in the exposed group who remain at the workplace.

(3) Employees who had close contacts shall have a negative COVID-19 test taken within three to five days after the close contact or shall be excluded and follow the return to work requirements of subsection 3205(c)(5) starting from the date of the last known close contact.

(c) Face coverings. Employees in the exposed group, regardless of vaccination status, shall wear face coverings when indoors, or when outdoors and less than six feet from another person, unless one of the exceptions in subsection 3205(f)(2) applies.

(d) Respirators. Employers shall notify employees of their right to request and receive a respirator for voluntary use under subsection 3205(g).

(e) COVID-19 investigation, review, and hazard correction. The employer shall **immediately** perform a review of potentially relevant COVID-19 policies, procedures, and controls and implement changes as needed to prevent further spread of COVID-19 **when this section**

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initially applies and periodically thereafter. The investigation, review, and changes shall be documented and shall include:

- (1) Investigation of new or unabated COVID-19 hazards including the employer's leave policies and practices and whether employees are discouraged from remaining home when sick; the employer's COVID-19 testing policies; insufficient supply of outdoor air to indoor workplaces; insufficient air filtration; and insufficient physical distancing.
  - (2) The review shall be updated every 30 days that this section continues to apply, in response to new information or to new or previously unrecognized COVID-19 hazards, or when otherwise necessary.
  - (3) Any changes implemented to reduce the transmission of COVID-19 based on the investigation and review, which may include: moving indoor tasks outdoors or having them performed remotely; increasing the outdoor air supply when work is done indoors; improving air filtration; increasing physical distancing to the extent feasible; requiring respiratory protection in compliance with section 5144; and other applicable controls.
- (f) Ventilation. In buildings or structures with mechanical ventilation, employers shall filter recirculated air with Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV)-13 or higher efficiency filters if compatible with the ventilation system. If MERV-13 or higher filters are not compatible with the ventilation system, employers shall use filters with the highest compatible filtering efficiency. The employer shall use High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) air filtration units in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations in indoor areas occupied by employees for extended periods, where ventilation is inadequate to reduce the risk of COVID-19 transmission.
- (g) Major outbreaks. If 20 or more employee COVID-19 cases in an exposed group, as defined by subsection 3205(b)(7), visited the worksite during their infectious period within a 30-day period, the employer shall do the following while section 3205.1 applies:
- (1) The COVID-19 testing described in subsection 3205.1(b) shall be required of all employees in the exposed group, regardless of vaccination status, twice a week or more frequently if recommended by the local health department with jurisdiction over the



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workplace. Employees in the exposed group shall be tested or shall be excluded and follow the return to work requirements of subsection 3205(c)(5).

- (2) The employer shall report the outbreak to the Division. This subsection does not limit the employer's obligation to report employee deaths, serious injuries, or serious illnesses when required by subsection 342(a).
- (3) The employer shall provide respirators for voluntary use in compliance with subsection 5144(c)(2) to employees in the exposed group, shall encourage their use, and shall train employees provided respirators for voluntary use, as set forth in subsection 3205(g).
- (4) Any employees in the exposed group who are not wearing respirators required by the employer and used in compliance with section 5144 shall be separated from other persons by at least six feet, except where an employer can demonstrate that at least six feet of separation is not feasible, and except for momentary exposure while persons are in movement. Methods of physical distancing include: telework or other remote work arrangements; reducing the number of persons in an area at one time, including visitors; visual cues such as signs and floor markings to indicate where employees and others should be located or their direction and path of travel; staggered arrival, departure, work, and break times; and adjusted work processes or procedures, such as reducing production speed, to allow greater distance between employees. When it is not feasible to maintain a distance of at least six feet, individuals shall be as far apart as feasible.

Note: Authority cited: Section 142.3, Labor Code. Reference: Sections 142.3 and 144.6, Labor Code.

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Adopt Section 3205.2 to read:

§ 3205.2. COVID-19 Prevention in Employer-Provided Housing.

(a) Scope. Until [OAL to insert date two years after effective date], this section applies to employer-provided housing. Employer-provided housing is any place or area of land, any portion of any housing accommodation, or property upon which a housing accommodation is located, consisting of: living quarters, dwelling, boardinghouse, tent, bunkhouse, maintenance-of-way car, mobile home, manufactured home, recreational vehicle, travel trailer, or other housing accommodations. Employer-provided housing includes a “labor camp” as that term is used in title 8 of the California Code of Regulations or other regulations or codes. The employer-provided housing may be maintained in one or more buildings or one or more sites, including hotels and motels, and the premises upon which they are situated, or the area set aside and provided for parking of mobile homes or camping. Employer-provided housing is housing that is arranged for or provided by an employer, other person, or entity to workers, and in some cases to workers and persons in their households, in connection with the workers' employment, whether or not rent or fees are paid or collected.

The following exceptions apply:

- (1) This section does not apply to housing provided for the purpose of emergency response, including firefighting, rescue, and evacuation, and support activities directly aiding response such as utilities, communications, and medical operations, if:
  - (A) The employer is a government entity; or
  - (B) The housing is provided temporarily by a private employer and is necessary to conduct the emergency response operations.
- (2) This section does not apply to housing in which all residents maintained a household together prior to residing in employer-provided housing, such as family members.
- (3) This section does not apply to employees with occupational exposure as defined by section 5199, when covered by that section.
- (4) This section does not apply to employer-provided housing used exclusively to house COVID-19 cases or where a housing unit houses one employee.

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(b) Assignment of housing units. To the extent feasible, employers shall assign employee housing to cohorts that travel and work together, separate from other workers. To the extent feasible, residents who usually maintain a household together shall be housed in a single housing unit without other persons.

(c) Ventilation. In housing units, employers shall maximize the quantity and supply of outdoor air and increase filtration efficiency to the highest level compatible with the existing ventilation system. If there is not a Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV-13) or higher filter in use, portable or mounted High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filtration units shall be used, to the extent feasible, in all sleeping areas.

(d) Face coverings. Employers shall provide face coverings to all residents and provide information to residents on when they should be used in accordance with state or local health department orders or guidance.

(e) Reporting symptoms. The employer shall encourage residents to report COVID-19 symptoms to the employer.

(f) COVID-19 testing. The employer shall establish, implement, and maintain effective policies and procedures for COVID-19 testing of residents who had a close contact or COVID-19 symptoms. These policies and procedures shall be communicated to the residents.

(g) COVID-19 cases and close contacts.

(1) Employers shall effectively isolate COVID-19 cases from all residents who are not COVID-19 cases, for the period established by subsection 3205(c)(5)(A). Effective isolation shall include housing COVID-19 cases only with other COVID-19 cases, and providing COVID-19 case residents with a sleeping area and bathroom that is not shared by non-COVID-19 case residents.

(2) Employers shall effectively quarantine residents who have had a close contact from all other residents, ~~for the time period required by in accordance with~~ subsection 3205(c)(5)(B). Effective quarantine shall include providing residents who had a close contact with a private bathroom and sleeping area.

Note: Authority cited: Section 142.3, Labor Code. Reference: Sections 142.3 and 144.6, Labor Code.

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Adopt section 3205.3 to read:

§ 3205.3. COVID-19 Prevention in Employer-Provided Transportation.

(a) Scope. Until [OAL insert date two years after effective date], this section applies to employer-provided motor vehicle transportation to and from work, during the course and scope of employment, which is provided, arranged for, or secured by an employer regardless of the travel distance or duration involved, with the following exceptions:

(1) Employees alone in a vehicle, employees taking public transportation, or vehicles in which the driver and all passengers are from the same household outside of work, not subject to section 3205.2.

(2) Employer-provided transportation necessary for emergency response, including firefighting, rescue, and evacuation, and support activities directly aiding response such as utilities, communications, and medical operations.

(3) Employees with occupational exposure as defined by section 5199, when covered by that section.

(b) Employers shall comply with the requirements of section 3205 within a vehicle and shall respond to a COVID-19 case within the vehicle in accordance with the requirements of that section.

(c) Assignment of transportation. To the extent feasible, employers shall assign transportation such that cohorts travel and work together, separate from other workers. To the extent feasible, employees who usually maintain a household together shall travel together.

Note: Authority cited: Section 142.3, Labor Code. Reference: Sections 142.3 and 144.6, Labor Code.