WORKERS' COMPENSAT	ION APPEALS BOARD
STATE OF C.	ALIFORNIA
ISIDORO A. LUCENA,	Case No. WCK 037874
Applicant,	OPINION AND DECISION AFTER RECONSIDERATION
nppncum,	(OPINION AND ORDER VACATING ORDE GRANTING
VS.	RECONSIDERATION AND ORDER DISMISSING PETITION FOR
DIABLO AUTO BODY; LIBERTY; MUTUAL	<b>RECONSIDERATION)</b>
INSURANCE; SUN VALLEY FORD; GREAT	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
STATES INSURANCE,	
Defendant(s).	
On August 7, 2000, we granted defendant	's petition for reconsideration of the Order for
Payment of Sanctions dated May 16, 2000, in order	to allow sufficient opportunity to further study the

13 After further review, we hold that where a petition for factual and legal issues in this case. 14 reconsideration is not verified as required by Labor Code section 5902,<sup>1</sup> the petition will ordinarily be 15 dismissed where the petitioner has been given notice of the defect (either by the Report and 16 Recommendation on Petition for Reconsideration (Report) of the workers' compensation administrative 17 law judge (WCJ) or by the respondent's answer) unless, within a reasonable time, the petitioner either: (1) cures the defect; or (2) offers a compelling reason for the lack of verification and respondents are 18 not prejudiced thereby. Therefore, we will vacate our order granting reconsideration and will dismiss 19 the unverified petition for reconsideration. 20

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Company, willfully filed a petition for dismissal unsupported by the medical record known to defendant,

In the case before us the WCJ found that counsel for defendant, Great States Insurance

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1 All further statutory references are to the Labor Code.

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thereby causing applicant's counsel to incur expense in taking the time to reply to the totally unsupported petition for dismissal. Great States Insurance Company was therefore ordered to pay sanctions in the amount of \$100.00 plus reasonable attorney fees to applicant's attorneys for time and expense in preparing their objection to the petition to dismiss.

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Defendant filed a timely petition for reconsideration, admitting that the petition for dismissal was filed in error but contending that it had relied upon a statement in a medical report. The defendant also denied that the petition was willfully and intentionally misleading. Defendant attached a verification to its petition but failed to sign it.

In his Report dated June 23, 2000, the WCJ noted that the petition for reconsideration was unverified (page 2). The WCJ recommended that the petition be dismissed "unless within a reasonable period the carrier verifies the document" (page 5).

Defendant has not subsequently submitted a verification.

We will dismiss the petition.

## **II** .DISCUSSION

Section 5902 provides in relevant part: "The petition [for reconsideration] shall be verified upon oath in the manner required for verified pleadings in courts of record ... ." Thus, there is a clear and specific statutory requirement that petitions be verified. <sup>2</sup> Petitioner, as noted above, has not done so and, despite notice from the WCJ in his Report that the petition was not verified as required by section 5902, petitioner has not filed a verification late or otherwise. Petitioner has not offered a compelling reason, or indeed any reason, for the lack of verification after specific notice of the absence thereof. Therefore, we will dismiss the petition for failure to comply with section 5902. (See *Conner v. Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd.* (1980) 45 Cal. Comp. Cases 370, (writ. den.).)

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<sup>2</sup> Section 5905 also requires that answers to petitions for reconsideration be verified.

LUCENA, Isidoro A.

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In dismissing the petition, we recognize that the failure to verify the petition is not a jurisdictional

defect which mandates dismissal. (Wings West Airlines v. Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd. (Nebelon)

(1986) 187 Cal.App.3d 1047, 1055 [51 Cal.Comp.Cases 609, 614]; Mullane v. Industrial Acc.

Com. (1931) 118 Cal. App. 283, 286 [17 IAC 328, 330].) Further, on this record, we see no basis

of verification and petitioner having failed to cure the defect in a timely fashion after such notice. The
statutory requirement for verification is clear on its face, assuring accuracy and responsibility in the
pleadings, and compliance with this statutory requirement should be expected and required.<sup>3</sup>
In sum, based upon the facts of this case (i.e., the lack of verification even after notice by the
WCJ), the petition for reconsideration will be dismissed. To accomplish this purpose, the Board will
vacate its prior order granting reconsideration, and substitute an order dismissing the petition for
For the foregoing reasons, and as the Decision After Reconsideration of the Workers'

For the foregoing reasons, and as the Decision After Reconsideration of the Workers' Compensation Appeals Board,

to conclude that the requirement should be deemed waived, the WCJ having specifically noted the lack

**IT IS HEREBY ORDERED** that the Order Granting Reconsideration August 7, 2000, be, and the same hereby is, **VACATED**.

<sup>3</sup> There are situations where compelling reasons for the absence of a verification could be provided, such as where the injured worker is not available for verification as being out of state or out of country or other circumstances that would explain the lack of verification.

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<sup>4</sup> Although we will generally dismiss unverified petitions for reconsideration under the circumstances discussed above, we reiterate that verification is not a jurisdictional requirement (*Wings West Airlines v. Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd. (Nebelon), supra,* 187 Cal.App.3d at p. 1055 [51 Cal.Comp.Cases at p. 614]; *Mullane v. Industrial Acc. Com., supra,* 118 Cal. App. at p. 286 [17 IAC at p. 330]) and, of course, we have the discretion not to dismiss

where the petitioner is a proper applicant or a proper defendant, where the failure to verify is not pointed out by the WCJ's Report or the respondent's answer, and/or where we believe no prejudice results from the failure to verify), we

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<sup>21</sup> unverified petitions. (E.g. Detherage v. Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd. (1998) 63 Cal.Comp.Cases 803 (writ den.); Lorenz v. Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd. (1995) 60 Cal.Comp.Cases 511 (writ den.); Pacific Telephone & Telegraph Co.

v. Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd. (Nichols) (1983) 48 Cal.Comp.Cases 530 (writ den.); Arko v. Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd. (1982) 47 Cal.Comp.Cases 1281 (writ den.); General Telephone & Electric v. Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd. (Tortorice) (1982) 10 Cal. Workers' Comp. Rptr. 179 [minute opinion].) Therefore, under some circumstances (e.g., where the petitioner is a proper applicant or a proper defendant where the failure to verify is not pointed out by the

<sup>24</sup> *may* elect not to dismiss an unverified petition. In the usual case, however, we will dismiss, so the prudent practitioner will verify, as required by statute.

1	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Petition for Reconsideration, filed June 8, 2000, be, and
2	the same hereby is, <b>DISMISSED</b> .
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5	WORKERS' COMPENSATION APPEALS BOARD
6	/s/ Merle C. Rabine
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8	I CONCUR,
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10	/s/ Robert N. Ruggles
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13	/s/ Dennis J. Hannigan
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15	DATED AND FILED AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA
16	DATED AND THEED AT SAN TRANCISCO, CALITORINA December 7, 2000
17	December 7, 2000
18	SERVICE BY MAIL ON SAID DATE TO ALL PARTIES AS SHOWN ON THE OFFICIAL ADDRESS RECORD EXCEPT LIEN CLAIMANTS.
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